



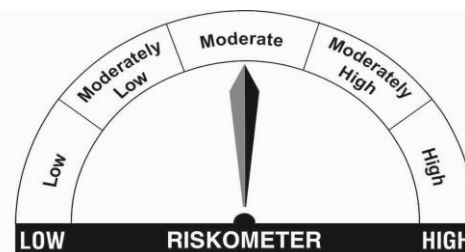
Scheme Information Document

Aditya Birla Sun Life
Fixed Term Plan - Series SO (1099 days)

(A Close ended Income Scheme)

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:

- income with capital growth over long term
- investments in debt and money market securities maturing on or before the tenure of the Scheme

Investors understand that their principal will be at **Moderate** risk

*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt whether the product is suitable for them.

Offer of units of Rs. 10/- each during the New Fund Offer

New Fund Offer Opens On	Thursday, May 09, 2019
New Fund Offer Closes On	Monday, May 20, 2019

The subscription list may be closed earlier by giving at least one day's notice in one daily newspaper. The Trustee reserves the right to extend the closing date of the New Fund Offer Period, subject to the condition that the subscription list of the New Fund Offer Period shall not be kept open for more than 15 days.

Name of Mutual FundAditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund
(ABSLMF)One IndiaBulls Centre, Tower 1, 17th Floor,
Jupiter Mill Compound, 841, Senapati Bapat
Marg, Elphinstone Road, Mumbai 400 013.
Tel. 43568000, Fax No. 43568110/ 8111

Website:

www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com

Name of the Asset Management CompanyAditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited
(ABSLAMC) (formerly known as Birla Sun
Life Asset Management Co Ltd)One IndiaBulls Centre, Tower 1, 17th Floor,
Jupiter Mill Compound, 841, Senapati Bapat
Marg, Elphinstone Road, Mumbai 400 013 Tel.
43568000, Fax No. 43568110/ 8111

CIN: U65991MH1994PLC080811

Name of the Trustee CompanyAditya Birla Sun Life Trustee Private
Limited (ABSLTPL) (formerly known as
Birla Sun Life Trustee Company Pvt Ltd)One IndiaBulls Centre, Tower 1, 17th Floor,
Jupiter Mill Compound, 841, Senapati
Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road, Mumbai
400 013

Tel. 43568000, Fax No. 43568110/ 8111

CIN: U74899MH1994PTC166755

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

Please refer NSE disclaimer Clause overleaf.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres/ Website / Distributors or Brokers. **The Mutual Fund/AMC and its empanelled broker(s) has not given and shall not give any indicative portfolio and indicative yield in any communication, in any manner whatsoever. Investors are advised not to rely on any communication regarding indicative yield/portfolio with regard to the scheme.**

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website

The Scheme Information Document should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated April 23, 2019.

DISCLAIMER OF NSE:

As required, a copy of this Scheme Information Document has been submitted to National Stock Exchange of India Limited (hereinafter referred to as NSE). NSE has given vide its letter NSE/LIST/5080 dated January 24, 2019, permission to the Mutual Fund to use the Exchange's name in this Scheme Information Document as one of the Stock Exchanges on which the Mutual Fund's units are proposed to be listed subject to, the Mutual Fund fulfilling the various criteria for listing. The Exchange has scrutinized this Scheme Information Document for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to the Mutual Fund. It is to be distinctly understood that the aforesaid permission given by NSE should not in any way be deemed or construed that the Scheme Information Document has been cleared or approved by NSE; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this Scheme Information Document; nor does it warrant that the Mutual Fund's units will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of the Mutual Fund, its sponsors, its management or any scheme of the Mutual Fund.

Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquire any units of the Mutual Fund may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription/acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or any other reason whatsoever.

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HIGHLIGHTS OF THE SCHEME

Name of the Scheme	Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series SO (1099 days)																																				
Structure	A Close ended Income Scheme																																				
Investment Objective	The Scheme seeks to generate income by investing in a portfolio of fixed income securities maturing on or before the duration of the scheme. The Scheme does not guarantee/indicate any returns. There can be no assurance that the schemes' objectives will be achieved.																																				
Liquidity	The Scheme will have a duration/tenure of 1099 days from and including the date of allotment. The NAV of the scheme will be announced on every business day. No redemption or repurchase will be permitted prior to maturity of the Scheme however, the scheme will be listed on NSE and/or any other recognized stock exchanges as may be decided by AMC from time to time and the Unitholders who wish to redeem units may do so through Stock Exchange at prevailing listed price on such Stock Exchange.																																				
Flexibility	The Mutual Fund will allow investors the flexibility to switch their investments (subject to minimum application amount under the scheme) from any other scheme(s) / plans managed by Mutual Fund, as per the features of the respective scheme, and / or close ended scheme(s) / plans offered by the Mutual Fund to Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series SO (1099 days) during the New Fund Offer period (subject to completion of lock-in period, if any, of the units of the scheme(s) from where the units are being switched).																																				
Plans/ Options offered	<p>The Scheme will have Regular Plan and Direct Plan** with a common portfolio and separate NAVs. Investors should indicate the Plan for which the subscription is made by indicating the choice in the application form.</p> <p>Each of the above Regular and Direct Plan under the Scheme will have the following Options / Sub-options:</p> <p>(1) Growth Option and (2) Dividend Option (Payout Facility)</p> <p>**DIRECT PLAN:</p> <p>i. Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in a Scheme directly with the Mutual Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor.</p> <p>ii. Eligible investors: All categories of investors (whether existing or new Unitholders) as permitted under the Scheme Information Document of the Scheme are eligible to subscribe under Direct Plan.</p> <p>iii. Modes for applying: Investments under Direct Plan can be made through various modes offered by the Mutual Fund for investing directly with the Mutual Fund [except through Stock Exchange Platforms for Mutual Funds and all other Platform(s) where investors' applications for subscription of units are routed through Distributors].</p> <p>iv. How to apply:</p> <p>a. Investors desirous of subscribing under Direct Plan of a Scheme will have to ensure to indicate "Direct Plan" against the Scheme name in the application form.</p> <p>b. Investors should also indicate "Direct" in the ARN column of the application form.</p>																																				
Default Plan / Option / Sub-option (In case the investor fails to specify his preference, the given default plan / option / sub-option would apply)	<p>Default Option: Growth</p> <p>In case of valid application received without indicating choice between Growth and Dividend Option, the same shall be considered as Growth Option and processed accordingly.</p> <p>Default Plan:</p> <p>Investors are requested to note the following scenarios for the applicability of "Direct Plan or Regular Plan" for valid applications received under the Scheme:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Scenario</th> <th>Broker Code mentioned by the investor</th> <th>Plan mentioned by the investor</th> <th>Default Plan to be captured</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Regular</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Mentioned</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Not Mentioned</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Regular</td> <td>Direct Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>Mentioned</td> <td>Regular</td> <td>Regular Plan</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>Mentioned</td> <td>Not Mentioned</td> <td>Regular Plan</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Scenario	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Plan to be captured	1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan	2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan	3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan	4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan	5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan	6	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan	7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan	8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan
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8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan																																		

	<i>In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load.</i>
Minimum Application Amount	Minimum of Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Rs. 10/- thereafter during the New Fund Offer period.
Transparency / NAV Disclosure	<p>The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV(s) of the scheme not later than 5 (five) Business days from the date of allotment. Thereafter, the NAV will be calculated and disclosed for every Business Day. NAV of the scheme will be calculated up to four decimal places. AMC shall update the NAV on the AMFI website (www.amfiindia.com) and on the website of the Mutual Fund (www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com) by 9.00 pm on the day of declaration of the NAV.</p> <p>In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI in writing. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, Mutual Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAVs. NAV shall also be communicated to stock exchanges where the units of the scheme will be listed.</p> <p>Further the Mutual Fund / AMC will extend facility of sending latest available NAVs of the Scheme to the Unit holders through SMS upon receiving a specific request in this regard. Also, information regarding NAVs can be obtained by the Unit holders / Investors by calling or visiting the nearest ISC.</p> <p>In terms of SEBI regulations, a complete statement of the Scheme portfolio will be sent to all unitholders, within ten days from the close of each month / half-year whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund.</p> <p>The portfolio of the scheme (alongwith ISIN) shall also be disclosed on the website of Mutual Fund (www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format.</p>
Dematerialization	<p>The Unit holders are given an Option to hold the units by way of an Account Statement or in Dematerialized ('Demat') form. Unit holders opting to hold the units in demat form must provide their Demat Account details in the specified section of the application form. The Unit holder intending to hold the units in Demat form are required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) (registered with NSDL / CDSL) and will be required to indicate in the application the DP's name, DP ID Number and the beneficiary account number of the applicant held with the DP at the time of subscribing to the units during the NFO.</p> <p>In case the unit holders do not provide their Demat Account details or provide Incomplete details or the details do not match with the records as per Depository (ies), units shall be allotted in physical (non-demat) form. Such investors will not be able to trade in the stock exchange till their holdings are converted into demat form. For conversion of physical holdings into demat form, the unit holders will have to send the demat requests to their Depository Participants. No redemption/repurchase of units shall be allowed prior to the maturity of the scheme. Unit holders wishing to exit may do so through the Stock Exchange mode.</p>
Transfer of Units	Units held in demat form are transferable in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as amended from time to time.
Benchmark Index	CRISIL Composite Bond Fund Index
Load Structure	<p>Entry Load*: Nil Exit Load: Nil</p> <p>*In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.4/ 168230/09 dated June 30, 2009, no entry load will be charged by the Scheme to the investor effective August 01, 2009. The upfront commission, if any, on investment made by the investor shall be paid by the investor directly to the Distributor, based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the Distributor. No redemption/repurchase of units shall be allowed prior to the maturity of the scheme. Investors wishing to exit may do so through stock exchange mode.</p>

Application Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA)	<p>Investors also have an option to subscribe to the units of the Scheme during the New Fund Offer period under the Applications Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) facility, which would entail blocking of funds in the investor's Bank account, rather than transfer of funds, on the basis of an authorisation given to this effect at the time of submitting the ASBA application form.</p> <p>Investors applying through the ASBA facility should carefully read the applicable provisions before making their application. For further details on ASBA facility, investors are requested to refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).</p>
Transaction Charges (For Lumpsum Purchases routed through distributor/ agent)	<p>In accordance with SEBI circular no. Cir/ IMD/ DF/13/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011, the AMC shall deduct the Transaction Charges on purchase / subscription of Rs.10,000 and above received from first time mutual fund investors and investor other than first time mutual fund investors through the distributor/agent (who have opted-in to receive the transaction charges on basis of type of product) as under:</p> <p>First Time Mutual Fund Investor (across Mutual Funds): Transaction charge of Rs. 150/- for subscription of Rs.10,000/- and above will be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor / agent of the first time investor. The balance of the subscription amount shall be invested and accordingly units allotted.</p> <p>Investor other than First Time Mutual Fund Investor: Transaction charge of Rs.100/- per subscription of Rs.10,000/- and above will be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor/ agent of the investor. The balance of the subscription amount shall be invested and accordingly units allotted.</p> <p>Transaction charges shall not be deducted/applicable for :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Purchases /subscriptions for an amount less than Rs.10,000/-; ○ Transaction other than purchases / subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switches, etc. ○ Transactions carried out through the Stock Exchange Platforms for Mutual Funds. <p>No transaction charges will be deducted for any purchase / subscription made directly with the Fund (i.e. not routed through any distributor/ agent).</p> <p>For further details on transaction charges refer to the section 'Transaction Charges' on page 41.</p>

Investors in the Scheme are not being offered any guaranteed / assured returns.

Investors are advised to consult their Legal / Tax and other Professional Advisors with regard to tax / legal implications relating to their investments in the Scheme and before making decision to invest in or redeem the Units.

Section I – INTRODUCTION

A. RISK FACTORS

STANDARD RISK FACTORS

- Mutual Funds and securities investments are subject to market risks and there can be no assurance or guarantee that the objectives of the Scheme will be achieved.
- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price / value / interest rates of the securities in which the scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the scheme may go up or down depending on the various factors and forces affecting capital markets and money markets.
- Past performance of the Sponsor / AMC / Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the Scheme and may not necessarily provide a basis of comparison with other investments.
- Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan- Series SO (1099 days) is the name of the Scheme and does not, in any manner, indicate either the quality of the Scheme or its future prospects or returns.
- The Sponsors are not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 1,00,000 made by it towards setting up the Fund.
- The present scheme is not a guaranteed or assured return scheme.

SCHEME SPECIFIC RISK FACTORS

RISK FACTORS ASSOCIATED WITH INVESTMENTS IN FIXED INCOME SECURITIES:

- **Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk:** Fixed income securities such as bonds, debentures and money market instruments run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates.
- **Credit Risk:** In simple terms this risk means that the issuer of a debenture/ bond or a money market instrument may default on interest payment or even in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even where no default occurs, the price of a security may go down because the credit rating of an issuer goes down. It must, however, be noted that where the Scheme has invested in Government securities, there is no credit risk to that extent.
- **Liquidity or Marketability Risk:** This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation Yield-to-Maturity (YTM). The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. Liquidity risk is today characteristic of the Indian fixed income market.
- **Reinvestment Risk:** Investments in fixed income securities may carry reinvestment risk as interest rates prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.
- **Pre-payment Risk:** Certain fixed income securities give an issuer the right to call back its securities before their maturity date, in periods of declining interest rates. The possibility of such prepayment may force the fund to reinvest the proceeds of such investments in securities offering lower yields, resulting in lower interest income for the fund.
- **Concentration Risk:** The Scheme portfolio may have higher exposure to a single sector, subject to maximum of 25% of net assets as specified in this SID, depending upon availability of issuances in the market at the time of investment, resulting in higher concentration risk. Any change in government policy / business environment relevant to the sector may have an adverse impact on the portfolio.
- Different types of securities in which the scheme would invest as given in the Scheme Information Document carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. E.g. corporate bonds carry a higher amount of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds, which are AA rated, are comparatively more risky than bonds, which are AAA rated.

RISKS FACTORS ASSOCIATED WITH INVESTMENTS IN SECURITISED DEBT:

Domestic securitised debt assets would be in the nature of Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and Asset Backed Securities (ABS) with underlying pool of assets and receivables like Housing Loans, Auto loans and corporate loans. The Securitised Debt assets and the underlying asset classes like housing loans, Auto Loans and Corporate loans have the following risk factors.

- **Limited Recourse and Credit Risk:** Certificates issued on investment in securitised debt represent a beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and there is no obligation on the issuer, seller or the originator in that regard. Defaults on the underlying loan can adversely affect the pay outs to the investors (i.e. the Scheme) and thereby, adversely affect the NAV of the Scheme. While it is possible to repossess and sell the underlying asset, various factors can delay or prevent repossession and the price obtained on sale of such assets may be low.
- **Bankruptcy Risk:** If the originator of securitised debt instruments in which the Scheme invests is subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in such proceedings concludes that the sale of the assets from originator to the trust was not a 'true sale', then the Scheme could experience losses or delays in the payments due. Normally, care is taken in structuring the securitization transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to the trust not being construed as a 'true sale'.
- **Risk of Co-mingling:** Servicers in a securitization transaction normally deposit all payments received from the obligors into a collection account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a servicer and depositing the same into the collection account. In this interim period, collections from the loan agreements by the servicer may not be segregated from other funds of the servicer. If the servicer fails to remit such funds due to investors, investors in the Scheme may be exposed to a potential loss.

Risks associated with Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) - Housing Loans

- **Prepayment Risk:** The fund may receive payment of monthly payouts earlier than scheduled. Prepayments shorten the life of the instrument to an extent that cannot be fully predicted. The rate of prepayments may be influenced by a variety of economic, social and other factors.
- **Credit Risk:** Delinquencies may happen which would reduce the principal amount. Typically MBS structures come with credit enhancement in variety of forms. If delinquencies are higher than the amount available in the credit enhancement facility than the monthly payouts to the fund would reduce. Historically, it has been observed that housing loans have lower default rates as compared to other forms of credit.

- **Liquidity Risk:** Historically the secondary market volume of securitised papers has been limited. This could limit the ability of the fund to resell them. Secondary market trades could be at a discount or premium depending upon the prevailing interest rates.
- **Conversion risk:** Conversion of loans from fixed rate to floating rate loans and vice versa could lead to a change in the expected cash flows from the loans.

Risks associated with Asset Backed Securities (ABS)-Auto Loans.

- **Prepayment Risk:** The fund may receive payment of monthly payouts earlier than scheduled. Prepayments shorten the life of the instrument to an extent that cannot be fully predicted. The rate of prepayments may be influenced by a variety of economic, social and other factors. Prepayments in auto loans is lower than housing loans as the shorter tenor of auto loans makes it economically unattractive to prepay after considering the prepayment charges.
- **Credit Risk:** Delinquencies may happen which would reduce the principal amount. Typically ABS structures come with credit enhancement in variety of forms. If delinquencies are higher than the amount available in the credit enhancement facility than the monthly payouts to the fund would reduce. Typically auto loans carry higher risk than MBS as the value retention of the underlying asset is higher in MBS as compared to the underlying asset of ABS.
- **Liquidity Risk:** Historically the secondary market volume of securitised papers has been limited. This could limit the ability of the fund to resell them. Secondary market trades could be at a discount or premium depending upon the prevailing interest rates.
- **Conversion risk:** Conversion of loans from fixed rate to floating rate loans and vice versa could lead to a change in the expected cash flows from the loans.

Risks associated with Asset Backed Securities (ABS) - Corporate Loans

- **Credit Risk:** The fund has an exposure to the Borrower/Borrowers and servicing of the instrument depends on the credit risk of the Borrower. The value of the instrument would fluctuate depending upon the changes in the perceived level of credit risk as well as any actual default.
- **Prepayment Risk:** The Borrower may prepay the receivables prior to their respective due dates. This may result in a change in the yield and tenor for the fund.
- **Limited Liquidity and Price Risk:** Historically the secondary market volume of securitised papers has been limited. This could limit the ability of the fund to resell them. Secondary market trades could be at a discount or premium depending upon the prevailing interest rates.

RISK FACTORS ASSOCIATED WITH LISTING OF UNITS:

- Listing of units of the scheme on stock exchange(s) does not necessarily guarantee liquidity and there can be no assurance that an active secondary market for the units will develop or be maintained.
- Trading in the units of the Scheme on the Exchange may be halted because of market conditions, including any halt in the operations of Depository Participants or for reasons that in view of the Exchange Authorities or SEBI, trading in the units is suspended and / or restricted. In addition, trading in units is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant to stock exchange rules of 'circuit filter'. There can be no assurance that the requirements of Stock Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of units of scheme will continue to be met or will remain unchanged
- Further, the Scheme being a close ended scheme and listed on stock exchange, as per SEBI guidelines, no redemption / repurchase / switches of units will be allowed prior to maturity under the scheme. The investors wishing to redeem their units may do so through stock exchange mode.
- The Units of the scheme may trade above or below their face value / NAV. The NAV of the scheme will fluctuate with changes in the market value of schemes holdings. The trading prices of units of the scheme will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAV as well as market supply and demand which may even lead the units to quote at significant premium or discount to NAV.
- There is a possibility that the unitholders find it difficult or uneconomical to liquidate their investments at any particular time. As a result, investors in the scheme must be prepared to hold the units until the maturity under the Scheme.
- Regulatory Risk: Any changes in trading regulations by the Stock Exchange or SEBI, inter alia, may also result in wider premium/ discount to the NAV of the Scheme. Although the Units are proposed to be listed on the Stock Exchange, the AMC and the Trustees will not be liable for any loss suffered by investors due to delay in listing of units of the Scheme on the Stock Exchange or due to connectivity problems with the depositories due to the occurrence of any event beyond their control.
- As the units of the scheme may be held in electronic (demat) mode through depositories, the records of the depository shall be final with respect to the number of units available to the credit of unitholder. Settlement of trades, redemption/dividend payment, in lieu of such units held in electronic (demat) form, by the Mutual Fund will depend upon the confirmations to be received from depository(ies) on which the Mutual Fund has no control.

RISK FACTORS ASSOCIATED WITH CLOSE ENDED SCHEME:

- A close ended Scheme endeavours to achieve the capital appreciation only at the scheduled maturity of the Scheme. However, there is no assurance that the said objective will be achieved at the scheduled maturity of the scheme and there is a risk that the capital invested may not be fully realisable upon maturity of the scheme.
- The scheme being close ended in nature does not allow redemption during the tenor of the scheme. Redemptions shall happen only at the time of maturity of the scheme, and hence returns generated by the scheme may be affected if the underlying markets are at unfavourable level at the time of maturity of the scheme.
- Investors who wish to exit/redeem before the scheduled maturity date may do so through the stock exchange mode. For the Units listed on the exchange, it is possible that the market price at which the Units are traded may be at a discount to the NAV of such Units. Hence, Unit Holders who sell their Units in a Scheme prior to maturity may not get the NAV returns.

B. RISK CONTROL STRATEGIES

Investments made by the scheme would be in accordance with the investment objectives of the scheme and provisions of SEBI (MF) Regulations. Since investing requires disciplined risk management, the AMC would incorporate adequate safeguards for controlling risks in the portfolio construction process. The risk control process involves reducing risks through portfolio diversification, taking care however not to dilute returns in the process. The AMC believes that this diversification would help achieve the desired level of consistency in returns. The AMC aims to identify securities, which offer superior levels of yield at lower levels of risks. With the aim of controlling risks, rigorous in-depth credit evaluation of the securities proposed to be invested in will be carried out by the investment team of the AMC.

Credit Risk

Every investment in Debt and Money Market Instruments of any issuer would be made in accordance with Credit policy as defined and established by AMC from time to time. The Credit Policy, which is reviewed and monitored on a regular basis by Investment Committee, inter alia, enumerates issuer selection process, the various parameters to be considered for setting up credit exposure limits and Credit authorisation matrix for such limits, credit monitoring process etc.

The following parameters shall be considered for selection:

- The exposure to a counter party is based on the networth of the counterparty. The fund manager would do a risk assessment of the issuer before making the investments. Further, continuous monitoring of the networth of the company is done. The risk assessment by the fund manager includes the monitoring of the following:
 - Capital Structure
 - Debt Service coverage ratio
 - Interest coverage
 - Profitability margin
 - Current ratio
- The fund managers determine the sector to which the counter party relates. The fund managers assign risk weightages to sectors and shall not invest in sectors which carry a high credit risk. The risk weightages are based upon various factors like the nature of products/services of the sector, current state and future outlook for the sector, subsidies provided to the sector and government regulations for the sector.
- The fund manager shall also check the track record of the company in terms of its financials and any defaults to its creditors.
- The fund managers shall consider the track record of the sponsor/ parent of the counterparty. It includes the financials of the sponsor/ parent company and whether the parent/sponsor has defaulted in the past.
- The fund manager can also have a call with the Management of the company as a part of its research of the company.
- The fund manager will also check for Credit Default Swaps spreads of the company in global market, if any available.

The above parameters are dependent upon the information available at the time of due diligence. The fund manager shall endeavour to include all these parameters but investors should note that these parameters are indicative and can change from time to time at the discretion of the fund manager.

Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk

The fund will invest in a basket of debt and money market securities maturing on or before maturity of the fund with a view to hold them till the maturity of the fund. While the interim NAV will fluctuate in response to changes in interest rates, the final NAV will be more stable. To that extent the interest rate risk will be mitigated at the maturity of the scheme.

Reinvestment Risk

Reinvestment risks will be limited to the extent of coupons received on debt instruments, which will be a very small portion of the portfolio value.

Concentration Risk

The Fund Manager shall endeavor to mitigate the risk by taking exposure to high rated instruments and locking in at the point of investment to such issuance yields.

While these measures are expected to mitigate the above risks to a large extent, there can be no assurance that these risks would be completely eliminated.

C. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The Scheme shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme. These conditions will be complied with immediately after the close of the NFO itself i.e. at the time of allotment. In case of non-fulfillment with the condition of minimum 20 investors, the Scheme shall be wound up in accordance with Regulation 39 (2) (c) of SEBI (MF) Regulations automatically without any reference from SEBI. In case of non-fulfillment with the condition of 25% holding by a single investor on the date of allotment, the application to the extent of exposure in excess of the stipulated 25% limit would be liable to be rejected and the allotment would be effective only to the extent of 25% of the corpus collected. Consequently, such exposure over 25% limits will lead to refund within 5 Business days of the date of closure of the New Fund Offer.

D. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Changes in Government Policy in general and changes in tax benefits applicable to mutual funds may impact the returns to investors in the Scheme. As is the case with any investment, there can be no guarantee that the tax position or the proposed tax position prevailing at the time of an investment in the Scheme will endure indefinitely. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each unit holder is advised to consult his / her own professional tax advisor.
- The NAV of the scheme may be affected by changes in the general market conditions, factors and forces affecting capital market in particular, level of interest rates, various market related factors, settlement periods and transfer procedures.
- Mutual Funds are vehicles of securities investments that are subject to market and other risks and there can be no guarantee against loss resulting from investing in the Scheme. The various factors that impact the value of the Scheme' investments include, but are not restricted to, fluctuations in the bond markets, fluctuations in interest rates, prevailing political and economic environment, changes in government policy, factors specific to the issuer of the securities, tax laws, liquidity of the underlying instruments, settlement periods, trading volumes etc.
- The Trustee, AMC, Mutual Fund, their directors or their employees shall not be liable for any of the tax consequences that may arise, in the event that the Scheme is wound up for the reasons and in the manner provided in Statement of Additional Information (SAI) / Scheme Information Document.
- The Product labeling mandated by SEBI is to provide investors an easy understanding of the risk involved in the kind of product /scheme they are investing to meet their financial goals. The Riskometer categorizes the scheme of Fund under different levels of risk based on the scheme's investment objective, asset allocation pattern, investment strategy and typical investment time horizon of investors. Investors are advised before investing to evaluate a scheme not only on the basis of the Product labeling (including the Riskometer) but also on other quantitative and qualitative factors such as performance, portfolio, fund managers, asset manager, etc. and shall also consult their financial advisers, if they are unsure about the suitability of the scheme before investing.
- Redemptions due to change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme or due to any other reasons may entail tax consequences. The Trustees, the Mutual Fund, the AMC, their directors or their employees shall not be liable for any tax consequences that may arise.
- There is no guarantee or assurance on the frequency or quantum of dividends, which shall be subject to availability of distributable surplus.
- Growth, appreciation, dividend, bonus, income, etc if any, referred to in this Document are subject to the tax laws and other fiscal enactments as they exist from time to time.
- In respect of transaction in Units of the Scheme through Stock Exchange Platform for Mutual Funds, allotment and redemption of Units on any Business Day will depend upon the order processing/ settlement by respective stock exchanges and their respective clearing corporations on which the Fund has no control. Moreover, transactions conducted through the Stock Exchange Platform shall be governed by the guidelines and directives issued by respective recognised stock exchange(s).
- Investors should study this Scheme Information Document carefully in its entirety and should not construe the contents hereof as advice relating to legal, taxation, investment or any other matters. Investors may, if they wish, consult their legal, tax, investment and other professional advisors to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other considerations of subscribing to or redeeming Units, before making a decision to invest/redeem Units. Investors who intend to invest in the Scheme are required to and deemed to have understood the risk factors associated with the scheme.
- The AMC and its Registrar reserve the right to disclose/share investors' personal information with the following third parties:

1. Registrar, Banks and / or authorised external third parties who are involved in transaction processing, dispatches, etc., of investors' investment in the Scheme;
 2. Distributors or Sub-brokers through whom applications of investors are received for the Scheme; or
 3. Any other organisations for compliance with any legal or regulatory requirements or to verify the identity of investors for complying with anti-money laundering requirements. Account statements or financial information pertaining to the investor, if it is to be sent over the internet to the Unitholder, distributors or any other entity as indicated above, will be sent only through a secure means and /or through encrypted electronic mail.
- The Mutual Fund may disclose details of the investor's account and transactions there under to those intermediaries whose stamp appears on the application form. In addition, the Mutual Fund may disclose such details to the bankers / its agents, as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting payments to the investor. Further, the Mutual Fund may disclose details of the investor's account and transactions thereunder to any Regulatory/Statutory entities as per the provisions of law.
 - Neither this Document nor the Units have been registered in any jurisdiction. The distribution of this Document in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or totally prohibited due to registration requirements and accordingly, persons who come into possession of this Document are required to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions and or legal compliance requirements.
 - No person has been authorized to issue any advertisement or to give any information or to make any representations other than that contained in this Document. Circulars in connection with this offering not authorized by the Mutual Fund and any information or representations not contained herein must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Mutual Fund.

E. DEFINITIONS

In this Scheme Information Document, the following words and expressions shall have the meaning specified herein, unless the context otherwise requires:

“AMC” or “Asset Management Company or “Investment Manager”	Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited, incorporated under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 and approved by the Securities and Exchange Board of India to act as the Asset Management Company for the scheme(s) of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund.
“Applicable NAV”	The NAV applicable for purchase or redemption or switching on the date of maturity.
“Applications Supported by Blocked Amount” or “ASBA”	ASBA is an application containing an authorization given by the Investor to block the application money in his specified bank account towards the subscription of Units offered during the NFO of the Scheme. If an investor is applying through ASBA facility, the application money towards the subscription of Units shall be debited from his specified bank account only if his/her application is selected for allotment of Units.
“Beneficial owner”	As defined in the Depositories Act 1996 (22 of 1996) means a person whose name is recorded as such with a depository.
“Business Day”	A day other than: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Saturday and Sunday or – A day on which the banks in Mumbai and / RBI are closed for business / clearing or – A day on which the Stock Exchange, Mumbai is closed or – A day, which is a public and /or bank holiday at an Investor Service Centre where the application is received or – A day on which Sale and Repurchase of Units is suspended by the AMC or – A day on which normal business cannot be transacted due to storms, floods, bandhs, strikes or such other events as the AMC may specify from time to time. The AMC reserves the right to declare any day as a Business Day or otherwise at any or all Investor Service Centres.
“Consolidated Account Statement” or “CAS”	Consolidated Account Statement is a statement containing details relating to all the transactions across all mutual funds viz. purchase, redemption, switch, dividend payout, dividend reinvestment, Systematic Investment Plan, Systematic Withdrawal Plan, Systematic Transfer Plan and bonus transactions, etc.
“Custodian”	A person who has been granted a certificate of registration to carry on the business of custodian of securities under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Custodian of Securities) Regulations 1996, which for the time being is Citibank NA.

“Depository”	Depository as defined in the Depositories Act, 1996 (22 of 1996) and in this SID refers to the National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).
“Depository Participants”	Depository Participant (DP) means a person registered as such under sub-section (1A) of section 12 of the SEBI Act, 1992.
“Distributor”	Such persons/firms/ companies/ corporates who fulfill the criteria laid down by SEBI / AMFI from time to time and empanelled by the AMC to distribute / sell /market the schemes of the Fund.
“Entry Load” or “Sales Load”	Load on Sale / Switch in of Units.
“Exit Load” or “Redemption Load”	Load on Redemption / Switch out Units.
“Foreign Portfolio Investor” or “FPI”	Means a person who satisfies the eligibility criteria prescribed under regulation 4 of SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014 and has been registered under Chapter II of these regulations, which shall be deemed to be an intermediary in terms of the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992. Provided that any foreign institutional investor or qualified foreign investor who holds a valid certificate of registration shall be deemed to be a foreign portfolio investor till the expiry of the block of three years for which fees have been paid as per the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations, 1995.
“Floating Rate Instruments”	Floating rate instruments are debt / money market instruments issued by Central / State Governments, with interest rates that are reset periodically. The periodicity of interest reset could be daily, monthly, annually or any other periodicity that may be mutually agreed between the issuer and the Fund.
“Fund Manager”	Person/s managing the scheme.
“Gilt or Government Securities”	Securities created and issued by the Central Government and/or a State Government (including Treasury Bills) or Government Securities as defined in the Public Debt Act, 1944, as amended or re-enacted from time to time.
“Investment Management Agreement”	The agreement dated December 16, 1994 entered into between Aditya Birla Sun Life Trustee Private Limited and Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited, as amended from time to time.
“Investor Service Centres” or “ISCs” or “Official Points of acceptance of transactions”	Designated branches of Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Ltd. or such other enters / offices as may be designated by the AMC from time to time. All these locations are official points of acceptance of transactions and cut-off time as mentioned in the Scheme Information Document shall be reckoned at these official points.
“Load”	In the case of Repurchase / Redemption / Switch out of a Unit, the sum of money deducted from the Applicable NAV on the Repurchase / Redemption / Switch out and in the case of Sale / Switch in of a Unit, a sum of money to be paid by the prospective investor on the Sale / Switch in of a Unit in addition to the Applicable NAV.
“Money Market Instruments”	Commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity upto one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, Tri-party Repo and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
“Mutual Fund” or “the Fund”	Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund, a trust set up under the provisions of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882.
“NAV”	Net Asset Value per Unit of the Scheme, calculated in the manner described in this Scheme Information Document or as may be prescribed by the SEBI Regulations from time to time.
“New Fund Offer (NFO)”	Offer of units of Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series SO (1099 days) during the New Fund Offer.
“NRI”	A Non-Resident Indian or a person of Indian origin residing outside India.
“Overseas Citizen of India” or “OCI”	A person registered as an overseas citizen of India by the Central Government under section 7A of ‘The Citizenship Act, 1955’. The Central Government may register as

	an OCI a foreign national (except a person who is or had been a citizen of Pakistan or Bangladesh or such other person as may be specified by Central Government by notification in the Official Gazette), who was eligible to become a citizen of India on 26.01.1950 or was a citizen of India on or at any time after 26.01.1950 or belonged to a territory that became part of India after 15.08.1947 and his/her children and grandchildren (including Minor children), provided his/her country of citizenship allows dual citizenship in some form or other under the local laws.
“Person of Indian Origin” or “PIO”	A citizen of any country other than Bangladesh or Pakistan, if (a) he at any time held an Indian passport; or (b) he or either of his parents or any of his grandparents was a citizen of India by virtue of the Constitution of India or the Citizenship Act, 1955 (57 of 1955); or (c) the person is a spouse of an Indian citizen or a person referred to in sub-clause (a) or (b).
“RBI”	Reserve Bank of India, established under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
“Recognised Stock Exchange”	Stock exchanges recognized by SEBI.
“Register of Unitholders”	Register of unitholders for the purposes of dividend declaration and/or distribution of maturity proceeds, as applicable, shall mean the Statement of Beneficiary Position as may be received from the Depositories on the record date and the records of unitholders maintained by the Registrar and Transfer Agent in case of units not held in electronic (demat) form.
“Registrar and Transfer Agent”	Computer Age Management Services Pvt. Ltd (CAMS) is currently acting as registrar to the Scheme, or any other registrar appointed by the AMC from time to time.
“Repurchase / Redemption”	Repurchase / Redemption of Units of the Scheme as permitted.
“Sale / Subscription”	Sale or allotment of Units to the Unit holder upon subscription by the investor / applicant under the Scheme.
“Scheme Information Document” or “SID”	This document issued by Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund, inviting offer for subscription to the units of the scheme for subscription.
“SEBI”	Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.
“SEBI Regulations” or “Regulations”	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, as amended from time to time.
“Self-Certified Syndicate Bank” or “SCSB”	Means a banker to an issue registered with the SEBI, which offers the facility of ASBA.
Single Consolidated Account Statement “SCAS”	Single Consolidated Account Statement sent by Depositories is a statement containing details relating to all financial transactions made by an investor across all mutual funds viz. purchase, redemption, switch, dividend payout, dividend reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan, systematic transfer plan, bonus etc. (including transaction charges paid to the distributors) and transaction in dematerialised securities across demat accounts of the investors and holding at the end of the month.
“Statement of Additional Information” or “SAI”	The document issued by Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund containing details of Mutual Fund, its constitution, and certain tax, legal and general information. It is incorporated by reference & is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document.
“Stock Exchange Platform for Mutual Funds”	Mutual Fund Service System (MFSS) of NSE and/or Bombay Stock Exchange Platform for Allotment and Redemption of Mutual Fund units (BSE StAR MF) of BSE. The transactions carried out on the above platform(s) shall be subject to such guidelines as may be issued by the respective stock exchanges and also SEBI (MF) Regulations and circulars/guidelines issued thereunder from time to time.
“Switch”	Redemption of a unit in any scheme of the Mutual Fund against purchase of a unit in another scheme (including the plans therein) of the Mutual Fund, subject to completion of lock-in period, if any, of the units of the scheme(s) from where the units are being switched and applicable load structure.
“The Scheme”	Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan – Series SO (1099 days)

“Tri-party Repo”	Tri-party repo is a type of repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction.
“Trustee”	Aditya Birla Sun Life Trustee Private Ltd. incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and approved by SEBI to act as Trustee to the schemes of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund (ABSLMF).
“Trust Deed”	The Trust Deed dated December 16, 1994 (read with all amendments and supplemental trust deeds thereto) made by and between the Sponsor and Aditya Birla Sun Life Trustee Private Limited (“Trustee”), thereby establishing an irrevocable trust, called Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund as amended from time to time.
“Unit”	The interest of the Unit holder, which consists of, each Unit representing one undivided share in the assets of the Scheme.
“Unit holder”	A person holding Units in the Scheme of the Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund (ABSLMF) offered under this Scheme Information Document.

Interpretation

For all purposes of this Scheme Information Document, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires, the terms defined in this Scheme Information Document include the plural as well as the singular. Pronouns having a masculine or feminine gender shall be deemed to include the other. Words and expressions used herein but not defined herein shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them therein under the SEBI Act or the SEBI Regulations.

F. DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

The Asset Management Company confirms that a Due Diligence Certificate duly signed by the Compliance Officer of Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited, has been submitted to SEBI on January 29, 2019 which reads as follows:

Due Diligence Certificate

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document forwarded to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the proposed scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.

PLACE: Mumbai
DATE: January 29, 2019

Sd/-
Hemanti Wadhwa
Compliance Officer

Section II – INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. TYPE OF THE SCHEME

Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan- Series SO (1099 days) is a Close ended Income Scheme.

B. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The scheme seeks to generate income by investing in a portfolio of fixed income securities maturing on or before the duration of the scheme.

The Scheme does not guarantee/indicate any returns. There can be no assurance that the schemes' objectives will be achieved.

C. ASSET ALLOCATION AND INVESTMENT PATTERN

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation of the Scheme will be as follows:

Instrument	Risk Profile	Normal Allocation (% of total Assets)
Debt Securities including Government Securities (excluding Money Market Instruments)	Low to medium	80-100%
Money Market instruments	Low to medium	0-20%

The Scheme shall invest only in such securities which mature on or before the date of the maturity of the scheme. In case of securities with put options, the maturity shall be reckoned with respect to the final maturity date and not the "put option" date.

The Scheme shall not invest in Foreign Securities, Credit Default Swaps, Repo in Corporate Debt Securities, and/or derivative instruments.

The Scheme may invest in securitized debt instruments upto 75% of the corpus.

The Scheme shall not engage in securities lending/short selling activities.

Change in Asset Allocation

Subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above can vary depending upon the perception of the ABSLAMC, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the unit holders. Such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and defensive considerations.

In the event of the any deviations from the asset allocation table above, the Fund Manager shall rebalance the portfolio within **30 days** from the date of said deviation to bring it in line with the asset allocation pattern as indicated above.

In case the rebalancing is not done within the specified period, justification for the same shall be provided to the Investment Committee and the reason for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment Committee shall then decide on the course of action.

OTHER DISCLOSURES FOR CLOSE ENDED DEBT ORIENTED SCHEMES:

1. Credit Evaluation Policy

From credit evaluation perspective, each company is internally appraised by focusing on three parameters i.e.

1. Business Fundamentals: It includes understanding of competitive position and competitor analysis on key parameters, strategies for growth, technical and marketing skill set, manufacturing process, productivity details and future expansion plans.
2. Financial Analysis: It includes analysis of Balance sheet, Profit and Loss account, and cash flow statement. Ratio analysis for the past years including quarterly / half yearly results analysis wherever available. Different set of ratios are analysed for Corporates, banks, NBFCs, etc.

3. Management Track record of the Investee Company: It includes assessment of management quality, reviewing promoter background and track record, performance of group companies and possibility of group support, internal control systems, succession plans & repayment track record including that of other companies in the group.

Typically, an interaction with the company management is also sought prior to setting up of issuer limits. For structured obligations, in addition to the above, the evaluation also covers originator analysis, collateral analysis, structure analysis and embedded risk analysis.

A Detailed analysis is carried out to understand the business model of the investee company and its financial position before deciding to invest.

All Research is carried out by the internal team and approved as per our authorisation matrix.

2. Sectors in which the Scheme shall not invest

The scheme shall not invest in securities of Airlines & Gem and jewellery sector.

The scheme shall not have exposure in fixed income securities in excess of 25% of net assets in any sector as per sectoral classification as prescribed by AMFI. Provided that an additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 25%) not exceeding 15% of the net assets of the scheme shall be allowed by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) only. Provided further that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment / exposure in HFCs shall not exceed 25% of the net assets of the scheme.

Further provided that the above sectoral limit is not applicable for:

- i. AAA rated instruments of PSU Banks and AAA rated instruments of Public Financial Institutions (PFIs).
- ii. Tri-party Repo.
- iii. Bank Certificate of Deposits.
- iv. Government of India securities.
- v. Treasury Bills
- vi. Short Term deposits of scheduled commercial banks

3. **Type of instruments which the scheme propose to invest in:** Please refer Section 'D. Investment by Scheme' given below for further details.

4. **Floors and Ceiling within a range of 5% of the intended allocation (in %) against each sub asset class / credit rating:**

(The scheme shall invest in various securities/instruments as mentioned below with the ratings mentioned against the type of instrument. As per SEBI circular Cir/IMD/DF/12/2011 dated August 01, 2011, the scheme is allowed to invest within a range of 5% of the intended allocation (floor and cap) against each sub asset class/credit rating.

Intended Portfolio Allocation:

Instruments	Credit Rating					
	A1	AAA	AA	A	BBB	Not Applicable
CDs	0%-5%	-	-	-	-	-
CPs	0%-5%	-	-	-	-	-
NCDs	-	95%-100%	-	-	-	-
Government Securities	-	-	-	-	-	0%-5%
Treasury Bills/ Tri-party Repo / Reverse Repos / Liquid Schemes	-	-	-	-	-	0%-5%

Note:

- i. Securities with rating A and AA shall include A+ and A- & AA+ and AA-, respectively. Similarly, securities with A1 rating shall include A1+ and BBB rating shall include BBB+ and BBB-.
- ii. All investments shall be made based on rating prevalent at the time of investment. Where any paper is having dual rating (rated differently by more than one rating agency) then for the purpose of meeting intended range the most conservative publicly available rating would be considered e.g. if the paper is rated AAA by one rating agency and AA by the other, then, the paper will be treated as AA rated paper for complying with intended portfolio range.
- iii. There can be positive variation in the range w.r.t rating i.e. scheme may invest in papers of higher rating in the same instrument than indicated.
- iv. In case of non-availability of and taking into account the risk-reward analysis of CPs/NCDs; the scheme may invest in Bank CDs having highest ratings (i.e. A1+ or equivalent) or T-Bills /Tri-party Repo. Such deviation may continue till maturity of the scheme, if suitable NCDs/CPs of desired credit quality are not available.
- v. At the time of building the portfolio post NFO and towards the maturity under the scheme, there may be a higher allocation to cash and cash equivalents.

- vi. Further, the above allocation may vary during the duration of the Scheme. Some of these instances are: (i) coupon inflow; (ii) the instrument is called or bought back by the issuer (iii) in anticipation of any adverse credit event etc. In case of such deviations, the Scheme may invest in Bank CDs having highest ratings (i.e. A1+ or equivalent) / Tri-party Repo / T-Bills / Repo & Reverse repo in Government Securities. Deviation, if any, due to such instances, may continue till maturity, if suitable NCDs / CPs of desired credit quality are not available.
- vii. **Change in Asset Allocation:** Further, in the event of any deviations below the minimum limits or beyond the maximum limits as specified in the above table and subject to the notes mentioned herein, the Fund Manager shall rebalance the portfolio within 30 days from the date of said deviation (provided such deviation is not too close to maturity of the scheme) Accordingly, investors should note that there will not be any variation between the intended portfolio allocation and the final portfolio allocation apart from the exceptions as mentioned under clauses (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi) above.
- viii. The Scheme shall invest in unrated debt instruments up to 10%. For this purpose, unrated debt securities shall exclude instruments such as Tri-party Repo, Reverse Repo, short term deposit to which rating is not applicable.
5. **Reporting:** After the closure of NFO, the AMC will report in the next meeting of AMC/ Trustees, the publicized percentage allocation and the final portfolio.

D. INVESTMENT BY SCHEME

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested in debt and money market instruments. Subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:

1. Securities created and issued by Governments of India and/or reverse repos in such Government Securities/Treasury Bills as may be permitted by RBI.
2. Securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
3. Fixed Income Securities of domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee.
4. Corporate debt and securities (of both public and private sector undertakings) including Bonds, Debentures, Notes, Strips etc.
5. Money market instruments includes commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity upto one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, Tri-party Repo and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
6. Certificate of Deposits (CDs).
7. Commercial Paper (CPs).
8. The non-convertible part of convertible securities.
9. Any other domestic fixed income securities as may be permitted by RBI/SEBI from time to time.

The securities mentioned above could be listed or unlisted, secured or unsecured, and of varying maturity, as enabled under SEBI Regulations/ circulars/ RBI. The securities may be acquired through Initial Public Offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offers or negotiated deals.

Debt and Money Markets in India

The instruments available in Indian Debt Market are classified into two categories, namely Government and Non - Government debt. The following instruments are available in these categories:

A] Government Debt

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| • Central Government Debt | • Zero Coupon Bonds |
| • Treasury Bills | • State Government Debt |
| • Dated Government Securities | • State Government Loans |
| • Coupon Bearing Bonds | • Coupon Bearing Bonds |
| • Floating Rate Bonds | |

B] Non-Government Debt

- | | |
|--|--|
| • Instruments issued by Government Agencies and other Statutory Bodies | • Instruments issued by Banks and Development Financial institutions |
| • Government Guaranteed Bonds | • Certificates of Deposit |
| • PSU Bonds | • Promissory Notes |
| • Instruments issued by Public Sector Undertakings | • Commercial Paper |
| • Instruments issued by Corporate Bodies | • Non-Convertible Debentures |
| • Fixed Coupon Bonds | • Fixed Coupon Debentures |
| • Floating Rate Bonds | • Floating Rate Debentures |
| • Zero Coupon Bonds | • Zero Coupon Debentures |

Activity in the Primary and Secondary Market is dominated by Central Government Securities including Treasury Bills. These instruments comprise close to 50% of all outstanding debt and close to 75% of the daily trading volume on the Wholesale Debt Market Segment of the National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

In the money market, activity levels of the Government and Non-Government Debt vary from time to time. Instruments that comprise a major portion of money market activity include but are not limited to,

- Tri-party Repo.
- Treasury Bills
- Government Securities with a residual maturity of < 1 year
- Commercial Paper
- Certificates of Deposit
- Banks Rediscounting Scheme (BRDS)

Apart from these, there are some other options available for short tenure investments that include MIBOR linked debentures with periodic exit options and other such instruments. PSU / DFI / Corporate paper with a residual maturity of < 1 year, are actively traded and offer a viable investment option.

The following table gives approximate yields prevailing on April 12, 2019 on some instruments. These yields are indicative and do not indicate yields that may be obtained in future as interest rates keep changing consequent to changes in the macro economic conditions and RBI Policies.

Instrument	Yield Range (% per annum)
Interbank Call Money	5.90-6.00
91 Day Treasury Bill	6.25-6.30
182 Day Treasury Bill	6.30-6.35
A1 + Commercial Paper 90 Days	7.50-7.60
5 Year Government of India Security	7.15-7.17
10 Year Government of India Security	7.49-7.50
1 Year Corporate AAA	7.60-7.65
3 Year Corporate AAA	7.70-7.75

Source: Bloomberg

Generally, for instruments issued by a non-Government entity (corporate/PSU bonds), the yield is higher than the yield on a Government Security with corresponding maturity. The difference, known as credit spread, depends on various factors including the credit rating of the entity.

Additional disclosures with respect to Investments in Securitised Debt:

1. How the risk profile of securitized debt fits into the risk appetite of the scheme

Securitized Debt is a financial instrument (bond) whose interest and principal payments are backed by an underlying cash flow from another asset. The asset may be either a loan to a single counterparty or a pool of loans. The Scheme aim to invest in a portfolio of corporate debt securities maturing on or before the maturity of the Scheme. In this scheme the Fund manager ensures that the Scheme maturity matches the maturity of the underlying securities and as securitised debt instruments are relatively illiquid the fund manager buys these with the view to hold them till maturity. Thus, In line with the investment strategy of the Scheme and considering that there would be no intermediate redemption pressures for the Fund Manager, the Scheme may take exposure to rated Securitized Debt. Credit assessment of the underlying asset or loans is done to evaluate if it meets internal norms set by the AMC.

Investment in these instruments will help the Scheme in aiming at reasonable returns. These returns come with a certain degree of risks which are covered separately in the Scheme Information Document. Accordingly, the risk profile of the securitised debt instruments matches that of the prospective investors of this Scheme and hence can be considered in the fund universe.

2. Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc.

A securitization transaction involves sale of receivables by the originator (a bank, non-banking finance company, housing finance company, or a manufacturing/service company) to a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV), typically set up in the form of a trust. Investors are issued rated Pass Through Certificates (PTCs), the proceeds of which are paid as consideration to the originator. In this manner, the originator, by selling his loan receivables to an SPV, receives consideration from investors much before the maturity of the underlying loans. Investors are paid from the collections of the underlying loans from borrowers. Typically, the transaction is provided with a limited amount of credit enhancement (as stipulated by the rating agency for a target rating), which provides protection to investors against defaults by the underlying borrowers.

The scheme will invest in instruments of the originator only if the originator has an investment grade rating. Over and above the credit rating assigned by credit rating agencies to the originator, ABSLMF will conduct an additional evaluation on

- Previous track record on origination, servicing and performance of existing pools

- Willingness to pay, through credit enhancement facilities etc.
- Ability to pay
- Business risk assessment, wherein following factors are considered:
 - Outlook for the economy (domestic and global)
 - Outlook for the industry
 - Originator/Pool specific factors

In addition a detailed review and assessment of rating rationale is done including interactions with the company as well as agency. For single loan PTC, credit evaluation of the underlying corporate will be carried out as with any other debt instruments.

3. Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator

In terms of specific risks attached to securitization, each asset class would have different underlying risks, however, residential mortgages are supposed to be having lower default rates as an asset class. On the other hand, repossession and subsequent recovery of commercial vehicles and other auto assets is fairly easier and better compared to mortgages. Some of the asset classes such as personal loans, credit card receivables etc., being unsecured credits in nature, may witness higher default rates. As regards corporate loans/receivables, depending upon the nature of the underlying security for the loan or the nature of the receivable the risks would correspondingly fluctuate. However, the credit enhancement stipulated by rating agencies for such asset class pools is typically much higher, which helps in making their overall risks comparable to other AAA rated asset classes.

The Scheme may invest in securitized debt assets. The asset may be either a loan to a single counterparty or a pool of loans. The Scheme intends to invest in securitized instruments rated by a SEBI recognized credit rating agency. In addition, some specific risk mitigation measures will include:

Limited Recourse and Credit Risk: Certificates issued on investment in securitized debt represent a beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and there is no obligation on the issuer, seller or the originator in that regard. Defaults on the underlying loan can adversely affect the pay outs to the investors (i.e. the Scheme) and thereby, adversely affect the NAV of the Scheme.

Risk Mitigation: In addition to careful scrutiny of credit profile of borrower/pool additional security in the form of adequate cash collaterals and other securities may be obtained to ensure that they all qualify for similar rating.

Bankruptcy Risk: If the originator of securitized debt instruments in which the Scheme invests is subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in such proceedings concludes that the sale of the assets from originator to the trust was not a 'true sale', and then the Scheme could experience losses or delays in the payments due.

Risk Mitigation: Normally, specific care is taken in structuring the securitization transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to the trust not being construed as a 'true sale'. It is also in the interest of the originator to demonstrate the transaction as a true sell to get the necessary revenue recognition and tax benefits.

Limited Liquidity and Price risk

Presently, secondary market for securitized papers is not very liquid. There is no assurance that a deep secondary market will develop for such securities. This could limit the ability of the investor to resell them. Even if a secondary market develops and sales were to take place, these secondary transactions may be at a discount to the initial issue price due to changes in the interest rate structure.

Risk Mitigation: Securitized debt instruments are relatively illiquid in the secondary market and hence they are generally held to maturity. The liquidity risk and HTM nature is taken into consideration at the time of analyzing the appropriateness of the securitization.

Risks due to possible prepayments: Weighted Tenor / Yield

Asset securitization is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments Full prepayment of underlying loan contract may arise under any of the following circumstances;

- Obligor pays the Receivable due from him at any time prior to the scheduled maturity date of that Receivable; or
- Receivable is required to be repurchased by the Seller consequent to its inability to rectify a material misrepresentation with respect to that Receivable; or
- The Servicer recognizing a contract as a defaulted contract and hence repossessing the underlying Asset and selling the same
- In the event of prepayments, investors may be exposed to changes in tenor and yield.

Risk Mitigation: A certain amount of prepayments is assumed in the calculations at the time of purchase based on historical trends and estimates. Further a stress case estimate is calculated and additional margins are built in.

Bankruptcy of the Investor's Agent

If Investor's agent becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in the bankruptcy proceedings concludes that the recourse of Investor's Agent to the assets/receivables is not in its capacity as agent/Trustee but in its personal capacity, then an Investor could experience losses or delays in the payments due under the swap agreement.

Risk Mitigation: All possible care is normally taken in structuring the transaction and drafting the underlying documents so as to provide that the assets/receivables if and when held by Investor's Agent is held as agent and in Trust for the Investors and shall not form part of the personal assets of Investor's Agent.

4. The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

Framework that will be applied while evaluating investment decision relating to a pool securitization transaction:

Characteristics / Type of Pool	Mortgage Loan	Commercial Vehicle & Construction Equipment	Car	Two Wheeler	Micro Finance Pools	Personal Loans	Single Sell Downs	Others
Approx. Avg Maturity	60-120 Months	12-48 Months	12-48 Months	12-24 Months	12 Months	12-36 Months	NA	NA
Collateral Margin (incl. Cash, Guarantees, Excess Interest Spread, Subordinate Tranche)	5-20%	5-20%	5-20%	5-20%	10-30%	10-30%	NA	NA
Avg Loan to Value Ratio	< 90%	< 90%	< 90%	< 90%	NA	NA	NA	NA
Avg Seasoning of the Pool	6-12 Months	3-6 Months	3-6 Months	3-6 Months	3-12 Weeks	1-3 Months	0-3 Months	NA
Max. Single Exposure Range	3-4%	3-4%	Retail	Retail	Retail	Retail	NA	NA
Avg Single Exposure Range %	1-1.5%	1.5-2%	Retail	Retail	Retail	Retail	NA	NA

Information illustrated in the Table above, is based on the current scenario relating to Securitized Debt market and is subject to change depending upon the change in the related factors.

We endeavor to consider some of the important risk mitigating factors for securitized pool i.e.

- Average original maturity of the pool: based on different asset classes and current market practices
- Collateral margin including cash collateral and other credit enhancements
- Loan to Value Ratio
- Average seasoning of the pool, which is a key indicator of past pool performance
- Default rate distribution
- Geographical Distribution
- Maximum single exposure: Retail pools (passenger cars, 2-wheelers, Micro finance, personal loans, etc.) are generally well diversified with maximum and average single exposure limits within 1%.

As illustrated above, these factors vary for different asset classes and would be based on interactions with each originator as well as the credit rating agency.

5. Minimum retention period of the debt by originator prior to securitization

The Mutual Fund will follow the guidelines on minimum holding period requirements as laid down by SEBI and RBI from time to time.

6. Minimum retention percentage by originator of debts to be securitized

We will follow the guidelines on minimum holding period requirements as laid down by SEBI and RBI from time to time.

7. The mechanism to tackle conflict of interest when the mutual fund invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme of the fund

Investments made by the scheme in any asset are done based on the requirements of the scheme and is in accordance with the investment policy. All Investments are made entirely at an arm's length basis with no consideration of any existing / consequent investments by any party related to the transaction (originator, issuer, borrower etc.). Investments made in Securitized debt are made as per the Investment pattern of the Scheme and are done after detailed analysis of the underlying asset. There might be instances of Originator /obligor investing in the same scheme but both the transactions are at arm's length and avoid any conflict of interest. In addition to internal controls in the fixed income investment process, there is regular monitoring by the compliance team, risk management group, and internal review teams. Normally the issuer who is securitizing instrument is in need of money and is unlikely to have long term surplus to invest in mutual fund scheme.

8. In general, the resources and mechanism of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt

The risk assessment process for securitized debt, as detailed in the preceding paragraphs, is same as any other credit. The investments in securitized debt are done after appropriate research by credit analyst. The ratings are monitored for any movement. The entire securitized portfolio is published in the fact sheet and disclosed in the web site for public consumption with details of underlying exposure and originator.

Investment Process and Recording of Investment Decisions

The AMC through its various policies and procedures defines prudential and concentration limits to de-risk the portfolio. The investment management team is allowed full discretion to make sale and purchase decisions within the limits established. The responsibility for the investment decisions is with the fund managers and the CEO of the AMC does not have any role in the day to day decision making process. All the decisions will be recorded alongwith their justifications. The AMC and Trustee will review the performance of the scheme in their Board meetings. The performance would be compared with the performance of the benchmark index and with peer group in the industry

Investments by Scheme

The Scheme may, in line with its investment objectives, invest in another Scheme under the management of ABSLAMC or of any other Asset Management Company. The aggregate Interscheme investment by ABSLMF under all its Schemes, other than fund of fund schemes, taken together, in another Scheme managed by ABSLAMC or in any other Scheme of any other Mutual Fund, shall not be more than 5% of the net asset value of the Fund. No fee shall be charged by the AMC on any investment in another Scheme under the management of ABSLAMC or of any other Asset Management Company.

Investments in the Scheme by the AMC, Sponsor, or their affiliates

The AMC, Sponsor, Trustee and their associates or affiliates may invest in the scheme during the New Fund Offer Period or through Stock Exchange subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations & circulars issued by SEBI and to the extent permitted by its Board of Directors from time to time. As per the existing SEBI Regulations, the AMC will not charge investment management and advisory fee on the investment made by it in the scheme.

Investment of Subscription Money

The AMC shall commence investment out of the NFO proceeds received in accordance with the investment objectives of the Scheme only on or after the closure of the NFO period. The Mutual Fund/ AMC can however deploy the NFO proceeds in Tri-party Repo before the closure of NFO period. However, AMCs shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees on funds deployed in Tri-party Repo during the NFO period. The appreciation received from investment in Tri-party Repo shall be passed on to investors.

Further, in case the minimum subscription amount is not garnered by the scheme during the NFO period, the interest earned upon investment of NFO proceeds in Tri-party Repo shall be returned to investors, in proportion of their investments, along-with the refund of the subscription amount.

Borrowing by the Mutual Fund

Under the SEBI Regulations, the Mutual Fund is allowed to borrow to meet the temporary liquidity requirements of its Scheme for the purpose of Redemption of Units or the payment of interest or dividend to the Unit holders. Further, as per the SEBI Regulations, the Mutual Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the Net Assets of the scheme and the duration of such borrowing shall not exceed a period of six months. The Mutual Fund may raise such borrowings after approval by the Trustee from Sponsor or any of its Associate / Group Companies or Banks in India or any other entity at market related rates prevailing at the time and applicable to similar borrowings. The security for such borrowings, if required, will be as determined by the Trustee.

E. INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The Investment Philosophy of the fund manager is to generate superior risk-adjusted returns on a consistent basis through a research driven investment approach in line with the investment objective of the scheme. The investment manager will aim to allocate assets of the scheme between various money market and fixed income securities. The actual percentage of investment in various fixed income securities will be decided after considering various factors like the prevailing interest rate and inflation scenario, performance of corporate sector, general liquidity and other considerations.

F. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the fundamental attributes of the scheme, in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI Regulations

- **Type of Scheme:** A Close ended Income Scheme
- **Investment objective:** The scheme seeks to generate income by investing in a portfolio of fixed income securities maturing on or before the duration of the scheme.
The Scheme does not guarantee/indicate any returns. There can be no assurance that the schemes' objectives will be achieved.
- **Asset Allocation Pattern:**
Please refer to 'Section II – C. Asset Allocation and Investment Pattern' of this SID for details.
- **Terms of Issue: Listing/Redemption Of Units:**
As mentioned in Section III B of this SID
- **Aggregate Fees and Expenses**
Please refer to 'Section IV. Fees and Expenses' of this SID.
- **Any Safety Net or Guarantee provided:**
This Scheme does not provide any guaranteed or assured return to its Investors

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholders and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

G. BENCHMARK

The performance of the scheme will be benchmarked to the performance of **CRISIL Composite Bond Fund Index**

The fund reserves the right to change the said benchmark and/or adopt one/more other benchmarks to compare the performance of the Scheme. The performance will be placed before the Investment Committee as well as the Board of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee Company in each of their meetings.

Rationale for adoption of benchmark:

CRISIL Composite Bond Fund Index, which has been introduced by CRISIL to track the returns on a Composite Portfolio that includes call instruments, Commercial Papers, Government Securities, AAA and AA rated instruments. The fund will aim to invest in a sample, which is an adequate representation of the key characteristics of the index.

H. FUND MANAGER

Mr. Mohit Sharma would be the designated Fund Manager of the Scheme

Name	Age	Educational Qualifications	Experience
Mr. Mohit Sharma	38 yrs	PGDCM - IIM Calcutta; B Tech - IIT Madras	He has around 13 years of experience of which 10 years are in financial markets. He joined Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Ltd on October 2015. Prior to joining Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Ltd, he ran his own healthcare- tech business (June 2012 - May 2015). He has also worked as an Interest Rates Trader in Standard Chartered Bank (May 2007 - June 2011) and ICICI Bank Ltd (June 2006 - April 2007). He started his career in the Equity Research in Irevna Ltd (June 2005 - June 2006).

Names of other schemes under his management:

• Aditya Birla Sun Life Low Duration Fund@	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Money Manager Fund@
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Interval Income Fund - Quarterly Plan - Series I	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Capital Protection Oriented Fund - Series 22^
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Capital Protection Oriented Fund - Series 29^	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Capital Protection Oriented Fund - Series 30^
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Dual Advantage Fund - Series I^*	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Balanced Advantage Fund^
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series OD to Series OM	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series OT (1117 days)
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series OW (1245 days)	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series OX to Series OZ
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series PA to Series PK	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series PM to Series PO
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series PR (1134 days)	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series PT to Series PW
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series PY and Series PZ	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series QB and Series QC
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series QE to Series QY	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series RA (1100 days)
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series RC to Series RE	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series RH to Series RI
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series RL (1254 days)	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series RN to Series RR
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series RU to Series RY	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series SA (1180 days)
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series SF (1161 days)	• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series SG (1155 days)
• Aditya Birla Sun Life Fixed Term Plan - Series SI to Series SL	

@ Jointly with Mr. Kaustubh Gupta

^ Jointly with Mr. Vineet Maloo

* Jointly with Mr. Ajay Garg

I. INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS FOR THE SCHEME

All investments by the Scheme and the Mutual Fund will always be within the investment restrictions as specified in the SEBI (MF) Regulations. Pursuant to the Regulations, the following investment and other restrictions are presently applicable to the scheme:

- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act, 1992. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of the AMC. Provided that, such limit shall not be applicable for investments in government securities, treasury bills, Tri-party Repo. Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the Board
- The Scheme may invest in other schemes under the same AMC or any other Mutual Fund without charging any fees, provided the aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the Schemes under the same management or in schemes under management of any other Asset Management Company shall not exceed 5% of the NAV of the Fund. No investment management fees shall be charged for investing in other schemes of the fund or in the schemes of any other Mutual Fund.
- The Mutual Fund under all its Scheme shall not own more than 10% of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights.
Provided, for investments in asset management company or Trustee Company of other mutual fund, collective investment of sponsor of a mutual fund, its associate and/or its group company, and its AMC through Schemes should be considered for calculating 10% voting rights.
- Transfer of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the Mutual Fund is permitted provided:
 - Such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis (spot basis shall have the same meaning as specified by a Stock Exchange for spot transactions); and

- The securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme to which such transfer has been made.
- The fund shall get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the fund on account of the concerned Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- The fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities. Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.
- Pending deployment of the funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of investment objective, the Scheme may invest its funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks subject to the following guidelines for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks laid down by SEBI vide its Circulars; SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 1/91171/ 07 dated April 16, 2007 and SEBI/IMD/CIR No.7/129592/08 dated June 23, 2008 and such other guidelines as may be specified by SEBI from time to time will be adhered to.
 - i. “Short Term” for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
 - ii. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with the approval of the Trustee.
 - iii. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
 - iv. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
 - v. The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank which has invested in the Scheme.
 - vi. The AMC will not charge any investment management and advisory fees for funds under the Scheme parked in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

The above norms do not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market. However, all term deposits placed as margins shall be disclosed in the half yearly portfolio statements under a separate heading. Details such as name of bank, amount of term deposits, duration of term deposits, percentage of NAV should be disclosed.

- The Scheme shall not invest (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) more than 20% of net assets in the Group. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.

For this purpose, “Group” means a group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of the Regulations and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.

- The scheme shall not have exposure in fixed income securities in excess of 25% of net assets in any sector as per sectoral classification as prescribed by AMFI. Provided that an additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 25%) not exceeding 15% of the net assets of the scheme shall be allowed by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) only. Provided further that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment / exposure in HFCs shall not exceed 25% of the net assets of the scheme. Further provided that the above sectoral limit is not applicable for:
 - i. AAA rated instruments of PSU Banks and AAA rated instruments of Public Financial Institutions (PFIs).
 - ii. Tri-party Repo.
 - iii. Bank Certificate of Deposits.
 - iv. Government of India securities.
 - v. Treasury Bills
 - vi. Short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
- The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
 - Any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - Any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - The listed securities of group companies of the Sponsor, which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- The Scheme shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the scheme for the purpose of repurchase / redemption of Units or payment of interest and dividend to the Unitholders. Provided that the Scheme shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of any individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months.
- Debentures, irrespective of any residual maturity period (above or below 1 year), shall attract the investment restrictions as applicable for debt instruments as specified under Clause 1 and 1A of the Seventh Schedule to the Regulations or as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

- Save as otherwise expressly provided under SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Mutual Fund shall not advance any loans for any purpose.
- The Scheme shall not engage in securities lending.
- The Scheme shall not invest in a fund of funds scheme.
- The Scheme shall not invest in Foreign Securities.
- The Scheme shall not invest in derivatives.
- The Scheme shall not invest in credit default swaps.
- The Scheme shall not engage in short selling of securities.
- The Scheme will comply with any other regulations applicable to the investments of mutual funds from time to time.

The Trustees may alter the above restrictions from time to time to the extent that changes in the Regulations may allow and as deemed fit in the general interest of the unit holders.

All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment.

In addition, certain investment parameters (like limits on exposure to Sectors, Industries, Companies, etc.) may be adopted internally by ABSLAMC, and amended from time to time, to ensure appropriate diversification / security for the Fund. The Trustee Company / ABSLAMC may alter these above stated limitations from time to time, and also to the extent the SEBI (MF) Regulations change, so as to permit the Schemes to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for Mutual Funds to achieve its investment objective. As such all investments of the Schemes will be made in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations, including Schedule VII thereof.

J. SCHEME PERFORMANCE

This scheme is a new scheme and does not have any performance track record.

Section III - UNITS AND OFFER

This Section provides details you need to know for investing in the scheme

A. NEW FUND OFFER

<p>New Fund Offer Period</p> <p>This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.</p>	<p>NFO opens on: Thursday, May 09, 2019 NFO closes on: Monday, May 20, 2019</p> <p>The subscription list may be closed earlier by giving at least one day's notice in one daily newspaper. The Trustee reserves the right to extend the closing date of the New Fund Offer Period, subject to the condition that the subscription list of the New Fund Offer Period shall not be kept open for more than 15 days.</p>
<p>New Fund Offer Price</p> <p>This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO.</p>	<p>The New Fund Offer price of Units of the scheme will be Rs. 10 per Unit.</p>
<p>Minimum Amount for Application during the NFO</p>	<p>Minimum of Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Rs. 10/- thereafter during the NFO period.</p>
<p>Minimum Target amount</p> <p>This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return. However, if AMC fails to refund the amount within 5 Business days, interest as specified by SEBI (currently 15% p.a.) will be paid to the investors from the expiry of 5 Business days from the date of closure of the NFO period.</p>	<p>The minimum subscription (target) amount under the Scheme shall be Rs. 20,00,00,000/- (Twenty Crores) during the New Fund Offer Period. Therefore, subject to the applications being in accordance with the terms of this offer, full and firm allotment will be made to the Unit holders.</p>
<p>Maximum amount to be raised (if any)</p>	<p>N.A.</p>
<p>Plans / Options offered</p>	<p>The Scheme will have Regular Plan and Direct Plan** with a common portfolio and separate NAVs. Investors should indicate the Plan for which the subscription is made by indicating the choice in the application form.</p> <p>Each of the above Regular and Direct Plan under the scheme will have the following Options / Sub-options:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Growth Option and (2) Dividend Option (Payout Facility)

****DIRECT PLAN:**

- i. **Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in a Scheme directly with the Mutual Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor.**
- ii. **Eligible investors:** All categories of investors (whether existing or new Unitholders) as permitted under the Scheme Information Document of the Scheme are eligible to subscribe under Direct Plan.
- iii. **Modes for applying:** Investments under Direct Plan can be made through various modes offered by the Mutual Fund for investing directly with the Mutual Fund [except through Stock Exchange Platforms for Mutual Funds and all other Platform(s) where investors' applications for subscription of units are routed through Distributors].
- iv. **How to apply:**
 - a. Investors desirous of subscribing under Direct Plan of a Scheme will have to ensure to indicate "Direct Plan" against the Scheme name in the application form.
 - b. Investors should also indicate "Direct" in the ARN column of the application form.

Default Option: Growth

In case of valid application received without indicating choice between Growth and Dividend Option, the same shall be considered as Growth Option and processed accordingly.

Default Plan:

Investors are requested to note the following scenarios for the applicability of "Direct Plan or Regular Plan" for valid applications received under the Scheme:

Scenario	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Plan to be captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Plan
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
6	Direct	Regular	Direct Plan
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Plan
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Plan

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load.

Dividend Option (Payout facility):

Under this option, it is proposed to declare dividends subject to the availability of distributable surplus as computed in accordance with SEBI Regulations. Dividends, if declared, will be paid (subject to deduction of tax at source, if any) to those unitholders, whose names appear in the register of unitholders on the notified record date. AMC reserves the right to change the record date from time to time. However, it must be distinctly understood that actual declaration of dividends and frequency thereof is at the discretion of trustees. There is no assurance or guarantee to unitholders as to the rate of dividend distribution nor that will the dividends be paid regularly. On payments of dividends, the NAV will stand reduced by the amount of dividend paid and the dividend distribution tax, if applicable.

Growth Option

Under this option, no dividends will be declared. The income attributable to units under this option will continue to remain invested and will be reflected in the NAV of the units.

Dividend Policy	Under Dividend option, it is proposed to declare dividends subject to the availability of distributable surplus as computed in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations. Dividends, if declared, will be paid (subject to deduction of tax at source, if any) to those unitholders, whose names appear in the register of unitholders on the notified record date. AMC reserves the right to change the record date from time to time. However, it must be distinctly understood that actual declaration of dividends and frequency thereof is at the discretion of Trustees. There is no assurance or guarantee to unitholders as to the rate of dividend distribution nor that the dividends will be paid regularly. On payments of dividends, the NAV will stand reduced by the amount of dividend paid and the dividend distribution tax, if applicable.
Allotment	<p>All Applicants whose payment towards purchase of Units have been realised will receive a full and firm allotment of Units, provided that the applications are complete in all respects and are found to be in order. Allotment to NRIs/FPIs will be subject to RBI approval, if required. All allotments will be provisional, subject to realisation of payment instrument and subject to the AMC having been reasonably satisfied about receipt of clear funds. The process of allotment of Units will be completed within 5 (five) business days from the date of closure of the New Fund Offer Period. Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the AMC / Trustee may reject any application received in case the application is found invalid/incomplete or for any other reason in their sole discretion.</p> <p>Units in fractions</p> <p>The Units will be computed and accounted for up to whole numbers (complete integers) only and no fractional units will be allotted. If any fractional units are calculated as a result of the application money/switch units received during the NFO from the investors not in multiple of Rs. 10/-, the Units would be allotted to the extent of whole numbers (complete integers) only and the excess of application money/units corresponding to the fractional Units shall be refunded to the investor.</p> <p>Allotment Confirmation / Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) / Single Consolidated Account Statement (SCAS):</p> <p>AMC shall send allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted to the investor by way of email and/or SMS's to the investors' registered email address and/or mobile number not later than 5 (five) business days from the date of closure of the New Fund Offer Period. Thereafter, a Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) / Single Consolidated Account Statement (SCAS) shall be sent to the unitholder in whose folio transactions have taken place during that month, on or before 10th of the succeeding month by e-mail/mail. In case of specific request received from investors, Mutual Fund will issue an account statement to the investors within 5 (five) Business Days from the date of receipt of such request.</p> <p>No Account Statements will be issued to investors opted to hold units in electronic (demat) mode, since the statement of account furnished by depository participant periodically will contain the details of transactions.</p>
Refund	If application is rejected, full amount will be refunded within 5 Business days of closure of NFO. If refunded later than 5 Business days, interest @ 15% p.a. for delay period will be paid and charged to the AMC.
Who can invest This is an indicative list and you are requested to consult your financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to your risk profile.	<p>The following persons are eligible and may apply for subscription to the Units of the Scheme (subject, wherever relevant, to purchase of units of mutual funds being permitted under relevant statutory regulations and their respective constitutions):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Resident adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on an Anyone or Survivor basis; 2. Karta of Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) 3. Minors through parent / legal guardian; 4. Partnership Firms & Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs); 5. Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings, Association of Persons or bodies of individuals and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860; 6. Banks & Financial Institutions;

7. Mutual Funds / Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI;
8. Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts and Private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds;
9. Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) / Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian origin (PIO) residing abroad on repatriation basis or on non-repatriation basis;
10. Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPIs) registered with SEBI
11. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such institutions;
12. Scientific and Industrial Research Organisations;
13. Multilateral Funding Agencies / Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India / Reserve Bank of India;
14. Other schemes of Mutual Funds subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI Regulations;
15. Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates may subscribe to Units under the Scheme;
16. Such other individuals / institutions / body corporate etc., as may be decided by the Mutual Fund from time to time, so long as wherever applicable they are in conformity with SEBI Regulations.

Notes:

- NRIs / FPIs / OCI have been granted a general permission by Reserve Bank of India [Schedule 5 of the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident Outside India) Regulations, 2000 for investing in / redeeming units of the mutual funds subject to conditions set out in the aforesaid regulations.
- Subject to provisions of SEBI (MF) Regulations, FEMA and other applicable regulations read with guidelines and notifications issued from time to time by SEBI and RBI, investments in the scheme can be made by various categories of persons as listed above including NRIs, etc.

FATCA is a United States (US) Federal Law, aimed at prevention of tax evasion by US Citizens and Residents (US Persons) through use of offshore accounts. FATCA provisions were included in the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment (HIRE) Act, enacted by US Legislature.

SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2014 dated June 30, 2014, has advised that Government of India and US Government have reached an agreement in substance on the terms of an Inter-Governmental Agreement (IGA) to implement FATCA and India is now treated as having an IGA in effect from April 11, 2014. Further, SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2015 dated August 26, 2015 has informed that on July 9, 2015, the Government of India and US Government have signed an agreement to improve international tax compliance and to implement FATCA in India. The USA has enacted FATCA in 2010 to obtain information on accounts held by U.S. taxpayers in other countries. As per the aforesaid agreement, FPIs in India will be required to report tax information about U.S. account holders / taxpayers directly to the Indian Government which will, in turn, relay that information to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited (the AMC)/the Fund is classified as a Foreign Financial Institution (FFI) under the FATCA provisions and in accordance therewith, the AMC/the Fund would be required, from time to time:

- (i) To undertake necessary due diligence process by collecting information/documentary evidence about US/Non US status of the investors/unit holders and identify US reportable accounts;
- (ii) To the extent legally permitted, disclose/report information (through itself or its service provider) about the holdings, investments returns pertaining to US reportable accounts to the specified US agencies and/or such Indian authorities as may be specified under FATCA guidelines or under any other

- guidelines issued by Indian Authorities such as SEBI, Income Tax etc. (collectively referred to as 'the Guidelines'); and
- (iii) Carry out any other related activities, as may be mandated under the Guidelines, as amended from time to time.

FATCA due diligence will be applicable at each investor/unit holder (including joint holders) level and on being identified as reportable person/specified US person, all folios/accounts will be reported including their identity, direct or indirect beneficiaries, beneficial owners and controlling persons. Further, in case of folio(s)/account(s) with joint holder(s), the entire account value of the investment portfolio will be attributable under each such reportable person. Investor(s)/Unit Holder(s) will therefore be required to comply with the request of the AMC/the Fund to furnish such information, in a timely manner as may be required by the AMC/the Fund to comply with the due diligence/reporting requirements stated under IGA and/or the Guidelines issued from time to time.

FATCA provisions are relevant not only at on-boarding stage of investor(s)/unit holder(s) but also throughout the life cycle of investment with the Fund/the AMC. In view of this, Investors should immediately intimate to the Fund/the AMC, in case of any change in their status with respect to FATCA related declaration provided by them previously.

The Fund/AMC reserves the right to reject any application or redeem the units held directly or beneficially in case the applicant/investor(s) fails to furnish the relevant information and/or documentation in accordance with the FATCA provisions, notified.

The AMC reserves the right to change/modify the provisions mentioned above in response to any new regulatory development which may require to do so at a later date.

Unitholders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the FATCA requirements with respect to their own situation and investment in the schemes of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund to ensure that they do not suffer U.S. withholding tax on their investment returns.

- In case of application under a Power of Attorney or by a limited company or a corporate body or an eligible institution or a registered society or a trust fund, the original Power of Attorney or a certified true copy duly notarised or the relevant resolution or authority to make the application as the case may be, or duly notarised copy thereof, alongwith a certified copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association and/or bye-laws and / or trust deed and / or partnership deed and Certificate of Registration should be submitted. The officials should sign the application under their official designation. A list of specimen signatures of the authorised officials, duly certified / attested should also be attached to the Application Form. In case of a Trust / Fund it shall submit a resolution from the Trustee(s) authorising such purchases and redemptions.
- Returned cheques are not liable to be presented again for collection, and the accompanying application forms are liable to be rejected. In case the returned cheques are presented again, the necessary charges, if any, are liable to be debited to the investor.
- In case of application in the name of minor, the minor has to be the first and the sole holder. No joint holder will be allowed with the Minor as the first or sole holder. The Guardian of the minor should either be a natural guardian (i.e. father or mother) or a court appointed legal guardian. A copy of birth certificate, passport copy, etc. evidencing date of birth of the minor and relationship of the guardian with the minor, should be mandatorily attached with the application.
- The minor unitholder, on attaining majority, shall inform the same to AMC / Mutual Fund / Registrar and submit following documents to change the status of the account (folio) from 'minor' to 'major' to allow him to operate the account in his own right viz., (a) Duly filled request form for changing the status of the account (folio) from 'minor' to 'major'. (b) New Bank details where account changed from 'minor' to 'major'. (c) Signature attestation of the major by a bank

	<p>manager of Scheduled bank / Bank certificate or Bank letter. (d) KYC acknowledgement letter of major. The guardian cannot undertake any financial and non-financial transactions after the date of the minor attaining majority in an account (folio) where the units are held on behalf of the minor, and further, no financial and non-financial transactions can be undertaken till the time the change in the status from 'minor' to 'major' is registered in the account (folio) by the AMC / Mutual Fund.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The list given above is indicative and the applicable law, if any, shall supersede the list. • The Trustee, reserves the right to recover from an investor any loss caused to the Scheme on account of dishonour of cheques issued by the investor for purchase of Units of this Scheme • Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme(s) and are authorized to purchase units of mutual funds as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions. <p>No request for withdrawal of application made during the New Fund Offer Period will be entertained.</p>
Cash Investments in mutual funds	<p>In order to help enhance the reach of mutual fund products amongst small investors, who may not be tax payers and may not have PAN/bank accounts, such as farmers, small traders/businessmen/workers, SEBI has permitted receipt of cash transactions for fresh purchases/ additional purchases to the extent of Rs.50,000/- per investor, per mutual fund, per financial year shall be allowed subject to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> compliance with Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and rules framed there under; the SEBI Circular(s) on Anti Money Laundering (AML) and other applicable Anti Money Laundering Rules, Regulations and Guidelines. Sufficient systems and procedures in place. <p>However, payment towards redemptions, dividend, etc. with respect to aforementioned investments shall be paid only through banking channel.</p>
Application Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA)	<p>Investors also have an option to subscribe to units of the scheme during the New Fund Offer period under the Applications Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) facility, which would entail blocking of funds in the investor's Bank account, rather than transfer of funds, on the basis of an authorisation given to this effect at the time of submitting the ASBA application form.</p> <p>Investors applying through the ASBA facility should carefully read the applicable provisions before making their application. For further details on ASBA facility, investors are requested to refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).</p>
Where can you submit the filled up applications	<p>Registrar & Transfer Agents – Computer Age Management Services Pvt. Ltd. (CAMS) Rayala Towers, 158, Anna Salai, Chennai - 600002. Contact Details:1800-425-2267 E-mail: adityabirlacapital.mf@camsonline.com Website Address:www.camsonline.com</p> <p>The application forms can also be submitted at the designated offices / ISCs of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund as mentioned in this SID.</p> <p>ASBA applications can be submitted only at Self Certified Syndicate Bank (SCSB) at their designated branches. List of SCSBs and their designated branches shall be displayed on the SEBI's website (http://www.sebi.gov.in/pmd/scsb.pdf)</p>
How to Apply Listing	<p>Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.</p> <p>The scheme being offered through this Scheme Information Document is a close ended Scheme and the units offered under the Scheme will be listed on NSE and/or any other recognized stock exchange/s as may be decided by AMC from time to time within 5 (five) Business days from the date of allotment. Thus, the units of the Scheme will be listed and traded on the stock exchange/s and settled through depository mechanism as per the settlement cycle of the stock exchange/s. As the units will be listed on stock exchange/s, investors/ unitholders can buy / sell units on a continuous basis on the stock exchange/s during the trading hours like any other publicly traded stock at market prices. The minimum number of Units that can be bought or sold on the Exchange is 1 (one) unit. A separate ISIN (International Security Identification Number) will be allotted for each</p>

	<p>Plan/Option of the respective Series/Scheme. Unitholders who wish to trade in units would be required to have a demat account.</p> <p>Although Units are to be listed on stock exchange/s, there can be no assurance that an active secondary market will develop or be maintained. The AMC and the Trustees will not be liable for delay in trading of Units on stock exchange/s due to the occurrence of any event beyond their control.</p> <p>As per SEBI circular SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 12/147132/08 dated December 11, 2008 the units of the scheme will be listed on National Stock Exchange of India (NSE) for which the Trustees have obtained an in-principle approval from NSE vide letter NSE/LIST/5080 dated January 24, 2019.</p>
<p>Special Products / facilities available during the NFO</p>	<p>I. INTER-SCHEME SWITCHING OPTION</p> <p>The Mutual Fund provides the investors the flexibility to switch their investments (subject to provisions as regards minimum application amount referred above) from any other scheme(s)/plans offered by the Mutual Fund to this scheme during the New Fund Offer period.</p> <p>This Option will be useful to Unit holders who wish to alter the allocation of their investment among scheme(s) / plan(s) of the Mutual Fund (subject to completion of lock-in period, if any, of the units of the scheme(s) from where the units are being switched) in order to meet their changed investment needs. The Switch will be effected by way of a Redemption of Units from the Scheme / Plan and investment of the proceeds in the Scheme and accordingly, to be effective, the Switch must comply with the Redemption rules of the Scheme and the issue rules of the Scheme (for e.g. as to the minimum number of Units that may be redeemed or issued, Exit Load, etc.). The price at which the Units will be Switched out of the respective Plans will be based on the Redemption Price, and the proceeds will be invested in the Scheme / plan at the Offer price for units in the scheme.</p> <p>II. SUBSCRIPTION THROUGH STOCK EXCHANGE PLATFORM FOR MUTUAL FUNDS:</p> <p>Units of the scheme shall be available for subscription / purchase through stock exchange platform(s) made available by NSE and/or BSE during NFO i.e. Mutual Fund Service System (MFSS) of NSE and/or BSE Platform for Allotment and Redemption of Mutual Fund units (BSE StARMF) of BSE. Under this facility, trading member can facilitate eligible investors (i.e. Resident Individuals, HUF, resident minors represented by guardian and Body corporate or such other class of eligible investors as may be qualified as per the guidelines issued by relevant stock exchange) to purchase / subscribe to units of the scheme using their existing network and order collection mechanism as provided by respective stock exchange. Investors availing of this facility shall be allotted units in accordance with the SEBI guidelines issued from time to time and the records of the Depository Participant shall be considered as final for such unitholders. Investors should note that the said stock exchange platform(s) shall not be available to the investors for purpose of trading in units of the scheme post listing of units on NSE. The transactions carried out on the above platform shall be subject to such guidelines as may be issued by the respective stock exchanges and also SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and circulars / guidelines issued thereunder from time to time.</p> <p>III. OPTIONAL AUTOMATIC SWITCH OF REDEMPTION PROCEEDS ON MATURITY (AUTO MATURITY SWITCH)</p> <p>The Mutual Fund provides the investors the flexibility to switch their redemption proceeds receivable on maturity of the scheme to any of the Plan/Option of open ended scheme, as may be specified by the investor in the application form. In case the investor fails to specify his preference as regards the Plan/Option of the Scheme into which the maturity proceeds are to be switched into, the default plan/option shall be as per the SID of the respective Scheme.</p> <p>This Option enables the investors to take advantage of investment in the securities through eligible schemes on maturity of the scheme, instead of receiving the payout of redemption proceeds. Investor can choose to avail of this facility only at the time of making the application to subscribe to the units of the scheme by signing separately in the designated space in the application form and confirming their intention to avail auto maturity switch. In case of any inconsistency in selection of option viz, Payout of redemption proceeds on</p>

maturity of scheme or Auto Maturity switch, payout of redemption proceeds shall be considered as default mode. Further, investor shall also have an option to alter his preference from auto maturity switch to Payout of redemption proceeds by submitting a written request, at any time during the tenure of the scheme, not later than 10 working days prior to the maturity of the scheme.

To make the switch effective, investor needs to hold all the units till maturity of the scheme. The switch shall be subject to the applicable terms and conditions of both the switch-out scheme and switch-in scheme as regards the minimum number of Units that may be redeemed or issued, Load etc.

IV. TRANSACTION THROUGH MF UTILITY

MF Utility (“MFU”) - a shared services initiative of various Asset Management Companies, which acts as a transaction aggregation portal for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds with a single form and a single payment instrument.

Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited, has entered into arrangement with MF Utilities India Private Limited (MFUI), a “Category II - Registrar to an Issue” under SEBI (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 to facilitate financial transactions viz. purchase / subscription and redemption / repurchase of units of the scheme and non-financial transactions.

Accordingly, all financial and non-financial transactions for the Scheme can be done through MFU either electronically on www.mfuonline.com as and when such a facility is made available by MFUI or physically through the authorized Points of Service (“POS”) of MFUI with effect from the respective dates as published on MFUI website against the POS locations. Investors can refer the list of POS of MFUI available on the website of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com as may be updated from time to time. The Online Transaction Portal of MFU i.e. www.mfuonline.com and the POS locations of MFUI will be in addition to the existing Official Points of Acceptance (“OPA”) of the ABSLAMC.

The uniform cut-off time as mentioned in the Scheme Information Document(s)/Key Information Memorandum(s) of the schemes shall be applicable for applications received on the portal of MFUI i.e. www.mfuonline.com. However, investors should note that transactions on the MFUI portal shall be subject to the eligibility of the investors, terms & conditions as stipulated by MFUI/Mutual Fund/the AMC from time to time and any law for the time being in force.

MFUI will allot a Common Account Number (“CAN”), a single reference number for all investments across all the Mutual Funds, for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds through MFU and to map existing folios, if any. Investors can create a CAN by submitting the CAN Registration Form (CRF) and necessary documents at the MFUI POS. The AMC and/or its Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) i.e. Computer Age Management Services Pvt. Ltd (CAMS) shall provide necessary details to MFUI as may be needed for providing the required services to investors/ distributors through MFU. Investors are requested to visit the websites of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com or the AMC at www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com to download the relevant forms.

For facilitating transactions through MFU, Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund (Fund)/AMC may require to submit and disclose information/details about the investor(s) with MFUI and/or its authorised service providers. Investors transacting through MFU shall be deemed and consented and authorised the Fund/AMC to furnish and disclose all such information to MFUI and/its authorised service providers as may be required by MFUI from time to time.

For any queries or clarifications related to MFU, investors are requested to contact the Customer Care of MFUI on 1800-266-1415 (during the business hours on all days except Sunday and Public Holidays) or send an email to clientservices@mfuindia.com.

The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same	The scheme shall be listed and hence this clause is not applicable
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.	<p>No redemption/repurchase of units shall be allowed prior to the maturity of the scheme. Investors wishing to exit may do so through stock exchange mode. Unitholders' right to freely retain or dispose of units depend on the operations and trading activities of the Stock Exchange(s). The trading activities on the stock exchanges and / or the redemption of units on maturity may be restricted / affected in the following circumstances:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When one or more stock exchanges or markets, are closed otherwise than for ordinary holidays. 2. When, as a result of political, economic or monetary events or any circumstances outside the control of the Trustee and the AMC, the disposal of the assets of the Scheme are not reasonable, or would not reasonably be practicable without being detrimental to the interests of the Unit holders. 3. In the event of breakdown in the means of communication used for the valuation of investments of the Scheme, without which the value of the securities of the Scheme cannot be accurately calculated. 4. During periods of extreme volatility of markets, which in the opinion of the AMC are prejudicial to the interests of the Unit holders of the Scheme. 5. In case of natural calamities, strikes, riots and bandhs. 6. In the event of any force majeure or disaster that affects the normal functioning of the AMC or the ISC. 7. During the period of Book Closure. 8. If so directed by SEBI. <p>Further, Trading on stock exchanges may be halted (temporarily or indefinitely) because of market conditions or for reasons, that in view of the Exchange authorities or SEBI, trading in units of the scheme is not advisable.</p>

B. ONGOING OFFER DETAILS

Ongoing Offer Period This is the date from which the scheme will reopen for subscriptions / redemptions after the closure of the NFO period	Being a close-ended Scheme, investors can subscribe to the Units of the Scheme during the New Fund Offer Period only and the scheme will not reopen for subscriptions after the closure of NFO.
Ongoing Price for subscription (purchase) / switch-in (from other schemes / plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors This is the price you need to pay for purchase/switch-in.	Not Applicable being a close ended scheme
Ongoing Price for redemption (sale) / switch outs (to other schemes / plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors. This is the price you will receive for redemptions/switch outs. Example: If the applicable NAV is Rs 10, exit load is 2% then redemption price will be: $Rs\ 10 * (1 - 0.02) = Rs\ 9.80.$	Not Applicable being a close ended scheme
Where can the applications for purchase / redemption be submitted	Not Applicable being a close ended scheme and redemption shall not be allowed prior to the maturity of the scheme
Minimum amount for purchase	This been a closed ended Scheme purchases are not available on an ongoing basis.
Minimum balance to be	Not applicable as no redemption / repurchase of units shall be allowed prior to the

<p>maintained and consequences of non-maintenance</p>	<p>maturity of the scheme.</p>
<p>Special Facilities Available</p>	<p>TRANSACTION THROUGH MF UTILITY</p> <p>MF Utility (“MFU”) - a shared services initiative of various Asset Management Companies, which acts as a transaction aggregation portal for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds with a single form and a single payment instrument.</p> <p>Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited, has entered into arrangement with MF Utilities India Private Limited (MFUI), a “Category II - Registrar to an Issue” under SEBI (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 to facilitate non-financial transactions.</p> <p>Accordingly, all non-financial transactions for the Schemes can be done through MFU either electronically on www.mfuonline.com as and when such a facility is made available by MFUI or physically through the authorized Points of Service (“POS”) of MFUI with effect from the respective dates as published on MFUI website against the POS locations. Investors can refer the list of POS of MFUI available on the website of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com as may be updated from time to time. The Online Transaction Portal of MFU i.e. www.mfuonline.com and the POS locations of MFUI will be in addition to the existing Official Points of Acceptance (“OPA”) of the ABSLAMC.</p> <p>MFUI will allot a Common Account Number (“CAN”), a single reference number for all investments across all the Mutual Funds, for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds through MFU and to map existing folios, if any. Investors can create a CAN by submitting the CAN Registration Form (CRF) and necessary documents at the MFUI POS. The AMC and/or its Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) i.e Computer Age Management Services Pvt. Ltd (CAMS) shall provide necessary details to MFUI as may be needed for providing the required services to investors/ distributors through MFU. Investors are requested to visit the websites of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com or the AMC at www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com to download the relevant forms.</p> <p>For facilitating transactions through MFU, Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund (Fund)/AMC may require to submit and disclose information/details about the investor(s) with MFUI and/or its authorised service providers. Investors transacting through MFU shall be deemed and consented and authorised the Fund/AMC to furnish and disclose all such information to MFUI and/its authorised service providers as may be required by MFUI from time to time.</p> <p>For any queries or clarifications related to MFU, investors are requested to contact the Customer Care of MFUI on 1800-266-1415 (during the business hours on all days except Sunday and Public Holidays) or send an email to clientservices@mfuindia.com</p>
<p>Accounts Statements</p> <p>The Account Statement shall not be construed as a proof of title and is only a computer generated statement indicating the details of transactions under the Scheme. The Account Statement will be issued in lieu of Unit Certificates.</p> <p>Normally no Unit certificates will be issued. However, if the applicant so desires, the AMC shall issue a Unit certificate to the applicant within 5 business days of the receipt of request</p>	<p>APPLICABLE TO INVESTORS WHO OPT TO HOLD UNITS IN PHYSICAL (NON-DEMAT) MODE AND DO NOT HAVE DEMAT ACCOUNT :</p> <p>For normal transactions during ongoing sales and repurchase:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Being a close ended Scheme, investors can subscribe to the Units of the Scheme during the New Fund Offer Period only and the scheme will not reopen for subscriptions after the closure of NFO. ▪ An allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted to the investor shall be send by way of email and/or SMS's to the investors' registered email address and/or mobile number not later than 5 (five) business days from the date of closure of the New Fund Offer Period. ▪ Thereafter, a Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) for each calendar month to the Unitholder(s) in whose folio(s) transaction(s) has/have taken place during the month, on or before 10th of the succeeding month shall be sent by e-mail/mail.

for the certificate. Unit certificate if issued must be duly discharged by the Unit holder(s) and surrendered alongwith the request for Redemption / Switch or any other transaction of Units covered therein.

CAS shall contain details relating to all the transactions** carried out by the investor, including details of transaction charges paid to the distributor, if any, across all schemes of all mutual funds, during the month and holding at the end of the month.

***The word 'transaction' shall include purchase, redemption, switch, dividend payout, dividend reinvestment, Systematic Investment Plan, Systematic Withdrawal Plan, Systematic Transfer Plan and bonus transactions.*

- In case of specific request is received from investors, account statement shall be issued to the investors within 5 (five) business days from the receipt of such request without any charges. The unitholder may request for a physical account statement by writing/calling the AMC/ISC/R&T.
- In the event the account has more than one registered holder, the first named Unitholder shall receive the CAS/account statement.
- The transactions viz. purchase, redemption, switch, dividend payout, etc., carried out by the Unitholders shall be reflected in the CAS on the basis of Permanent Account Number (PAN).
- The CAS shall not be received by the Unitholders for the folio(s) not updated with PAN details. The Unitholders are therefore requested to ensure that the folio(s) are updated with their PAN.
- **No Account statements will be issued to investors opted to hold units in electronic (demat) mode, since the statement of account furnished by depository participant periodically will contain the details of transactions**

APPLICABLE TO INVESTORS WHO OPT TO HOLD UNITS IN ELECTRONIC (DEMAT) MODE:

- On acceptance of the application for subscription during the NFO period, an allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted to the investor shall be send by way of email and/or SMS's to the investors' registered email address and/or mobile number not later than 5 (five) days from the date of closure of the New Fund Offer Period.
- Thereafter, Single Consolidated Account Statement (SCAS), based on PAN of the holders, shall be sent by Depositories, for each calendar month within 10th day of the succeeding month to the unitholders in whose folio(s)/demat account(s) transactions have taken place during that month.
- SCAS shall be sent by Depositories every half yearly (September/ March), on or before 10th day of succeeding month, detailing holding at the end of the sixth month, to all such unitholders in whose folios and demat accounts there have been no transactions during that period.
- In case of demat accounts with nil balance and no transactions in securities and in mutual fund folios, the depository shall send account statement in terms of regulations applicable to the depositories.
- Consolidation shall be done on the basis of Permanent Account Number (PAN). In the event the folio / demat account has more than one registered holder, the first named Unit holder / Account holder shall receive the SCAS. For the purpose of SCAS, common investors across mutual funds / depositories shall be identified on the basis of PAN. Consolidation shall be based on the common sequence/ order of investors in various folios/ demat accounts across mutual funds / demat accounts across depository participants.
- In case of multiple accounts across two depositories, the depository with whom the demat account has been opened earlier will be the default depository which will consolidate the details across depositories and Mutual Fund investments and dispatch the SCAS to the unitholders.
- Unitholders whose folio(s)/demat account(s) are not updated with PAN shall not receive SCAS. Unitholders are therefore requested to ensure that their folio(s)/demat account(s) are updated with PAN.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ For Unitholders who have provided an e-mail address in KYC records, the SCAS will be sent by e-mail. ▪ The Unitholders may request for account statement for mutual fund units held in physical mode. In case of a specific request received from the Unitholders, account statement shall be provided to the unitholders within 5 business days from the receipt of such request. ▪ No account statements will be issued to unitholders opted to hold units in demat mode, since the statement of account furnished by depository participant periodically will contain the details of transactions. ▪ SCAS sent within the time frame mentioned above is provisional and is subject to realisation of payment instrument and/or verification of documents, including the application form <p>Half Yearly Consolidated Account Statement:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ A CAS detailing holding across all schemes of all mutual funds at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March), shall be sent by mail/e-mail on or before 10th day of succeeding month, to all such Unitholders in whose folios no transaction has taken place during that period. Such Consolidated Account Statement shall reflect the latest closing balance and value of the Units prior to the date of generation of the consolidated account statement. ▪ The half yearly consolidated account statement will be sent by e-mail to the Unitholders whose e-mail address is available, unless a specific request is made to receive in physical. <p>COMMUNICATION BY EMAIL</p> <p>For those unitholders who have provided an e-mail address, the AMC will send the communication by email. Unitholders who receive e-mail statements may download the documents after receiving e-mail from the Mutual Fund. Should the Unitholder experience any difficulty in accessing the electronically delivered documents, the Unitholder shall promptly advise the Mutual Fund to enable the Mutual Fund to make the delivery through alternate means. It is deemed that the Unitholder is aware of all security risks including possible third party interception of the documents and contents of the documents becoming known to third parties.</p>
Dividend	<p>The dividend warrants shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 30 days of the date of declaration of the dividend. In the event of failure of dispatch of dividend within the stipulated 30 day period, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest @ 15 per cent per annum to the unit holders for the period of such delay.</p> <p>AMC will endeavor to credit the dividend payouts directly to the designated Bank A/c of the unitholders of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund schemes through any of the available electronic mode (i.e. RTGS / NEFT / Direct Credit / NECS). AMC reserves the right to use any of the above mode of payment as deemed appropriate for all folios where the required information is available.</p>
Redemption	<p>No redemption/repurchase of units shall be allowed prior to the maturity of the scheme. Investors wishing to exit may do so through stock exchange mode.</p> <p>On maturity of the scheme, the outstanding Units shall be redeemed and proceeds will be paid, to such Unitholders, whose names appear in the Statement of Beneficiary Position as may be received from the Depositories on the record date or in the records of unitholders maintained by Registrar and Transfer Agent with respect to unitholders holding units in physical form, within 10 business days from the date of Maturity. In case the Units are held in the names of more than one Unit holder, the Redemption proceeds will be paid only to the first named holder. In case of the Units on which any lien or encumbrance is marked and such lien or encumbrance is subsisting on the date of maturity, the Unitholder will be required to procure a release of their lien/encumbrance pending which, the maturity proceeds will not be paid. The Unitholder shall not be entitled for any interest or compensation for any delayed or non-payment of the maturity proceeds till such time the Unitholder provides proof of the release of the lien/encumbrance to the satisfaction of the Mutual Fund. In case the maturity date or payout date falls on a non-business day then the applicable NAV for maturity redemption and / or switch out shall be calculated on the immediate next</p>

	<p>business day.</p> <p>AMC will endeavor to credit the redemptions payouts directly to the designated Bank A/c of the unitholders of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund schemes through any of the available electronic mode (i.e. RTGS / NEFT / Direct Credit). AMC reserves the right to use any of the above mode of payment as deemed appropriate for all folios where the required information is available.</p> <p>Bank Details: In order to protect the interest of investors from fraudulent encashment of cheques, the current SEBI Regulations have made it mandatory for investors to mention in their application / Redemption request, the bank name and account number. Applications without these details will be rejected.</p>
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds and despatch of dividend warrants	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum)
Transfer Facility	<p>The Units of the scheme held in electronic (demat) form would be transferable. Transfers should be only in favour of transferees who are eligible for holding Units under the Scheme. The AMC shall not be bound to recognise any other transfer. For effecting the transfer of Units held in electronic form, the Unitholders would be required to lodge delivery instructions for transfer of Units with the DP in the requisite form as may be required from time to time and the transfer will be effected in accordance with such rules/regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in electronic (demat) mode.</p> <p>If a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law, or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transfers taking place consequent to death, insolvency etc., the transferee's name will be recorded by the Fund subject to production of satisfactory evidence.</p>

C. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

<p>Net Asset Value</p> <p>This is the value per unit of the scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments by multiplying the NAV with your unit balance.</p>	<p>The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV(s) of the scheme not later than 5 (five) Business days from the date of allotment. Thereafter, the NAV will be calculated and disclosed for every Business Day. NAV of the scheme will be calculated up to four decimal places. AMC shall update the NAV on the AMFI website (www.amfiindia.com) and on the website of the Mutual Fund (www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com) by 9.00 pm on the day of declaration of the NAV.</p> <p>In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI in writing. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, Mutual Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAVs. NAV shall also be communicated to stock exchanges where the units of the scheme will be listed.</p> <p>Further the Mutual Fund / AMC will extend facility of sending latest available NAVs of the Scheme to the Unit holders through SMS upon receiving a specific request in this regard. Also, information regarding NAVs can be obtained by the Unit holders / Investors by calling or visiting the nearest ISC.</p> <p>In terms of SEBI regulation, a complete statement of the Scheme portfolio will be sent to all unitholders, within ten days from the close of each month / half-year whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund.</p> <p>The portfolio of the scheme (alongwith ISIN) shall also be disclosed on the website of Mutual Fund (www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format.</p>
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Portfolio Disclosures	In terms of SEBI Regulation, Mutual Funds/ AMCs will disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) as on the last day of the month / half-year for all Schemes on its website www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format. The Mutual Fund/AMCs will send to Unitholders a complete statement of the scheme portfolio, within ten days from the close of each month / half-year whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund. Further, the Mutual Fund / AMC shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such half yearly scheme portfolio on its website www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com). Mutual Funds/ AMCs will also provide a physical copy of the statement of its scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.
Half Yearly Results	Mutual Fund / AMC shall within one month from the close of each half year, (i.e. 31 st March and on 30 th September), host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on its website(www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com). Further, the Mutual Fund / AMC shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such unaudited half yearly financial results on their website.
Annual Report	<p>The scheme wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof shall be provided to all Unitholders not later than four months from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund. The physical copies of Scheme wise Annual report will also be made available to the unitholders, at the registered offices at all times. The scheme wise annual report will also be hosted on the website on its website (www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com).</p> <p>The physical copy of the abridged summary shall be provided to the investors without charging any cost, if a specific request through any mode is received from the unitholder.</p> <p>Further, the Mutual Fund / AMC shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of scheme wise annual report on its website www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com).</p>
Associate Transactions	Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).
Taxation The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.	For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI.
Investor services	<p>Investors may contact the ISCs or the office of the AMC for any queries /clarifications. The Head Office of the AMC will follow up with the respective ISC to ensure timely redressal and prompt investor services. Ms. Keerti Gupta can be contacted at the office of the AMC at One IndiaBulls Centre, Tower 1, 17th Floor, Jupiter Mill Compound, 841, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road, Mumbai - 400013. Contact Nos: 1800-22-7000 / 1800-270-7000 (Toll free) Email: care.mutualfunds@adityabirlacapital.com</p> <p>For any grievances with respect to transactions through Stock Exchange Platform for Mutual Funds, the investors should approach either the stock broker or the investor grievance cell of the respective stock exchange.</p>

D. COMPUTATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per Unit of the scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the scheme by the number of Units outstanding under the scheme on the valuation date. The Mutual Fund will value its investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in Schedule VIII of the SEBI Regulations, or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

NAV of Units under the scheme shall be calculated as shown below:

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{Market or Fair Value of the scheme's Investments} \\ &\quad + \text{Current Assets (including accrued income)} \\ &\quad - \text{Current Liabilities and Provisions (including accrued expenses)} \\ \text{NAV (Rs.) per Unit} = &\frac{\text{-----}}{\text{No. of Units outstanding under the scheme}} \end{aligned}$$

The AMC will calculate and disclose the NAV of the scheme on every business day. The NAVs of the Scheme will be calculated upto 4 decimals.

Section IV – FEES AND EXPENSES

This section outlines the expenses that will be charged to the scheme and also about the transaction charges, if any, to be borne by the investors. The information provided under this Section seeks to assist the investor in understanding the expense structure of the Scheme and types of different fees / expenses and their percentage the investor is likely to incur on purchasing and selling the Units of the Scheme.

A. NEW FUND OFFER EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc. All the NFO expenses of the Scheme shall be borne by the AMC.

The entire amount subscribed by the investor subject to deduction of transaction charges, if any, in the scheme during the New Fund Offer will be available to the scheme for investments.

B. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table related to maximum permissible expense below.

Within the limits specified under the SEBI Regulations, the AMC has estimated that the following will be charged to the scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund. Further, any change in the expense ratio will be updated on our website and the same will be communicated to investor via SMS / e-mail 3 working days prior to the effective date of change.

As per Regulation 52(6)(d) of SEBI (MF) Regulations, the total expenses of close-ended including the investment and advisory fees shall not exceed 1.00% of the daily net assets of the Scheme.

In addition to total expense permissible within limits of Regulation 52 (6)(d) of SEBI (MF) Regulations as above, the AMC may charge the following to the scheme in terms of Regulation 52(6A) of SEBI (MF) Regulations:

- (a) Additional expenses not exceeding of 0.30% of daily net assets may be charged to the Scheme, if the new inflows from retail investors[^] from beyond top 30 cities* are at least (i) 30% of gross new inflows in the scheme or (ii) 15% of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher.

[^]As per SEBI circular dated March 25, 2019, inflows of amount upto Rs 2,00,000/- per transaction, by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from "retail investor".

*Beyond Top 30 (B30) cities shall mean beyond top 30 cities based on Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) data on 'AUM by Geography - Consolidated Data for Mutual Fund Industry' as at the end of the previous financial year.

In case inflows from beyond such cities is less than the higher of (i) or (ii) mentioned above, such additional expense on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis in accordance with SEBI Circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012.

Inflows from corporates and institutions from B-30 cities will not be considered for computing the inflows from B-30 cities for the purpose of additional TER of 30 basis points.

The expense so charged shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities. However, the amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

- (b) Brokerage and transaction costs incurred for the execution of trades and included in the cost of investment, not exceeding 0.12 per cent of the value of trades of cash market transactions. Thus, in terms of SEBI circular CIR/IMD/DF/24/2012 dated November 19, 2012, it is hereby clarified that the brokerage and transaction costs incurred for the execution of trades may be capitalized to the extent of 0.12 per cent of the value of trades of cash market transactions. Any payment towards brokerage and transaction costs (including Goods and Service Tax (GST), if any) incurred for the execution of trades, over and above the said 0.12 per cent for cash market transactions may be charged to the scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

The AMC has estimated the following recurring expenses, as detailed in table related to maximum permissible expense below. The expenses are estimated on a corpus size of Rs. 100 crores and have been made in good faith as per the information available to the AMC based on past experience and are subject to change inter se.

The purpose of the below table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in the scheme will bear directly or indirectly.

Maximum estimated permissible expense as a % per annum of daily net assets	
A. Expense Head / Nature of expense	% of daily net assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees (AMC fees)	Upto 1%
Trustee Fees	
Registrar & Transfer Agent (RTA) Fees	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
Marketing & Selling expense including agent commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements/allotment advice and dividend/ redemption cheques and warrants	
Costs of Statutory advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)^	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps for cash market trades,	
GST on expenses other than investment management and advisory fees	
GST on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other expenses\$	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52(6)(d)	
B. Additional expense for gross new inflows from specified cities under Regulation 52 (6A) (b) to improve geographical reach of scheme.	Upto 0.30%

\$Listing expenses are part of other expenses.

Note:

- (a) At least 10%# of the TER is charged towards distribution expenses/ commission in the Regular Plan. The TER of the Direct Plan will be lower to the extent of the abovementioned distribution expenses/ commission (at least 10%#) which is charged in the Regular Plan. For eg: In case the TER charged under Regular Plan is 1.00% p.a., then in such case, the TER charged under Direct plan will be lower by at least 0.10% p.a. (i.e. 10% of 1.00% p.a.).
#The expected difference in Total Expense Ratio to be charged to Direct Plan and Regular Plan under the Scheme.
- (b) ^In terms of SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012, the AMC / Mutual Fund shall annually set apart at least 2 basis points (i.e. 0.02%) on daily net assets of the scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio as per Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations for investor education and awareness initiatives.
- (c) In terms of SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012, AMC may charge the following:

- a. **Investment Management and Advisory Fees:** AMC may charge GST on investment management and advisory fees to the scheme in addition to the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.
- b. **Other than Investment Management and Advisory Fees:** AMC may charge GST on expenses other than investment management and advisory fees to the scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations. Further, GST on Brokerage and transaction cost incurred for execution of trades, will be within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.
- (d) **Fungibility of Maximum Permissible expense:** The maximum TER that can be charged to the scheme will be subject to such limits as prescribed under the SEBI (MF) Regulations. The said maximum TER shall either be apportioned under various expense heads as enumerated above, without any sub limit or allocated to any of the said expense head(s) at the discretion of AMC. Also, the types of expenses charged shall be as per the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Investors should note that the total recurring expenses of the scheme excluding issue or redemption expenses, whether initially borne by the Mutual Fund or by the AMC, but including the investment management and advisory fee, shall not exceed the limits as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations. Subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations, expenses over and above the prescribed ceiling will be borne by the AMC.

Illustration: Impact of Expense Ratio on Scheme's return:

Expense ratio, normally expressed as a percentage of Average Assets under Management, is calculated by dividing the permissible expenses under the Regulations by the average net assets.

To further illustrate the above, for the Scheme under reference, suppose an Investor invested Rs. 10,000/- under the Growth Option, the impact of expenses charged will be as under:

	Regular Option			Direct Option		
	Amount (Rs.)	Units	NAV (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)	Units	NAV (Rs.)
Invested in the NFO (A)	10,000.00	1000	10.0000	10,000.00	1,000	10.0000
Value of above investment after 1 year from the date of allotment (post all applicable expenses) (B)	10,648.53	1000	10.6485	10,698.523	1,000	10.6985
Expenses charged during the year (other than Distribution Expenses) (C)	100.00			100.00		
Distribution Expenses charged during the year (D)	50.00			0.00		
Value of above investment after 1 year from the date of allotment (after adding back all expenses charged) (E) [E= B+C+D]	10,798.52	1000	10.7985	10,798.52	1,000	10.7985
Returns (%) (post all applicable expenses) (F) [F= (B-A)/A]	6.49%			6.99%		
Returns (%) (without considering any expenses) (G) [G= (E-A)/A]	7.99%			7.99%		

Note(s):

- The purpose of the above illustration is to purely explain the impact of expense ratio charged to the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee of returns on investments.
- It is assumed that the expenses charged are evenly distributed throughout the year.
- The expenses of the Direct Option under the Scheme will be lower to the extent of the above mentioned distribution expenses/ commission. The NAVs of Direct Plan and Regular Plan will be different.
- Calculations are based on assumed NAVs, and actual returns on your investment may be more, or less.
- Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to consult his or her own financial advisor.

C. TRANSACTION CHARGES

SEBI has, with the intent to enable investment by people with small saving potential and to increase reach of Mutual Fund products in urban areas and in smaller towns, wherein the role of the distributor is considered vital, allowed AMCs vide its circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/13/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011 to deduct transaction charges for subscription of Rs. 10,000/- and above.

In accordance with the said circular, ABSLAMC / Mutual Fund will deduct the transaction charges from the subscription amount and pay to the distributors as shown below (who have opted-in to receive the transaction charges on basis of type of product). Thereafter, the balance of the subscription amount shall be invested.

- Transaction charges shall be deducted for Applications for purchase/ subscription relating to new inflows and routed through distributor / agent:

Investor Type	Transaction charges [^]
First Time Mutual Fund Investor (across Mutual Funds)	Rs 150 for subscription application of Rs. 10,000 and above.
Investor other than First Time Mutual Fund Investor	Rs 100 for subscription application of Rs. 10,000 and above.

- [^]The transaction charge, if any, shall be deducted by the ABSLAMC from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor; and the balance shall be invested and accordingly units allotted. The statement of account shall clearly state the net investment as gross subscription less transaction charge and depict the number of units allotted against the net investment amount.

3. Transaction charges shall not be deducted/applicable for:

- purchases / subscriptions for an amount less than Rs 10,000/-;
 - Transaction other than purchases / subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switches, etc.
 - Purchases / subscriptions made directly with the Mutual Fund (i.e. not routed through any distributor / agent).**
 - Transactions carried out through the Stock Exchange Platforms for Mutual Funds.
- Investor should note that, as per SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/ 168230/09, dated June 30, 2009, the upfront commission, if any, on investment made by the investor shall continue to be paid by the investor directly to the Distributor by a separate cheque, based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the Distributor.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount that is paid by the investor to subscribe to the units or to redeem the units from the scheme. This amount is used by the AMC to pay commissions to the distributor and to take care of other marketing and selling expenses. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com) or may call at 1-800-22-7000/1-800-270-7000 or your distributor.

Type of Load	Load Chargeable (as %age of NAV)
Entry Load*	Nil.
Exit Load	Nil; No redemption/repurchase of units shall be allowed prior to the maturity of the scheme. Investors wishing to exit may do so through stock exchange mode

*In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.4/ 168230/09 dated June 30, 2009, no entry load will be charged by the Scheme to the investor effective August 01, 2009. The upfront commission, if any, on investment made by the investor shall be paid by the investor directly to the Distributor, based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the Distributor.

Exit load charged, if any, by the AMC/Mutual Fund to the unitholder shall be credited to the respective scheme immediately, net of GST, if any.

E. WAIVER OF LOAD FOR DIRECT APPLICATIONS

Not Applicable

Section V - RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS

Please refer to SAI for details.

Section VI - PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

- All disclosures regarding penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s)

are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last three years shall be disclosed.

NIL

2. In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to shareholders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be disclosed.

NIL

3. Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed.

NIL

4. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately.

a. Sun Life Financial Inc. (SLF Inc.) and its subsidiaries are regularly involved in legal actions, a. Sun Life Financial Inc. (SLF Inc.) and its subsidiaries are regularly involved in legal actions, both as a defendant and as a plaintiff. Management does not believe that the conclusion of any current legal matters, either individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on SLF Inc.'s financial condition or results of operations.

b. There are cases pending before the Consumer Redressal Forums, Civil Courts and High Courts. The contingent liability aggregates to Rs. 92.67 lakhs approximately.

5. Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed.

Government and regulatory bodies in Canada, the United States, the United Kingdom and Asia, including provincial and state regulatory bodies, state attorneys general, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and Canadian securities commissions, from time to time make inquiries and require the production of information or conduct examinations concerning compliance by SLF Inc. and its subsidiaries with insurance, securities and other laws. Management does not believe that the conclusion of any current regulatory matters, either individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on SLF Inc.'s financial condition or results of operations.

Asides the above, there is no other disclosure.

Note:

- (a) Further, any amendments / replacement / re-enactment of SEBI Regulations subsequent to the date of the Scheme Information Document shall prevail over those specified in this Document.
- (b) The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Trustees on January 24, 2019. Further, Trustees have obtained in-principle approval from NSE vide letter NSE/LIST/5080 dated January 24, 2019.
- (c) **Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Ltd.

Sd/-

PLACE: MUMBAI
DATE: April 23, 2019

Hemanti Wadhwa
Compliance Officer

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