### Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund



#### Scheme Information Document

### Section - I ADITYA BIRLA SUN LIFE MULTI - ASSET OMNI FOF

(An open ended fund of fund scheme investing in equity-oriented schemes, debt-oriented schemes (including ETFs and Index Funds) and Commodities based schemes)

| • | capital appreciation in the long  | Scheme Risk-o-meter                        | Benchmark Risk-o-meter   |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|
|   | term                              |  | (50% Nifty 500 TRI + 35% NIFTY Short Duration Debt Index + 10% |
|   | investment in portfolio of equity |  | Domestic Price of Physical Gold +                              |
|   | schemes, debt schemes and         |  | 5% Domestic Prices of Silver)                                  |
|   | commodities-based schemes         | The risk of the scheme is <b>Very High</b> | The risk of the benchmark is <b>Very High</b>                  |

<sup>\*</sup>Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt whether the product is suitable for them.

#### Continuous Offer for Units at NAV based prices.

#### NAME OF MUTUAL FUND THE ASSET NAME OF THE TRUSTEE NAME **MANAGEMENT COMPANY COMPANY** ADITYA **BIRLA** SUN LIFE **MUTUAL FUND** ADITYA BIRLA SUN LIFE AMC LIFE **ADITYA BIRLA** SUN LIMITED TRUSTEE PRIVATE LIMITED One World Center, Tower 1, 17th One World Center, Tower 1, 17th One World Center, Tower 1, 17th Floor, Jupiter Mills, Senapati Bapat Floor, Jupiter Mills, Senapati Bapat Floor, Jupiter Mills, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road, Mumbai-Marg, Elphinstone Road, Mumbai -Marg, Elphinstone Road, Mumbai -400013 400 013 400 013 Tel: 43568000 Fax No: 43568110 / 8111 Tel: 43568000 Tel: 43568000 Fax No: 43568110 / 8111 Fax No: 43568110 / 8111 Website www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital. CIN: L65991MH1994PLC080811 CIN: U74899MH1994PTC166755

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on <a href="https://www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com">www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com</a>.





SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated November 28, 2025.



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| ALITHORITY   |          |



#### PART 1. HIGHLIGHTS/ SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

| Sr. No. | Title                         | Description  |  |
|---------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| I.      | Name of the scheme            | Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi – Asset Omni FoF   |  |
| II.     | Category of the Scheme        | Hybrid FOF (Domestic) – Active and Passive Option  |  |
| III.    | Sub category of the<br>Scheme | Multi Asset Allocation FOF   |  |
| IV.     | Scheme type                   | An open ended fund of fund scheme investing in equity-oriented schemes, debt-oriented schemes (including ETFs and Index Funds) and Commodities based schemes.  |  |
| V.      | Scheme code                   | ABSL/O/O/FOD/06/05/0029  |  |
| VI.     | Investment objective          | The primary objective of the Scheme is to generate capital appreciation primarily from a portfolio of active and passive equity, debt and commodities based schemes accessed through diversified investment styles.  |  |
|         |                               | The Scheme does not guarantee/indicate any returns. There is no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.   |  |
| VII.    | Inception date                | August 17, 2006  |  |
| VIII.   | Liquidity/listing details     | The scheme being offered through this Scheme Information Document is an open ended Scheme. The Scheme will offer for purchase/switch-in and redemption/switch-out of units at NAV based prices on every Business Day on an ongoing basis. The Mutual Fund shall transfer the Redemption proceeds within three working days from the date of Redemption or repurchase.                                      |  |
| IX.     |                               |  |  |
|         |                               | Rationale for adoption of benchmark:   |  |
|         |                               | The benchmark has been structured to enable a fair comparison of the performance of schemes investing in various asset classes in which the scheme plans to invest over a period of time. The said benchmark is in line with the asset allocation of the Scheme.   |  |
|         |                               | The Fund reserves the right to modify the benchmark in future for measuring performance of the Scheme.   |  |
| X.      | NAV disclosure                | The NAV will be calculated and disclosed for every Business Day. NAV of the scheme will be calculated up to four decimal places. AMC shall update the NAV on the AMFI website ( <a href="www.amfiindia.com">www.amfiindia.com</a> ) and on the website of the Mutual Fund ( <a href="www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com">www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com</a> ) by 10 am of the next business day. |  |
|         |                               | In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI in writing. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, Mutual Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAVs.   |  |
|         |                               | For Further Details, please refer Section II.  |  |



| XI.   | Applicable timelines   | Dispatch of redemption proceeds:  The Mutual Fund shall transfer the Redemption proceeds within three working days from date of receipt. However, in case of exceptional  |
|-------|--|---|
|       |  | circumstances provided by AMFI vide its letter no. AMFI/ 35P/ MEM-COR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, redemption or repurchase proceeds will be transferred / dispatched to Unitholders within the time frame prescribed for such exceptional circumstances. For further details, investors are requested to refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).  A penal interest of 15% p.a. or such other rate as may be prescribed by |
|       |  | SEBI from time to time, will be paid in case the payment of redemption proceeds is not made within the stipulated timelines.  • Dispatch of IDCW-   |
|       |  | The IDCW payment shall be made to the unitholders within 7 working days from record date.   |
| XII.  | Plans and Options Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme | <ul> <li>Plan- The Scheme will have Regular Plan and Direct Plan with a common portfolio and separate NAVs. Investors should indicate the Plan for which the subscription is made by indicating the choice in the application form.</li> <li>Options under each Plan(s):         <ol> <li>Growth Option and</li> </ol> </li> </ul>  |
|       |  | <ol> <li>Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal ("IDCW") Option with<br/>Payout of IDCW &amp; Reinvestment of IDCW)^</li> <li>*the amounts can be distributed out of investors capital (Equalization<br/>Reserve), which is part of sale price that represents realized gains</li> </ol>  |
|       |  | Default Option/ Sub-Option: Growth Option   |
| XIII. | Load Structure   | For detailed disclosure on default plans and options, kindly refer SAI. <b>Exit Load:</b>   |
|       |  | <ul> <li>For redemption/switch out of units on or before 365 days from the date of allotment: 1.00% of applicable NAV</li> <li>For redemption/switch out of units after 365 days from the date of allotment: Nil</li> </ul>   |
|       |  | The Load Structure is subject to change from time to time and shall be implemented prospectively and will be calculated on First in First Out (FIFO) basis. For further details on Load Structure, please refer Part D of this Scheme Information Document.   |
| XIV.  | Minimum Application<br>Amount/switch in                          | For Lumpsum Investment - Fresh Purchase (Incl. Switch-in): Minimum of Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter  |
|       |  | For Daily, Weekly, Monthly Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) – Minimum of Rs. 100 and in multiples of Re. 1 thereafter.  |
|       |  | Note – For investments made by designated employees of Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited in terms of para 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds , requirement for minimum application/ redemption amount will not be applicable.   |
| XV.   | Minimum Additional<br>Purchase Amount                            | <b>Additional Purchase (Incl. Switch-in):</b> Minimum of Rs.1,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter   |



| XVI.   | Minimum  | Repurchase for all Plans/Options: Re. 1/- and in multiple of Re. 1/-   |  |
|--------|--|--|--|
| AVI.   | Redemption/switch out amount   | thereafter   |  |
|        |  | In case of partial redemption, if the balance amount held in the unitholder's folio/account under the plan/option of the scheme(s) is less than Re.1, then the transaction shall be treated as "All Units' redemption and the entire balance of available units in the folio/account of the unitholder shall be redeemed.  |  |
| XVII.  | Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure   | Not Applicable   |  |
| XVIII. | Swing pricing disclosure   | Not Applicable   |  |
| XIX.   | Stock lending/short selling  | Not Applicable   |  |
| XX.    | How to Apply and other details   | Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from the designated offices / ISCs of AMC or Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the Registrar or distributors or downloaded from <a href="https://www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com">www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com</a> .   |  |
| XXI.   | Flexibility  | Please refer to the Section II for further details.  The Mutual Fund will allow investors the flexibility to switch their investments from any other scheme(s)/plans managed by Mutual Fund, as per the features of the respective scheme, and / or close ended scheme(s) / plans (those close ended scheme(s) / plans launched prior to December 12, 2008) offered by the Mutual Fund on an ongoing basis (subject to completion of lock-in period, if any, of the units of the scheme(s) from where the units are being switched)  |  |
| XXII.  | Investor services  | <ul> <li>Contact details for general service requests:         Investors may contact the ISCs or the office of the AMC for any queries /clarifications.         The Head Office of the AMC will follow up with the respective ISC to ensure timely redressal and prompt investor services.     </li> <li>Contact details for complaint resolution:</li> <li>Ms. Keerti Gupta can be contacted at the office of the AMC at One World Center, Tower 1, 17th Floor, Jupiter Mills, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road, Mumbai – 400013. Contact Nos: 1800-22-7000 / 1800-270-7000 (Toll free)         Email: care.mutualfunds@adityabirlacapital.com     </li> <li>For any grievances with respect to transactions through Stock Exchange Platform for Mutual Funds, the investors should approach either the stock broker or the investor grievance cell of the respective stock exchange.</li> </ul> |  |
| XXIII. | Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable) | Not Applicable   |  |



# XXIV. Special product/facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis

#### SYSTEMATIC INVESTMENT PLAN (SIP)

SIP allows investors to invest money in scheme of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund on a regular basis. Applicants can avail of SIP facility by filling up the relevant application form available at branch offices / ISC / OPTs.

Investors have the option of:

- i. Daily Systematic Investment Plan
- ii. Weekly Systematic Investment Plan
- iii. Monthly Systematic Investment Plan

#### Step-Up SIP:

'Step-Up SIP', is an optional, add-on feature, and an enhancement to Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) facility available under the scheme. This feature enables the investors to enhance/increase SIP installment at predefined intervals by a fixed amount, thus providing the investors a simplified method of aligning SIP installments amounts with increase in earnings over the tenure of SIP.

#### Micro SIP:

As per AMFI notification and Guidelines issued on July 14, 2009, SIPs without life insurance cover or lumpsum by eligible investors where aggregate (under all schemes of Mutual Fund) in a rolling 12 month period or in a financial year i.e. April to March does not exceed Rs. 50,000 (known as "Micro SIP") shall be exempted from the requirement of PAN.

#### **Multi Scheme SIP Facility**

The Facility enables investors to subscribe under various Schemes through SIP using a single application form and payment instruction. All provisions as applicable to investments under the existing Systematic Investment Plans offered under the Schemes of the Fund.

#### Sampoorna SIP\*

Sampoorna SIP will allow investors to invest via Systematic Investment Plan ("SIP") in the eligible schemes of the Fund for a specified duration. Post completion of the SIP tenure, Systematic Withdrawal Plan ("SWP") will commence from the same scheme or different scheme as selected by the investor. Investors can specify any SWP amount of their choice.

\*Sampoorna SIP is renamed as SIP for Life w.e.f. October 29, 2025.

#### **SIP Pause Facility**

As per this Facility the investors will have an option to pause their SIP investment for specified number of instalments and SIP would restart from the immediate month after completion of the pause period specified by the investor.

#### Reinstatement of SIP Pause:

As per this facility, investors can reinstate their paused SIP at any time by submitting a written request through physical mode 10 business days prior to the immediate next SIP date. For requests received at shorter notice i.e., less than 10 business days from SIP due date, SIP will be re-instated from



the subsequent installment.

#### SYSTEMATIC TRANSFER PLAN

STP allows the Investors to invest by transfer of a fixed amount from any of the following schemes to any open ended scheme of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund.

#### Value Systematic Transfer Plan (Value STP):

Value Systematic Transfer Plan, is a facility (hereinafter referred as 'Value STP') wherein Unit holder(s) of eligible open-ended Scheme(s) of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund [hereinafter referred to as "Fund"] can opt to systematically transfer amount(s), which may vary based on the value of investments already made/transferred under this facility, on the date of transfer at pre-determined intervals from open-ended Scheme(s) of the Fund [hereinafter referred to as "Transferor Scheme"] to the Growth Option of open-ended equity Scheme(s) of the Fund

#### **Capital Appreciation Transfer Plan (CATP):**

Capital Appreciation Transfer Plan (CATP) is a facility wherein the Unitholders can opt for the Systematic Transfer Plan by providing instruction to transfer capital appreciation at regular intervals - Monthly or Quarterly under the open-ended Scheme(s) of the Fund (except ETFs of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund).

#### Turbo Systematic Transfer Plan ("Turbo STP") Facility.

Aditya Birla Sun Life Turbo Systematic Transfer Plan ("Turbo STP") is a facility wherein unit holder(s) can opt to transfer variable amount(s) from designated open ended Scheme(s) of the Fund [referred to as "Source Scheme"] to the designated open ended Scheme(s) of the Fund [referred to as "Target Scheme"] at defined intervals.

The Scheme will be available as a Target Scheme in Turbo Systematic Transfer Plan ("Turbo STP") Facility.

#### SYSTEMATIC WITHDRAWAL PLAN

Investors can fulfill their regular income needs by giving standing instructions about the amount to be withdrawn every month or quarter/half yearly/annual basis. Further a unitholder can withdraw a specified sum of money on from the investments in the eligible open ended schemes of the fund. While a fixed sum will be paid on request and the remaining part of the investment will continue to earn returns.

#### SWITCHING

#### Inter - Scheme Switching option

Unit holders under the Scheme have the option to Switch part or all of their Unit holdings in the Scheme to other schemes managed by the Mutual Fund and vice versa, as per the features of the respective scheme.

#### Intra-Scheme Switching option:

Unit holders under the Scheme have the option to Switch their Unit holdings from Growth option to IDCW option or vice-versa.

#### WEB BASED TRANSACTIONS



|      |         | TRANSACTIONS THROUGH STOCK EXCHANGE PLATFORM FOR  |  |
|------|---------|---|--|
|      |         | <ul> <li>TRANSACTIONS THROUGH STOCK EXCHANGE PLATFORM FOR<br/>MUTUAL FUNDS:</li> <li>ABSLAMC, shall enter into arrangements with NSE and BSE to facilitate<br/>purchase / subscription and redemption / repurchase of units of the scheme<br/>on an ongoing basis at any time after the scheme reopens for purchase and<br/>sale.</li> </ul>  |  |
|      |         | • TRANSACTION THROUGH MOBILE PHONES (MOBILE INVESTMENT MANAGER FACILITY):   |  |
|      |         | AMC has entered into an arrangement with a service provider for facilitating certain transactions in units of the designated Scheme/s (except for Open ended Liquid schemes i.e. ABSL Liquid Fund, ABSL Money Manager Fund and ABSL Overnight Fund) of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund by the existing investors which, interalia, requires registration process to be complied with by the investor. |  |
|      |         | • TRANSACTIONSTHROUGHSMS-'SMS TRANSACT':  Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited has decided to facilitate certain transactions through 'SMS' in units of Schemes offered through this SID, by the existing unitholders which, interalia, requires registration process to be complied with by the unitholder.   |  |
|      |         | TRANSACTION THROUGH MF UTILITY     MF Utility ("MFU") - a shared services initiative of various Asset Management Companies, which acts as a transaction aggregation portal for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds with a single form and a single payment instrument.  |  |
|      |         | Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited has entered into arrangement with MF Utilities India Private Limited (MFUI), a "Category II - Registrar to an Issue" under SEBI (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 to facilitate financial transactions viz. purchase / subscription and redemption / repurchase of units of the scheme and non-financial transactions.             |  |
|      |         | For further details of above special products / facilities including the terms and conditions, kindly refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).   |  |
| XXV. | Weblink | TER for last 6 months and Daily TER – <a href="https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/total-expense-ratio">https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/total-expense-ratio</a>   |  |
|      |         | <ul> <li>Scheme factsheet - <a href="https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/factsheets">https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/factsheets</a></li> </ul>  |  |



#### **DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY**

The Asset Management Company confirms that a Due Diligence Certificate duly signed by the Compliance Officer of Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited, has been submitted to SEBI on November 28, 2025 which reads as follows:

#### **Due Diligence Certificate**

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document forwarded to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the proposed scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields, etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- (vi) The AMC has complied with the set of checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi Asset Omni FoF approved by them is a new product offered by Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Sd/-

PLACE: Mumbai

DATE: November 28, 2025

Mr. Parth Makwana Compliance Officer



#### Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

#### A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation of the Scheme will be as follows:

| Instruments                           | Indicative Allocations (% of total Assets) |         |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------|
|                                       | Minimum                                    | Maximum |
| Active and Passive Equity Schemes     | 10%  | 80%     |
| Active and Passive Debt Schemes       | 10%  | 80%     |
| Commodities ETFs*                     | 10%  | 50%     |
| Cash, Money Market & Debt instruments | 0%   | 5%      |

<sup>\*</sup> Including Gold, Silver & other commodities ETFs as permitted.

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

| Sr. no | Type of Instrument                              | Percentage of exposure                                      | Circular references |
|--------|---|---|---------------------|
| 1.     | Equity Derivatives for non-<br>hedging purposes | The Scheme will not invest in derivatives.                  | N.A.                |
| 2.     | Securitized Debt                                | The Scheme will not invest in securitized debt instruments. | N.A.                |
| 3.     | Short selling                                   | The Scheme will not engage in short selling.                | N.A.                |

#### **Underlying Schemes:**

- All Equity and Debt Oriented Mutual Fund Schemes managed by Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund and other Fund houses.
- 2. Commodities exposure as per the asset allocation table would be taken through ETFs managed by Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund and other Fund houses.

The underlying scheme may have exposure to any of the above instruments as per the asset allocation.

Money Market Instruments include commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government Securities having an unexpired maturity upto one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, Tri-party Repo on Government securities or treasury bills and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. SEBI vide letter dated November 3, 2021 has clarified that Cash Equivalent shall consist of Government Securities, T-Bills and Repo on Government Securities.

In line with para 12.24 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds, the cumulative gross exposure to equity and debt schemes (active and passive), commodity ETFs, money market instruments and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the Board from time to time subject to regulatory approvals, if any should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.

#### Portfolio Rebalancing

#### Rebalancing due to Short Term Defensive Consideration

Due to market conditions, the AMC may invest beyond the range set out in the asset allocation. Such deviations shall normally be for a short term and defensive considerations as per para 1.14.1.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds, and the fund manager will rebalance the portfolio within 30 calendar days from the date of deviation.

#### Rebalancing due to Passive Breach:

Further, as per para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds, as may be amended from time to time, in the event of all passive breaches (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of the AMC), the fund manager shall rebalance the portfolio of the Scheme within 30 Business Days. In case the portfolio of the Scheme is not rebalanced within the period of 30 Business Days, justification in writing, including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee of the AMC. The Investment Committee, if it so desires, can extend the timeline for rebalancing up to sixty (60) Business Days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. Further, in case the portfolio is not rebalanced within the aforementioned mandated plus extended timelines the AMC shall comply with the prescribed restrictions, the reporting and disclosure requirements as specified in para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds.

#### **B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?**

Subject to the Regulations and other prevailing laws as applicable, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:

- 1. Units of Active and Passive Equity Schemes;
- 2. Units of Active and Passive Debt Schemes;
- 3. Units of Commodities based schemes;
- 4. Units of Money Market Instruments;
- 5. Money Market Instruments include Commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity upto one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bill and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India/SEBI from time to time subject to regulatory approvals, if any.
- 6. Any other instruments as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time.

#### C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The Scheme shall follow an active investment strategy. The Scheme will invest predominantly in the existing and / or prospective schemes of Aditya Birla Sun life Mutual Fund, units of third party domestic mutual funds and commodity-based schemes. Depending upon the market conditions and in the interest of the investors, the Fund Manager shall decide allocation to various schemes of mutual fund(s). The scheme allocates its net assets dynamically between equity, debt, and commodities. The scheme invests in Money Market Securities as per the prevailing regulations from time to time, only for the purpose of liquidity requirements. The Scheme will allocate its assets between various asset classes depending on the in-house valuation model.

#### D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The performance of the scheme will be benchmarked to the performance of the 50% Nifty 500 TRI + 35% NIFTY Short Duration Debt Index + 10% Domestic Price of Physical Gold + 5% Domestic Prices of Silver.

#### Rationale for adoption of benchmark:

The benchmark has been structured to enable a fair comparison of the performance of schemes investing in various asset classes in which the scheme plans to invest over a period of time. The said benchmark is in line with the asset allocation of the Scheme.

The Fund reserves the right to modify the benchmark in future for measuring performance of the Scheme.

#### E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?



Mr. Vinod Bhat and Mr. Dhaval Joshi would be the designated Fund Managers of the Scheme.

| Name              | Age       | Educational Qualifications             | Experience  | Managing Scheme<br>Since | Tenure       |
|-------------------|-----------|--|---|--------------------------|--------------|
| Mr. Vinod<br>Bhat | 51<br>yrs | B Tech(IIT),<br>MBA( Wharton<br>), CFA | Mr. Bhat has experience of over 25 years with over 15 years in the financial markets and investment banking space. He has been associated with ABSLAMC since July 2018 as Head of Investor Communications (Investments - Equity).  Prior to joining ABSLAMC, he was the Vice President - Corporate Strategy and Business Development with Aditya Birla Management Corporation Pvt. Ltd. He had also worked with Ocean Park Advisors (USA) as a Senior Associate - Investment Banking. He was also an Associate - Investment Banking with Credit Suisse (USA). |                          | 6.1<br>years |

#### Names of other schemes under his management:

| Name of the scheme   | Fund responsibilities jointly with |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi-Asset Passive FOF              | Dhaval Joshi                       |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Dynamic Asset Allocation<br>Omni FOF | -                                  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Conservative Hybrid Active FOF       | -                                  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Aggressive Hybrid Omni FOF           | -                                  |

| Name                   | Age         | Educational<br>Qualifications | Experience   | Managing<br>Scheme<br>Since | Tenure    |
|------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------|
| Mr.<br>Dhaval<br>Joshi | 40<br>years | MBA (Finance),<br>M.Com       | He has experience of over 18 years in equity research and investments. Prior to joining Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited, he was associated with Sundaram Mutual Fund (India) Ltd. for around 5 years. He has also worked as a research analyst with Emkay Global Financial Services and Asit C Mehta Investment Intermediates Ltd. | 2022                        | 2.9 years |

#### Names of other schemes under his management:

| Name of the scheme                            | Fund responsibilities jointly with                 |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi-Asset Passive FOF | Mr. Vinod Bhat                                     |  |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Bal Bhavishya Yojna     | Mr. Chanchal Khandelwal & Mr. Harshil<br>Suvarnkar |  |  |



| Name of the scheme  | Fund responsibilities jointly with                        |  |
|---|---|--|
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Banking and Financial Services Fund   | Mr. Dhaval Gala   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Business Cycle Fund                   | Mr. Harish Krishnan & Mr. Dhaval Gala                     |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Dividend Yield Fund                   | Mr. Dhaval Gala   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Large & Mid Cap Fund                  | Mr. Vishal Gajwani  |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Equity Hybrid '95 Fund                | Mr. Chanchal Khandelwal & Mr. Harshil<br>Suvarnkar        |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life ESG Integration Strategy Fund         | Mr. Chanchal Khandelwal                                   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life US Equity Passive FOF                 | -   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Global Emerging Opportunities Fund    | -   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Flexi Cap Fund                        | Mr. Harish Krishnan                                       |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Focused Fund                          | Mr. Kunal Sangoi  |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Large Cap Fund                        | Mr. Mahesh Patil  |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Digital India Fund                    | Mr. Kunal Sangoi  |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Global Excellence Equity Fund of Fund | -   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Consumption Fund                           | Mr. Chanchal Khandelwal                                   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Infrastructure Fund                   | Mr. Mahesh Patil & Mr. Jonas Bhutta                       |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life International Equity Fund             | -   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Manufacturing Equity Fund             | Mr. Harish Krishnan                                       |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Midcap Fund                           | Mr. Vishal Gajwani  |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life MNC Fund                              | Mr. Chanchal Khandelwal                                   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi-Cap Fund                        | Mr. Abhinav Khandelwal & Mr. Harshil<br>Suvarnkar         |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Pharma & Healthcare Fund              | Mr. Dhaval Shah   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life PSU Equity Fund                       | Mr. Dhaval Gala   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Value Fund                            | Mr. Kunal Sangoi  |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Retirement Fund -The 30's Plan        | Mr. Jonas Bhutta  |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Retirement Fund -The 40's Plan        | Mr. Chanchal Khandelwal & Mr. Harshil<br>Suvarnkar        |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Small Cap Fund                        | Mr. Abhinav Khandelwal                                    |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Special Opportunities Fund            | Mr. Dhaval Gala   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life ELSS Tax Saver Fund                   | Mr. Dhaval Shah   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi Asset Allocation Fund           | Mr. Dhaval Gala, Mr. Bhupesh Bameta & Mr. Sachin Wankhede |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Transportation and Logistics Fund     | Mr. Dhaval Gala   |  |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Quant Fund                            | Mr. Harish Krishnan                                       |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Mr. Dhaval Joshi ceased to be the Fund Manager of the Scheme w.e.f. October 2, 2025.

#### F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

Following are the Fund of Fund schemes of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund as on September 30, 2025:

#### Name of the Schemes

• Aditya Birla Sun Life Income Plus Arbitrage Active FOF



- Aditya Birla Sun Life Dynamic Asset Allocation Omni FOF
- Aditya Birla Sun Life Global Emerging Opportunities Fund
- Aditya Birla Sun Life Global Excellence Equity Fund of Fund
- Aditya Birla Sun Life Gold Fund
- Aditya Birla Sun Life US Equity Passive FOF
- Aditya Birla Sun Life Silver ETF Fund of Fund
- Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi Asset Passive FOF
- Aditya Birla Sun Life US Treasury 3-10 year Bond ETFs Fund of Funds
- Aditya Birla Sun Life Conservative Hybrid Active FOF
- Aditya Birla Sun Life US Treasury 1-3 year Bond ETFs Fund of Funds
- Aditya Birla Sun Life Aggressive Hybrid Omni FOF

For detailed comparative table, kindly refer <a href="https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/disclosures">https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/disclosures</a>

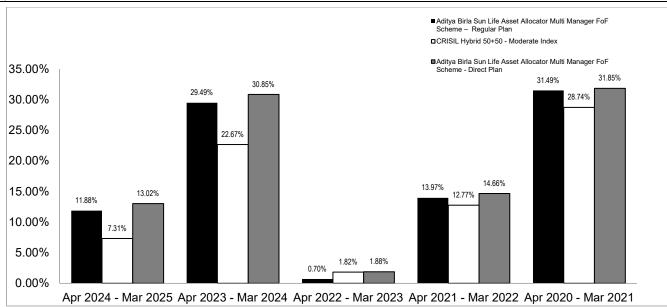
#### G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

#### I. PERFORMANCE OF THE SCHEMES AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2025:

| Returns   | Last 1 Year | Last 3 years | Last 5 Years | Since Inception |
|---|-------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi – Asset Omni<br>FOF - Direct Plan<br>Inception - January 01, 2013   | 5.17        | 18.07        | 17.46        | 12.49           |
| 50% Nifty 500 TRI + 35% NIFTY Short<br>Duration Debt Index + 10% Domestic<br>Price of Physical Gold + 5% Domestic<br>Prices of Silver | 7.24        | 15.99        | 15.59        | 11.26           |
| Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi – Asset Omni<br>FoF - Regular Plan<br>Inception - August 17, 2006   | 4.14        | 16.84        | 16.37        | 10.55           |
| 50% Nifty 500 TRI + 35% NIFTY Short<br>Duration Debt Index + 10% Domestic<br>Price of Physical Gold + 5% Domestic<br>Prices of Silver | 7.24        | 15.99        | 15.59        | -               |

**Note:** Past performance may or may not be sustained in future. Returns are in % and absolute returns for period less than 1 year & Compounded Annualized Growth returns (CAGR) for period 1 year or more. Load and taxes not considered. Where benchmark returns are not available, they have not been shown. Returns are calculated on Growth Option NAV.

#### II. ABSOLUTE RETURNS FOR THE PERIOD (FY APR-MAR)



Aditya Birla Sun Life Asset Allocator Multi Manager FOF is renamed as Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi-Asset Omni FOF w.e.f. August 31, 2025.

Note: Past performance may or may not be sustained in future. Returns are in % and absolute returns for period less than 1 year & CAGR for period 1 year or more. Load and taxes not considered.

#### H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

- i. Scheme's portfolio holdings i.e. Top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors Kindly refer for details <a href="https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/disclosures">https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/disclosures</a>
- ii. Portfolio Disclosure Kindly refer for details https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/portfolio
- iii. Portfolio Turnover Rate: 0.02

### iv. Aggregate investment in the Scheme by Concerned scheme's Fund Manager(s) as at September 30, 2025:

| Sr. No. | Scheme's Fund<br>Manager | Plans/Options        | Net Value |                       | Market Value (in Rs.) |
|---------|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|         |                          |                      | Units     | NAV per unit (in Rs.) |                       |
| 1.      | Mr. Vinod Bhat           | Direct Plan – Growth | 38,527.08 | 36.0431               | 13,88,635.40          |
| 2.      | Mr. Dhaval Joshi         | Direct Plan – Growth | 75.94     | 36.0431               | 2,737.00              |

For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard, kindly refer SAI.

#### v. Investments of AMC in the Scheme:

Pursuant to Regulation 25(16A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, 1996 and para 6.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds , AMC shall not be required to invest minimum amount as a percentage of AUM in the Scheme.

The AMC may invest in the scheme during the continuous offer period subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations,

1996. As per the existing SEBI (MF) Regulations, the AMC will not charge investment management and advisory fee on the investment made by it in the scheme. The Sponsor, Trustee and their associates or associate may invest in the scheme on an ongoing basis subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations & circulars issued by SEBI and to the extent permitted by its Board of Directors from time to time.

Link to view the same: https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/disclosures

#### Part III- OTHER DETAILS

#### A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per Unit of the scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the scheme by the number of Units outstanding under the scheme on the valuation date. The Mutual Fund will value its investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in Schedule VIII of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

NAV of Units under the scheme shall be calculated as shown below:

Market or Fair Value of the scheme's Investments + Current Assets (including accrued income)

- Current Liabilities and Provisions (including accrued expenses)

NAV (Rs.) per Unit =

declaration of the first IDCW.

No. of Units outstanding under the scheme

The AMC will calculate and disclose the NAV of the scheme on every business day. The NAVs of the Scheme will be calculated upto four decimals. NAVs of the growth option and IDCW option will be different after the

The Fund shall value its investments according to the valuation norms as specified in the Eighth Schedule of the Regulations, or such guidelines / recommendations as may be specified by SEBI from time to time. The broad valuation norms are detailed in the Statement of Additional Information.

#### Illustration of computation of NAV:

If the net assets of the Scheme are Rs.10,55,34,567.12 and units outstanding are 100,00,000, then the NAV per unit will be computed as follows:

10,55,34,567.12 / 100,00,000 = Rs. 10.5534 p.u. (rounded off to four decimals)

In accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations, while determining the price of the units, the mutual fund shall ensure that the repurchase price of the scheme is not lower than 97 per cent of the Net Asset Value.

#### Methodology for calculation of sale and re-purchase price of the units:

- Subscription / Switch-in (from other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) (This is the price investor need to pay for purchase/switch-in)
   If the applicable NAV is Rs. 10/- and since there will be no entry load, then the purchase price will be Rs. 10/-
- Redemption / Switch out (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund)(This is the price investor will receive at the time of redemption/ switch-out)
   If the applicable NAV is Rs. 10/- and exit load is 0.5% then sale price will be 10 (10 \* 0.5%) = 10 0.05 = Rs. 9.95/-

Note: Where as a result of a Redemption/ Switch arising out of excess holding by an investor beyond 25% of the net assets of the schemes in the manner envisaged under para 6.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds, such Redemption / Switch will not be subject to Exit load.



For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI.

#### **B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES**

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationery, bank charges etc. All the NFO expenses of the Scheme shall be borne by the AMC.

The entire amount subscribed by the investor subject to deduction of transaction charges, if any, in the scheme during the New Fund Offer will be available to the scheme for investments.

#### C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table related to maximum permissible expense below:

Within the limits specified under the SEBI Regulations, the AMC has estimated that the following will be charged to the scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund. Further, any change in the expense ratio will be updated on our website and the same will be communicated to investor via SMS / e-mail 3 working days prior to the effective date of change.

As per Regulation 52(6)(a)(i) of SEBI (MF) Regulations, the total expense ratio of the scheme including the investment and advisory fees shall not exceed 2.00 per cent of the daily net assets.

Provided that the total expense ratio to be charged over and above the weighted average of the total expense ratio of the underlying scheme shall not exceed two times the weighted average of the total expense ratio levied by the underlying scheme(s), subject to the overall ceiling mentioned in Regulation 52(6)(a)(ii).

In addition to total expense permissible within limits of Regulation 52 (6)(a)(i) of SEBI (MF) Regulations as above, the AMC may charge the following to the scheme in terms of Regulation 52(6A) of SEBI (MF) Regulations:

- (a) Brokerage and transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution of trade shall be charged to the schemes as provided under Regulation 52 (6A) (a) upto 12 bps and 5 bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. In terms of para 10.1.14 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds, any payment towards brokerage and transaction costs (including GST, if any) incurred for the execution of trades, over and above the said 0.12 per cent for cash market transactions may be charged to the scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations..
- (b) Additional expenses incurred towards different heads mentioned under Regulations 52(2) and 52(4) of SEBI (MF) Regulations, not exceeding 0.05 per cent of daily net assets of the scheme.

The AMC has estimated the following recurring expenses, as detailed in table related to maximum permissible expense below. The expenses are estimated have been made in good faith as per the information available to the AMC based on past experience and are subject to change inter se.

The purpose of the below table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in the scheme will bear directly or indirectly.

Maximum estimated permissible expense as a % per annum of daily net assets:

| Expense Head   | % p.a. of daily Net<br>Assets* |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Investment Management & Advisory Fee   |                                |
| Audit fees/fees and expenses of trustees   |                                |
| Custodial Fees   | Upto 2.00%                     |
| Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost of providing account statements / IDCW / redemption cheques/ warrants |                                |



| Marketing & Selling Expenses including Agents Commission and statutory advertisement |              |
|--|--------------|
| Costs related to investor communications   |              |
| Costs of fund transfer from location to location                                     |              |
| Cost towards investor education & awareness  |              |
| Brokerage & transaction cost pertaining to distribution of units                     |              |
| Goods & Services Tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees             |              |
| Goods & Services Tax on brokerage and transaction cost ^                             |              |
| Other Expenses (to be specified as per Reg 52 of SEBI MF Regulations)                |              |
| Maximum Total expenses ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52                   | Upto 2.00%   |
| (6) (c)  | Opto 2:00 70 |
| Additional expenses under Regulations 52(6A)(c)**                                    | Upto 0.05%   |

The above estimates for recurring expense are for indicative purposes only and have been made in good faith as per the information available to the AMC based on past experience.

#### Note:

(a) The TER of the Direct Plan will be lower to the extent of the abovementioned distribution expenses/commission which is charged in the Regular Plan.

In terms of para 10.1.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds, Fund of Funds (FoFs) investing more than 80% of its NAV in the underlying domestic funds shall not be required to set aside 2bps of the daily net assets towards investor education and awareness initiatives.

- (b) In terms of para 10.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds , AMC may charge the following Fees and expenses as mentioned below:
  - a. **Investment Management and Advisory Fees:** AMC may charge GST on investment management and advisory fees to the Scheme in addition to the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.
  - b. Other than Investment Management and Advisory Fees: AMC may charge GST on expenses other than investment management and advisory fees to the Scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations. Further, GST on Brokerage and transaction cost incurred for execution of trades, will be within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.
- (c) Additional Expenses upto 0.05% of daily net assets as permissible under Regulation 52 (6A) (c) may be charged by AMC under different heads of expenses mentioned under Regulation 52 (2) and (4) and more specifically stated in table above.
- (d) Maximum Permissible expense: The maximum total expense ratio (TER) that can be charged to the Scheme will be subject to such limits as prescribed under the SEBI (MF) Regulations. The said maximum TER shall either be apportioned under various expense heads as enumerated above, without any sub limit or allocated to any of the said expense head(s) at the discretion of AMC. Also, the types of expenses charged shall be as per the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Investors should note that all scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors will necessarily be paid from the Scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the ABSLAMC, its associate, sponsor, trustee or any other entity through any route.

The total recurring expenses of the Scheme excluding issue or redemption expenses, whether initially borne by the Mutual Fund or by the AMC, but including the investment management and advisory fee, shall not exceed the limits as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on schemes returns:

<sup>\*\*</sup>such expenses shall not be charged to the scheme where the exit load is not levied or applicable.

<sup>^</sup> over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively.



Expense ratio, normally expressed as a percentage of Average Assets under Management, is calculated by dividing the permissible expenses under the Regulations by the average net assets.

To further illustrate the above, for the Scheme under reference, suppose an Investor invested Rs. 10,000/- the impact of expenses charged will be as under:

| Particulars   | Regular Plan<br>(Rs.) | Direct Plan (Rs.) |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Amount invested at the beginning of the year (A)                                      | 10,000                | 10,000            |
| Value of above investment at the end of the year (before all applicable expenses) (B) | 11,500                | 11,500            |
| Returns before expenses (C)   | 1,500                 | 1,500             |
| Expenses other than Distribution expenses(D)  | 150                   | 150               |
| Distribution expenses(E)  | 50                    | -                 |
| Value of above investment at the end of the year (post all applicable expenses) (F)   | 11,300                | 11,350            |
| Returns after expenses at the end of the year (G)                                     | 1300                  | 1350              |
| Returns (%) (post all applicable expenses) (H) [H=(F-A)/A]                            | 13%                   | 13.5%             |
| [E= (B-A)/A]  |                       |                   |
| Returns (%) (without considering any expenses) (I) [I= (B-A)/A]                       | 15%                   | 15%               |

#### Note(s):

- The purpose of the above illustration is to purely explain the impact of expense ratio charged to the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee of returns on investments.
- It is assumed that the expenses charged are evenly distributed throughout the year.
- The expenses of the Direct Option under the Scheme will be lower to the extent of the above-mentioned distribution expenses/ commission. The NAVs of Direct Plan and Regular Plan will be different.
- Calculations are based on assumed NAVs, and actual returns on your investment may be more, or less.
- Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to consult his or her own financial advisor.
- The investors of the Scheme shall bear the recurring expenses of the Scheme in addition to the expenses of the underlying schemes.

#### D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com) or may call at 1-800-22-7000/1-800-270-7000 or your distributor.

| Type of Load | Load Chargeable (as %age of NAV)  |
|--------------|---|
| Exit Load    | <ul> <li>For redemption/ switch out of units within 365 days from the date of allotment: 1% of the applicable NAV.</li> <li>For redemption/ switch out of units after 365 days from the date of allotment: Nil</li> </ul> |

<sup>\*</sup>In terms of para 10.4.1.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds , no entry load will be charged by the Scheme to the investor.



- No Exit Loads will be chargeable in case of switches made from Growth option to IDCW option or vice-versa
  within the respective Plans offered under the Scheme
- No entry or exit load shall be charged in respect of units issued to unitholders on Reinvestments of IDCW and units issued to unitholders as Bonus units.
- No exit load will be charged in case of switch of investments from Regular Plan to Direct Plan and vice versa.
- The above Load shall be applicable in case SIP/STP/SWP transactions.
- Pursuant to para 10.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds, exit load charged, if any, by the AMC/Mutual Fund to the unitholders shall be credited to the Scheme immediately, net of GST, if any.

#### The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the scheme before investing.

AMC reserves the right to change / modify the Load structure under the schemes if it so deems fit in the interest of smooth and efficient functioning of the Mutual Fund. AMC reserves the right to introduce / modify the Load depending upon the circumstances prevailing at that time subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Any imposition or enhancement of Load in future as may be permitted under SEBI (MF) Regulations shall be applicable on prospective investments only and will be calculated on First in First Out (FIFO) basis. However, AMC shall not charge any load on issue of bonus units and units allotted on reinvestment of IDCW for existing as well as prospective investors. At the time of changing the Load Structure following measures would be undertaken to avoid complaints from investors about investment in the schemes without knowing the loads:

- I. The addendum detailing the changes would be attached to Scheme Information Document and Key Information Document. The addendum will be circulated to all the distributors / brokers so that the same can be attached to all Scheme Information Documents and Key Information Documents already in stock.
- II. Arrangements will be made to display the addendum in the Scheme Information Document in the form of a notice in all the Investor Service Centres and distributors / brokers office.
- III. The introduction of the Exit Load alongwith the details would be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and would also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load.
- IV. Any other measure which the AMC/Mutual Fund may feel necessary.

For any change in load structure AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/Investor Service Centres

#### E. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The Scheme shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme. In case the Scheme does not have a minimum of 20 investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall also be complied within each subsequent calendar quarter thereafter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days' notice to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.



#### Section II

#### I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

#### A. DEFINITIONS/INTERPRETATION

In this Scheme Information Document, the words and expressions shall have the meaning specified in the following link, unless the context otherwise requires.

https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/disclosures

#### Interpretation

For all purposes of this Scheme Information Document, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires, the terms defined in this Scheme Information Document include the plural as well as the singular. Pronouns having a masculine or feminine gender shall be deemed to include the other. Words and expressions used herein but not defined herein shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them therein under the SEBI Act or the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

All references to "Master Circular" refer to Master Circular for Mutual Funds issued by SEBI dated June 27, 2024 as amended from time to time.

#### **B. RISK FACTORS**

For Standard Risk Factors, kindly refer Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

#### - SCHEME SPECIFIC RISK FACTORS

- The NAV's of the Scheme(s) may be affected by the changes in the general market conditions, factors and forces affecting the capital markets in particular, level of interest rates, various market related factors and trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures, currency exchange rates, changes in the government policies, taxation laws, any other policies, political and economic developments etc.
- In the event of receipt of an inordinately large number of redemption requests and inability of the Underlying Scheme(s) to generate enough liquidity because of market conditions, there may be delays in redemption of units.
- The liquidity of the Scheme(s) investments is inherently restricted by liquidity of Underlying Scheme.
- o Unitholders of the Scheme(s) are not being offered any guarantee / assured returns.
- Changes in government policy in general and in tax benefits applicable to mutual funds may impact the returns to investors in the Scheme(s).
- The Scheme is managed via a ABSLAMC process of investment management. Under the process, collections in the Scheme(s) are invested in the different underlying scheme of mutual funds. The ABSLAMC Investment Team monitors and reviews such FoF investments in underlying Scheme on an ongoing basis.
- The Scheme(s) returns can be impacted by issues pertaining to the NAV's of underlying Scheme of mutual funds where the Scheme has invested. These could be issues such as uncharacteristic performance, changes in the business ownership and / or investment process, key staff departures etc.
- The returns of the Scheme(s) will depend on the choice of underlying scheme of mutual funds and allocation of capital to underlying scheme by the ABSLAMC Investment Team. An inappropriate decision in either or both may have an adverse impact on the returns of the FoF Scheme.
- The NAVs of the underlying scheme(s) where the Scheme have invested may be impacted generally by factors affecting securities markets, such as price and volume volatility in the capital markets, interest rates, currency exchange rates, changes in government policies, taxation laws or any other appropriate policies and other political and economic developments. Consequently, the NAV of the Scheme may fluctuate accordingly.



- Trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of the investments made by the underlying scheme of mutual funds wherein the Scheme has invested. As a result, the time taken by the Mutual Fund for the redemption of units may be significant in the event of a high number of redemption requests or a restructuring of the scheme. In view of the above, the Trustee has a right in its sole discretion, to limit redemptions under certain circumstances as described under the section titled Right to Limit Redemptions.
- The investors will bear the recurring expenses of the Scheme(s) in addition to the expenses of the Underlying Scheme in which Investments are made by the scheme, wherever applicable.
- o If the AMC were to charge an Exit load and the underlying scheme do not waive/exempt the Exit Load charged on redemptions, the investors will incur load expenses on two occasions. First, on their redemptions/ switch- out in the options under the Scheme and second, on the Scheme's redemption / switch-out in the options under the underlying scheme.
- The tax benefits available to the FoF Scheme(s) are the same as those available under the current taxation laws and subject to relevant conditions. The information given is included for general purposes only and is based on advice that the AMC has received regarding the law and the practice that is currently in force in India. The investors and the unitholders should be aware that the relevant fiscal rules and their interpretation may change. As is the case with any investment, there can be no guarantee that the tax position or the proposed tax position prevailing at the time of investment in the Scheme will endure indefinitely. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each investor/unitholder is advised to consult his/her own professional tax advisor.
- There will be no prior intimation or prior indication given to the Unit holders when the composition/ asset allocation pattern under the scheme changes within the broad range defined in this offer document.
- The scheme specific risk factors of each of the underlying scheme become applicable where a fund of funds invests in any underlying scheme. Investors who intend to invest in Fund of Funds are required to and are deemed to have read and understood the risk factors of the underlying scheme relevant to the Fund of Funds Scheme that they invest in.
- As the investors are incurring expenditure at both the Fund of Funds level and the scheme into which
  the Fund of Funds invests, wherever applicable, the returns that they may obtain may be materially
  impacted or may at times be lower than the returns that investors directly investing in such scheme
  obtain.
- As the Fund of Funds scheme may shift the weightage of investments between scheme into which it invests, the expenses charged being dependent on the structure of the underlying scheme (being different) may lead to a non- uniform charging of expenses over a period of time.
- As the Fund of Funds (FOF) factsheets and disclosures of portfolio will be limited to providing the
  particulars of the scheme invested at FOF level, investors may not be able to obtain specific details of
  the investments of the underlying scheme.
- The NAV of the scheme to the extent invested in Money market securities, are likely to be affected by changes in the prevailing rates of interest and are likely to affect the value of the Scheme's holdings and thus the value of the Scheme's Units.
- o Investment decisions made by the AMC may not always be profitable.
- Investments in underlying equity schemes will have all the risks associated with the underlying equity schemes including performance of underlying stocks, derivative investments, off shore investments, security lending, etc.

#### RISK FACTORS ASSOCIATED WITH INVESTMENTS IN FIXED INCOME SECURITIES

- Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk: Fixed income securities such as bonds, debentures and money market instruments run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates.
- Credit Risk: In simple terms this risk means that the issuer of a debenture/ bond or a money market instrument may default on interest payment or even in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even where no default occurs, the price of a security may go down because the credit rating of an issuer goes down. It must, however, be noted that where the Scheme has invested in Government securities, there is no credit risk to that extent.



- Liquidity or Marketability Risk: This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near
  to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM). The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the
  bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. Liquidity risk is today characteristic of the Indian fixed
  income market.
- Reinvestment Risk: Investments in fixed income securities may carry reinvestment risk as interest
  rates prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond.
  Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.
- Different types of securities in which the scheme would invest as given in the Scheme Information Document carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. e.g. corporate bonds carry a higher amount of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds, which are AA rated, are comparatively more risky than bonds, which are AAA rated.

#### Risk Factors Associated with Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs):

Some of the Schemes specific risk factors associated with ETFs are included as below but are not limited to the following:

- Liquidity Risk: Trading in units of the ETFs on the Exchange may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that in view of the Exchange authorities or SEBI, trading in units of the ETFs is not advisable. In addition, trading in units is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant to Stock Exchange(s) and SEBI "circuit filter" rules as applicable from time to time. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the exchange/s necessary to maintain the listing of units of the ETFs will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.
- Regulatory Risk: Any changes in trading regulations by the stock exchange (s) or SEBI may affect the ability of Authorised Participant / Large Investor to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/ discount to NAV
- Passive Management of Investments: ETFs being a passive management tool does not carry risk of active fund management. An actively managed mutual fund manager, on the other hand, can tailor portfolio holdings which are beyond the mandate of an ETFs. ETFs are passively managed and hence the risk associated with the particular ETFs corresponds closely to the risk of the underlying asset subclass the scheme is tracking.
- Tracking Error: The Fund Manager may not be able to invest the entire corpus in the same proportion as in the underlying index due to various factors such as fees, expenses of the scheme, corporate action, cash balance, changes in underlying index and regulatory policies which may affect the AMCs / schemes ability to achieve close correlation with the underlying index. Tracking error may be accounted by the various reasons which includes expenses, cash balance to meet redemptions, IDCW payout, time to reallocate the portfolio subsequent to changes in the underlying index etc.
- Concentration Risk: ETFs may be susceptible to an increased risk of loss, including losses due to adverse occurrences affecting ETFs more than the market as a whole, to the extent that ETFs investments are concentrated in the securities of a particular issuer or issuers, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class.
- Currency Risk: Because the NAV of ETFs are determined in U.S. dollars/ other foreign currency, the NAV of ETFs could decline if the currency of Global market in which the ETFs invests depreciates against the U.S. dollar/ other foreign currency.
- Geographic Risk: A natural or other disaster could occur in a geographic region in which the ETFs invests, which could affect the economy or particular business operations of companies in the specific geographic region, causing an adverse impact on the ETFs investments in the affected region.
- Trading Risk: ETFs face numerous market trading risks, including the potential lack of an active market for ETFs, losses from trading in secondary markets, periods of high volatility and disruption in the creation/redemption process of ETFs.
- Security Risk: Some countries and regions in which the ETFs invests have experienced security concerns. Incidents involving a country's or region's security may cause uncertainty in these markets and may adversely affect their economies and the ETFs investments.

**Structural Risk:** The countries in which the ETFs invest may be subject to considerable degrees of economic, political and social instability. The market price of the ETF unit like any other listed security is largely dependent on two factors viz. the intrinsic value of the unit (or NAV) and demand and supply of the units in the market.



#### Risk associated with investments in Gold ETF's:

- a) The Scheme would invest in Gold ETFs and thus the NAV of the scheme will react to Gold price movements. Several factors that may affect the price of gold are as follows:
  - Global gold supplies and demand, which is influenced by factors such as forward selling by gold producers, purchases made by gold producers to unwind gold hedge positions, central bank purchases and sales, productions and cost levels in major gold producing countries etc.
  - Investors' expectations with respect to the rate of inflation
  - Currency exchange rates
  - Interest rates
  - · Investment and trading activities of hedge funds and commodity funds
  - Global or regional political, economic or financial events and situations
  - · Changes in indirect taxes or any other levies
- b) To the extent the Scheme's assets are invested in Gold ETFs the risks associated with the underlying Gold ETFs, will also be applicable. Some of them are explained below:
- Currency Risk: The formula for determining NAV of the Units of Gold ETFs is based on the imported (landed) value of gold. Landed value of gold held by Gold ETFs is computed by multiplying international market price by US dollar value. The value of gold or NAV, therefore, will depend upon the conversion value of US dollar into Indian rupee and attracts all the risks attached to such conversion.
- Regulatory Risk: Any changes in trading regulations by the stock exchange(s) or SEBI may affect the ability
  of Market Maker of Gold ETFs to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/ discount to NAV. Any changes in
  the regulations relating to import and export of gold or gold jewellery (including customs duty, sales tax and
  any such other statutory levies) may affect the ability of the underlying Gold ETFs to buy / sell gold against
  the purchase and redemption requests received.
- Units of Gold ETFs may be acquired from the stock exchanges where the price quoted may be at variance with the underlying NAV, resulting in higher acquisition costs.
- c) Taxation: Conversion of underlying physical gold into units of Gold ETFs may attract capital gain tax depending on acquisition cost and holding period. Moreover, converting units of the underlying scheme to Gold may also attract Wealth tax. Furthermore, Gold is subject to indirect tax not restricted to the following: Sales Tax, Octroi, VAT, Stamp Duty, and Custom Duty. Hence, any change in the rates of taxation/applicable taxes would affect the valuation of the Scheme.

#### d) Redemption Risk:

- The units issued under the Scheme, when invested in Gold ETFs, will derive liquidity from the underlying Gold ETF having creation / redemption process in creation unit size of predefined quantity of physical gold (e.g. 1 kg). At times prevailing market conditions may affect the ability of the underlying Gold ETFs to sell gold against the redemption request received.
- Furthermore, the endeavour would always be to get cash on redemptions from the underlying Gold ETFs. However, in case the underlying Gold ETF is unable to sell for any reason, and delivers physical gold, there could be delay in payment of redemption proceeds pending such realization.
- Additionally, the Scheme will derive liquidity from trading units of underlying Gold ETFs on the exchange(s) in the secondary market which may be inherently restricted by trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures. As there is no active secondary market for Gold ETFs, the processing of redemption requests at times may be delayed. In the event of an inordinately large number of redemption requests, or re-structuring of the Scheme's investment portfolio, the processing of redemption requests may be delayed.



Gold ETFs would ordinarily repurchase Units in Creation Unit Size. Thus, Unit holding less than Creation
Unit Size can only be sold through the secondary market on the Exchange. Further, the price received upon
the redemption of Units of Gold ETFs may be less than the value of the gold represented by them.

#### e) Market Trading Risks:

- Although units of Gold ETFs are listed on recognised stock exchange(s), there can be no assurance that an active secondary market will be developed or be maintained.
- Trading in units of Gold ETFs on the Exchange may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that in view of the Exchange Authorities or SEBI, trading in units of Gold ETFs is not advisable. In addition, trading in units of Gold ETFs is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant to the Exchange and SEBI 'circuit filter' rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of units of Gold ETFs will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.
- Any changes in trading regulations by the Stock Exchange(s) or SEBI may affect the ability of market maker to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/ discount to NAV.
- The units of Gold ETFs may trade above or below their NAV. The NAV of Gold ETFs will fluctuate with changes in the market value of that scheme's holdings. The trading prices of units of Gold ETFs will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAV as well as market supply and demand for the units of Gold ETF.
- Gold ETFs may provide for the creation and redemption of units in Creation Unit Size directly with the
  concerned Mutual Fund and therefore, it is expected that large discounts or premiums to the NAV of the units
  of Gold ETFs will not sustain due to arbitrage opportunity available.

#### Risk associated with investments in Silver ETF's

Liquidity Risk: Trading in units of the ETFs on the Exchange may be halted because of market conditions or
for reasons that in view of the Exchange authorities or SEBI, trading in units of the scheme is not advisable.
In addition, trading in units is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant
to Stock Exchange(s) and SEBI "circuit filter" rules as applicable from time to time. There can be no
assurance that the requirements of the exchange/s necessary to maintain the listing of units of the ETFs will
continue to be met or will remain unchanged.

The ETFs has to sell silver only to bullion bankers/ traders who are authorized to buy silver.

Though, there are adequate number of players (commercial or bullion bankers) to whom the Mutual Fund can sell silver. However, the Mutual Fund may have to resort to distress sale of silver if there is no or low demand for silver to meet its cash needs of redemption or expenses

#### The Lack of an Active Trading Market

Although the units are listed and traded on the exchange, there can be no guarantee that an active trading market for the units will be maintained. If there is a need to sell the shares at a time when no active market for them exists, the price that would be received, assuming that sale happens, likely will be lower than the price that would have been received if an active market did exist.

#### Withdrawal from Participation by Market Makers May Affect the Liquidity of Units

If one or more Market Makers withdraws from participation, it may become more difficult to create or redeem Creation Units, which may reduce the liquidity of the Units. Such circumstances may be more pronounced in market conditions of increased volatility. If it becomes more difficult to create or redeem Creation Units, the correlation between the price of the Units and the NAV may be affected, which may affect the trading market for the Units.



- Regulatory Risk: Any changes in trading regulations by the stock exchange (s) or SEBI may affect the ability
  of Market maker/ Large Investor to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/ discount to NAV. Any changes in
  any other regulation relating to import and export of silver or silver jewellery (including customs duty, sales
  tax and any such other statutory levies) may affect the ability of the scheme to buy/sell silver against the
  purchase and redemption requests received.
- Passive Management of Investments: Scheme follows a passive investment strategy. The scheme's
  performance may be affected by the general price decline in the silver prices. The ETFs shall invest in Silver
  regardless of their investment merit. The ETFs do not aim to take any defensive position in case of falling
  markets.
- Active Market: Although the ETFs will be listed on exchange, there can be no assurance that an active secondary market will be developed or maintained.
- Risks associated with handling, storing and safekeeping of physical silver: There is a risk that part or all of
  the Scheme's silver could be lost, damaged or stolen. Access to the ETF's silver could also be restricted by
  natural events or human actions. Any of these actions may have adverse impact on the operations of the
  scheme and consequently on investment in units.
- Redemption Risk: The ETFs would repurchase units in creation unit size only. Thus, if the unit holding is less than the creation unit size then it can be sold only through the secondary market on the exchange where the units are listed, subject to rules and regulations of the Stock Exchange. The AMCs will appoint appoint Market Makers (MMs) to provide liquidity for the units of Silver ETFs in secondary market on an ongoing basis. The Market Maker (s) would offer daily two-way quote (buy and sell quotes) in the market.
- The market price of the ETF unit like any other listed security is largely dependent on two factors viz. the intrinsic value of the unit (or NAV) and demand and supply of the units in the market. Sizeable demand or supply of the units in exchange may lead to market price of the units to quote at premium or discount to NAV. Hence, the units of the scheme may trade above or below the NAV. However, given that the investors can transact with AMC directly beyond the creation unit size of the scheme there should not be a significant variation (large premium or discount) and it may not sustain due to the arbitrage opportunity available.
- The silver price reflects the prices of silver at a point in time, which is the price at close of business day. The ETFs, however, may trade these securities at different points in time during the trading session and therefore the prices at which the scheme trades may not be identical to the closing price of silver.
- Market Risk: The value of the Units relates directly to the value of the silver held by the ETFs and fluctuations
  in the price of silver could adversely affect investment value of the Units. The factors that may affect the price
  of silver, inter alia, include demand & supply, economic and political developments, changes in interest rates
  and perceived trends in bullion prices, exchange rates, inflation trends, market movements, movement/trade
  of silver that may be imposed by RBI, trade and restrictions on import/export of silver or silver jewellery etc.
  Hence the investor may also lose money due to fluctuation in the prices of the silver.
- Performance/Asset Class Risk: The performance of the silver will have a direct bearing on the performance of the ETFs. The returns from physical silver may underperform returns from any other asset class.
- Currency Risk: The formula for deriving the NAV of the units of the ETFs is based on the imported (landed)
  value of the silver, which is computed by multiplying international market price by US Dollar value. Hence
  the value of NAV or silver will depend upon the conversion value and attracts all the risk associated with such
  conversion.
- Physical silver: There is a risk that part or all of the Scheme's silver could be lost, damaged or stolen. Access to the ETF's silver could also be restricted by natural events or human actions. Any of these actions may have adverse impact on the operations of the scheme and consequently on investment in units.
- Price volatility in Silver as a commodity will be much higher because of the industrial use of it. The commodity
  also goes through different business cycle according to demand situation arising from specific industries.



- Silver as a commodity is very different from Gold. While Gold is considered as the most defensive bet and
  has act as safe heaven to an investor the same may not be the case with silver. Gold has a separate place
  in Indian household and is one of the most preferred form of investing in India since ages. This may not be
  the case for Silver as the commodity is heavily dependent on the industrial use.
- Counter party Risk: There is no Exchange for physical silver in India. The Mutual Fund may have to buy or sell silver from the open market, which may lead to counter party risks for the Mutual Fund for trading and settlement.
- Operational Risks: Silver Exchange Traded Funds are relatively new products and their value could decrease
  if unanticipated operational or trading problems arise. Silver Exchange Traded Fund, an open ended
  Exchange Traded Fund, is therefore subject to operational risks. In addition, investors should be aware that
  there is no assurance that silver will maintain its long-term value in terms of purchasing power. In the event
  that the price of silver declines, the value of investment in Units is expected to decline proportionately
- The ETFs may not be able to acquire or sell the desired number of units of silver due to conditions prevailing
  in the market, such as, but not restricted to circuit filters on the silver ETF (if any), liquidity and volatility in
  silver prices
- The units of the scheme will be compulsorily issued in dematerialised form through depositories. The records of the depository are final with respect to the number of Units available to the credit of Unit holder. Settlement of trades, repurchase of Units by the Mutual Fund will depend upon the confirmations to be received from depository (ies) on which the Mutual Fund has no control. Further, Investors may note that buying and selling units on stock exchange requires the investor to engage the services of a broker and are subject to payment of margins as required by the stock exchange/ broker, payment of brokerage, securities transactions tax and such other costs.
- The NAV of the units of Silver ETF are determined based on the formula as prescribed by the SEBI, whereas
  the actual price in the market may be different from the value of silver at based on the prescribed formula.
  This may lead to a condition where the NAV is too different from the domestic market price of silver. In such
  cases the trustees reserves the right to delay or suspend the buy/sell transactions.
- A day on which valuation as per regulatory norm is not available shall not be a Business day and hence NAV for the said day shall not be available to the Investors.
- Governments, central banks and related institutions, own a significant portion of the aggregate world silver holdings. If one or more of these institutions decides to sell in amounts large enough to cause a decline in world silver prices, the price of Units of the Scheme will be adversely affected.
- Conversion of underlying physical silver into the Units of the ETFs may attract capital gain tax depending on acquisition cost and holding period.

#### **ADDITIONAL RISK FACTORS:**

There can be temporary illiquidity of the securities that are lent out and the Fund may not be able to sell such lent-out securities, resulting in an opportunity loss. In case of a default by counterparty, the loss to the fund can be equivalent to the securities lent.

#### C. RISK MITIGATION STRATEGIES

**Market Risk -** Market risk is inherent to an equity scheme. Being a actively managed scheme, it will invest in the underlying funds.

**Liquidation Risk -** The Scheme will try to maintain a proper asset liability match to ensure redemption payments are made on time and not affected by illiquidity of the underlying stocks.

#### Risk Mitigation Strategies for Units of mutual fund schemes

Mutual Fund portfolios are generally well diversified and typically endeavour to provide liquidly on a T+1/T+2 basis and aim to mitigate any risks arising out of underlying investments.



#### Risk Mitigation Strategies for Equity Markets/ Equity Oriented Instruments

**Investment strategy:** The fund will comply with the prescribed SEBI limits on exposure. Risk is monitored and necessary action would be taken on the portfolio, if required.

**Portfolio volatility & concentration:** The overall volatility of the portfolio would be maintained in line with the objective of the scheme Volatility would be monitored with respect to the benchmark and peer set.

**Liquidity:** The scheme predominantly invests across market capitalisations which are actively traded and thereby liquid. The fund manager may also keep some portion of the portfolio in debt and money market instruments and/or cash within the specified asset allocation framework for the purpose of meeting redemptions. The liquidity would be monitored and necessary action would be taken on the portfolio if required. Stock turnover is monitored at regular intervals. The debt/money market instruments that are invested by the fund will have a short term duration.

#### Risk Mitigation measures for investments in Debt / Debt related instruments:

#### **Credit Risk**

Every investment in Debt and Money Market Instruments of any issuer would be made in accordance with Credit policy as defined and established by AMC from time to time. The Credit Policy, which is reviewed and monitored on a regular basis by Investment Committee, inter alia, enumerates issuer selection process, the various parameters to be considered for setting up credit exposure limits and Credit authorisation matrix for such limits, credit monitoring process etc.

The following parameters shall be considered for selection:

- (i) The exposure to a counter party is based on the networth of the counterparty. The fund manager would do a risk assessment of the issuer before making the investments. Further, continuous monitoring of the networth of the company is done. The risk assessment by the fund manager includes the monitoring of the following:
- I. Capital Structure
- II. Debt Service coverage ratio
- III. Interest coverage
- IV. Profitability margin
- V. Current ratio
- (ii) The fund managers determine the sector to which the counter party relates. The fund managers assigns risk weightages to sectors and shall not invest in sectors which carry a high credit risk. The risk weightages are based upon various factors like the nature of products/services of the sector, current state and future outlook for the sector, subsidies provided to the sector and government regulations for the sector.
- (iii) The fund manager shall also check the track record of the company in terms of its financials and any defaults to its creditors.
- (iv) The fund managers shall consider the track record of the sponsor/ parent of the counterparty. It includes the financials of the sponsor/ parent company and whether the parent/sponsor has defaulted in the past.
- (v) The fund manager can also have a call with the Management of the company as a part of its research of the company.
- (vi) The fund manager will also check for Credit Default Swaps spreads of the company in global market, if any available.



The above parameters are dependent upon the information available at the time of due diligence. The fund manager shall endeavour to include all these parameters but investors should note that these parameters are indicative and can change from time to time at the discretion of the fund manager.

#### Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk

Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. As with all debt securities, changes in interest rates may affect the NAV of the Scheme since the price of a fixed income instrument falls when the interest rates move up and vice versa. The effect is more prominent when the duration of the instrument is higher. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates. These types of events may result in loss of value in the portfolio.

In order to mitigate interest rate risk or price risk the fund may invest in short maturity instruments and may keep the duration lower in rising interest rates scenario.

While these measures are expected to mitigate the above risks to a large extent, there is no assurance that these risks would be completely eliminated.

#### **II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME:**

#### A. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

Subject to the Regulations and other prevailing laws as applicable, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:

- 1. Units of Active and Passive Equity Schemes;
- 2. Units of Active and Passive Debt Schemes;
- 3. Units of Commodities based schemes;
- 4. Units of Money Market Instruments;
- 5. Debt & Money Market Instruments:
  - 1. Certificate of Deposits (CD) CD is a negotiable money market instrument issued by scheduled commercial banks and select all-India Financial Institutions that have been permitted by the RBI to raise short term resources. The maturity period of CDs issued by the Banks is between 7 days to one year, whereas, in case of FIs, maturity is between one year to 3 years from the date of issue. CDs may be issued at a discount to face value.
  - 2. Commercial Paper (CP) -CP is an unsecured negotiable money market instrument issued in the form of a promissory note, generally issued by the corporates, primary dealers and all India Financial Institutions as an alternative source of short term borrowings. They are issued at a discount to the face value as may be determined by the issuer. CP is traded in secondary market and can be freely bought and sold before maturity.
  - 3. Securities issued by the Central and State Governments as may be permitted by RBI, securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills). Central Government securities are sovereign debt obligations of the Government of India with zero-risk of default and issued on its behalf by RBI. They form part of Government's annual borrowing programme and are used to fund the fiscal deficit along with other short term and long term requirements. Such securities could be fixed rate, fixed interest rate with put/call option, zero coupon bond, floating ratebonds, capital indexed bonds, fixed interest security with staggered maturity payment etc. State Government securities are issued by the respective State Government in co-ordination with the RBI.
  - 4. **Treasury Bills (T-Bills)** are issued by the Government of India to meet their short term borrowing requirements. T-Bills are issued for maturities of 91 days, 182 days and 364 days. T-bills are issued at a discount to their face value and redeemed at par.
  - 5. Repos/reverse repos in Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills). Repo (Repurchase Agreement) or Reverse Repo is a transaction in which two parties agree to sell and purchase the same security with



an agreement to purchase or sell the same security at a mutually decided future date and price.

- 6. Triparty Repo (TREPS) –"Triparty repo" means a repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction. TREPS facilitates, borrowing and lending of funds, in Triparty Repo arrangement.
- 7. Debt securities of domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee –These are instruments which are issued by various government agencies and bodies. They can be issued at discount, par or premium.
- 8. Corporate debt and securities (of both public and private sector undertakings) including Bonds, Debentures, Notes, Strips etc. These are instruments issued by corporate entities for their business requirements. They are generally rated by credit rating agencies, higher the rating lower the risk of default.
- 9. Money market instruments includes Commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity upto one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, usance bills, Tri-party Repo on Government securities or treasury bills and any other like instruments as specified by the Reserve Bank of India/SEBI from time to time subject to regulatory approvals, if any.
- 11.Investment in Short Term Deposits Pending deployment of funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the Funds may be parked in short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to guidelines and limits specified by SEBI.
- 13. Any other like instruments as may be permitted by RBI/SEBI/ such other Regulatory Authority from time to time.

#### F. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS?

All investments by the Scheme and the Mutual Fund will always be within the investment restrictions as specified in the SEBI Regulations. Pursuant to the Regulations, the following investment and other restrictions are presently applicable to the scheme.

- In accordance with the para 12.8 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds as amended from time to time, the scheme shall not invest more than:
  - a. 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
  - b. 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
  - c. 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation.

The long term rating of issuers shall be considered for the money market instruments. However, if there is no long term rating available for the same issuer, then based on credit rating mapping of CRAs between short term and long term ratings, the most conservative long term rating shall be taken for a given short term rating. Exposure to government money market instruments such as TREPS on G-Sec/ T-bills shall be treated as exposure to government securities.

Provided that, such limit shall not be applicable for investments in government securities, treasury bills, triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills. Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with SEBI.

Considering the nature of the Scheme, investments in such instruments will be permitted upto 5% of its NAV

• The Scheme does not intend to invest in unrated debt instruments. For this purpose, unrated securities shall exclude instruments such as Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills, Reverse Repo, short term deposits to which rating is not applicable.



• The Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used by mutual funds for hedging. However, mutual fund schemes may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.

Provided further that, the Scheme shall comply with the norms under this clause within the time and in the manner as may be specified by the Board.

- All fresh investments by the Scheme in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed.
- The Mutual Fund under all its schemes shall not own more than 10% of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights.
  - Provided, for investments in asset management company or trustee company of other mutual fund, collective investment of sponsor of a mutual fund, its associate and/or its group company, and its AMC through Schemes should be considered for calculating 10% voting rights.
- Pending deployment of the corpus of the Scheme in securities in terms of investment objective, the
  Fund can invest the corpus of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks
  in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI. Accordingly, as presently prescribed, the
  requirements of para 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds, and such other guidelines
  as may be specified by SEBI from time to time:
  - i. "Short Term" for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
  - ii. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with the approval of the Trustee.
  - iii. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
  - iv. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
  - v. The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank which has invested in the Scheme. The bank in which a scheme has short-term deposit shall not invest in the scheme until the scheme has short-term deposit with such bank.
  - vi. The AMC will not charge any investment management and advisory fees for funds under the Scheme parked in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
- The Scheme shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase / redemption of Units or payment of interest and IDCW to the Unitholders.
- Provided that the Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of any individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months.
- Save as otherwise expressly provided under SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Mutual Fund shall not advance any loans for any purpose.
- The Scheme shall be subject to the following investment restrictions:
  - a) It shall not invest in any other Fund of Funds scheme;
  - b) It shall not invest its assets other than in scheme of mutual funds, except to the extent of funds required for meeting the liquidity requirements for the purpose of repurchases or redemptions, as disclosed in the Scheme Information Document of Fund of Funds scheme.

The Trustees may alter the above restrictions from time to time to the extent that changes in the Regulations may allow and as deemed fit in the general interest of the unit holders.



These investment restrictions shall in the ordinary course apply as at the date of the most recent transaction or commitment to invest, and changes do not have to be effected merely because, owing to appreciations or depreciations in value, or by reason of the receipt of any rights, bonuses or benefits in the nature of capital or of any scheme of arrangement or for amalgamation, reconstruction or exchange, or at any repayment or redemption or other reason outside the control of the Fund, any such limits would thereby be breached. If these limits are exceeded for reasons beyond its control, AMC shall as soon as possible take appropriate corrective action, taking into account the interests of the Unitholders.

In addition, certain investment parameters may be adopted internally by AMC, and amended from time to time, to ensure appropriate diversification / security for the Fund. The Trustee Company / AMC may alter these above stated limitations from time to time, and also to the extent the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for Mutual Funds to achieve its investment objective. As such all investments of the Scheme will be made in accordance with SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, including Schedule VII thereof.

#### G. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the fundamental attributes of the Scheme, in terms of in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds

- **Type of Scheme:** An open ended fund of fund scheme investing in equity-oriented schemes, debt-oriented schemes (including ETFs and Index Funds) and Commodities based schemes.
- **Investment objective:** The primary objective of the Scheme is to generate capital appreciation primarily from a portfolio of active and passive equity, debt and commodities based schemes accessed through diversified investment styles.

The Scheme does not guarantee/indicate any returns. There is no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.

#### Asset Allocation Pattern:

Please refer to 'Part B- Where will the Scheme invest?' of this SID for details.

#### • Terms of Issue: Listing/Redemption of Units:

As mentioned in "Other Scheme Specific Disclosures "of this SID

#### Aggregate Fees and Expenses

Please refer to Part III of this SID.

#### Any Safety Net or Guarantee provided:

This Scheme does not provide any guaranteed or assured return to its Investors.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) and Regulation 25(26) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds , the asset management company shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the scheme, fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the scheme and affect the interest of unit holders, shall be carried out unless-

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal;
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholders and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The unitholders are given an option to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load for a period of atleast 30 days.



#### H. OTHER SCHEME SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES:

### Listing and transfer of units

The Schemes being open ended; the Units are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange. However, the Fund may at its sole discretion list the Units on one or more stock exchanges at a later date if it considers this to be necessary in the interest of unit holders of the scheme.

Units are freely transferable, the AMC shall on production of instrument of transfer together with the relevant documents, register the transfer within thirty days from the date of such production. Further, on listing, the Units of the scheme held in electronic (demat) form would be transferable. Transfers should be only in favour of transferees who are eligible for holding Units under the Scheme. The AMC shall not be bound to recognise any other transfer. For effecting the transfer of Units held in electronic form, the Unitholders would be required to lodge delivery instructions for transfer of Units with the DP in the requisite form as may be required from time to time and the transfer will be effected in accordance with such rules/regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in electronic (demat) mode.

In accordance with para 14.4.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds on transferability of mutual fund units, investors/unitholders of the schemes of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund are requested to note that units held in electronic (demat) form shall be transferable under the depository system, except in case of units held in Equity Linked Savings Scheme (ELSS) during the lock-in Period and will be subject to the transmission facility in accordance with the provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018, as may be amended from time to time. If a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law, or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transfers taking place consequent to death, insolvency etc., the transferee's name will be recorded by the Fund subject to production of satisfactory evidence.

Transfer of units will be subject to payment of applicable stamp duty by the Unitholder(s).

### Dematerialization of units

The Unitholders are given an Option to subscribe to/hold the units by way of an Account Statement or in Dematerialized ('Demat') form.

Unitholders opting to hold the units in electronic (demat) form must provide their Demat Account details in the specified section of the application form. The Unit holder intending to hold the units in Demat form are required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) (registered with NSDL / CDSL) and will be required to indicate in the application the DP's name, DP ID Number and the beneficiary account number of the applicant held with the DP at the time of subscribing to the units.

Applicants must ensure that the sequence of the names as mentioned in the application form matches with that of the beneficiary account held with the DP. Names, PAN details, KYC details etc. mentioned in the Application Form will be verified against the Depository records.

In case the unit holders do not provide their Demat Account details or provide incomplete details or the details do not match with the records as per



Depository(ies), units shall be allotted in physical (non-demat) form, subject to it being complete in all other aspects. Unitholders who have opted to hold and thereby allotted units in electronic (demat) form will receive payment of redemption / IDCW proceeds into bank account linked to their Demat account.

However, Special Products/ Facilities such as Systematic Transfer Plan, Systematic Withdrawal Plan, Switching etc. offered by ABSLAMC/Mutual Fund under the scheme shall be available for unitholders in case the units are held/opted to be held in physical (non-demat) mode. Further, the Investors also have an option to subscribe to / hold units in demat form through fresh investment applications for SIP. Under SIP option, units will be allotted based on the applicable NAV as per provisions of this SID and will be credited to demat account of the investors on weekly basis (upon realisation of funds).

The allotment of units in demat form shall be subject in terms of the guidelines/ procedural requirements as laid by the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) from time to time.

In case, the Unitholder desires to hold the Units in a Dematerialized /Rematerialized form at a later date, the request for conversion of units held in physical (non-demat) mode into electronic (demat) form or vice-versa should be submitted alongwith a Demat/Remat Request Form to their Depository Participant(s). Investors should ensure that the combination of names in the account statement is the same as that in the demat account.

#### **Minimum Target amount**

(This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)

#### Not Applicable

### Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)

## Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal Policy

N.A.

Under IDCW option, it is proposed to declare IDCW subject to the availability of distributable surplus as computed in accordance with SEBI Regulations. IDCW, if declared, will be paid (subject to deduction of tax at source, if any) to those unitholders, whose names appear in the register of unitholders on the notified record date. AMC reserves the right to change the record date from time to time. However, it must be distinctly understood that actual declaration of IDCW and frequency thereof is at the discretion of Trustees. There is no assurance or guarantee to unitholders as to the rate of IDCW nor that will the IDCW be paid regularly. On payments of IDCW, the NAV will stand reduced by the amount of IDCW paid and other statutory levies, if applicable.

#### **IDCW Distribution Procedure:**

The salient features with respect to the IDCW distribution, in accordance with Chapter 11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds are as follows:

Quantum of IDCW and Record date shall be fixed by the Trustees.



• AMC shall issue a notice to the public communicating the decision about IDCW including the record date, within one calendar day of the decision made by the trustees in their meeting.

Record date shall be the date that will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose name appear on the register of unitholders. Record date shall be two working days from the date of publication in at least one English newspaper or in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the mutual fund is situated, whichever is issued earlier. However, the aforesaid procedure shall not be applicable for plan/ options having frequency of IDCW distribution from daily upto monthly.

### **Allotment** (Detailed procedure)

All Applicants whose cheques towards purchase of Units have been realised will receive a full and firm allotment of Units, provided that the applications are complete in all respects and are found to be in order. In case of Unitholder who have provided their e-mail address the Fund will provide the Account Statement only through e-mail message, subject to SEBI Regulations and unless otherwise required. Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the AMC / Trustee may reject any application received in case the application is found invalid/incomplete or for any other reason in their sole discretion. All allotments will be provisional, subject to realisation of payment instrument and subject to the AMC having been reasonably satisfied about receipt of clear funds. Any redemption or switch out transaction in the interim is liable to be rejected at the sole discretion of the AMC.

Allotment to NRIs/FIIs will be subject to RBI approval, if required. It is mandatory for NRIs to attach a copy of the payment cheque / FIRC / Debit Certificate to ascertain the repatriation status of the amount invested. NRI Applicants should also clearly tick on account type as NRE or NRO or FCNR to determine the repatriation status of the investment amount. The AMC and the Registrar may ascertain the repatriation status purely based on the details provided in the application form under Investment and Payment details and will not be liable for any incorrect information provided by the applicants. Applicants will have to coordinate with their authorized dealers and banks to repatriate the investment amount as and when needed. All applications and/or refunds that are rejected for any reason whatsoever will be returned by normal post within 15 days to the address as mentioned by the applicant.

The Mutual Fund reserves the right to recover from an investor any loss caused to the Scheme on account of dishonour of cheques issued by him/her/it for purchase of Units.

#### Refund

Not Applicable for ongoing schemes

#### Who can invest

This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile. The following persons are eligible and may apply for subscription to the Units of the Scheme (subject, wherever relevant, to purchase of units of mutual funds being permitted under relevant statutory regulations and their respective constitutions):

- 1. Resident adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on an Anyone or Survivor basis;
- 2. Karta of Hindu Undivided Family (HUF);
- 3. Minors through parent / legal guardian;
- 4. Partnership Firms & Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs);
- Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings, Association of Persons or bodies of individuals and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860;



- 6. Banks & Financial Institutions;
- 7. Mutual Funds / Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI;
- Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as required) and Private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds;
- Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian origin (PIOs) / Overseas Citizen of India (OCIs) residing abroad on repatriation basis or on nonrepatriation basis;
- 10. Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPIs) registered with SEBI
- 11. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such institutions;
- 12. Scientific and Industrial Research Organisations;
- 13. Multilateral Funding Agencies / Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India / Reserve Bank of India;
- 14. Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates may subscribe to Units under the Scheme;
- 15. Such other individuals / institutions / body corporate etc., as may be decided by the Mutual Fund from time to time, so long as wherever applicable they are in conformity with SEBI (MF) Regulations.

#### Notes

- NRI and PIO residing abroad (NRIs) / OCI have been granted a general permission by Reserve Bank of India [Schedule 5 of the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident Outside India) Regulations, 2000 for investing in / redeeming units of the mutual funds subject to conditions set out in the aforesaid regulations.
- Subject to provisions of SEBI (MF) Regulations, FEMA and other applicable regulations read with guidelines and notifications issued from time to time by SEBI and RBI, investments in the schemes can be made by various categories of persons as listed above including NRIs, FPIs etc.
   FATCA is a United States (US) Federal Law, aimed at prevention of tax evasion by US Citizens and Residents (US Persons) through use of offshore accounts. FATCA provisions were included in the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment (HIRE) Act, enacted by US Legislature.

SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2014 dated June 30, 2014, has advised that Government of India and US Government have reached an agreement in substance on the terms of an Inter-Governmental Agreement (IGA) to implement FATCA and India is now treated as having an IGA in effect from April 11, 2014. Further, SEBI vide its circular no. CIR/MIRSD/2/2015 dated August 26, 2015 has informed that on July 9, 2015, the Government of India and US Government have signed an agreement to improve international tax compliance and to implement FATCA in India. The USA has enacted FATCA in 2010 to obtain information on accounts held by U.S. taxpayers in other countries. As per the aforesaid agreement, foreign financial institutions (FFIs) in India will be required to report tax information about U.S. account holders / taxpayers directly to the Indian Government which will, in turn, relay that information to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited (the AMC)/the Fund is classified as a Foreign Financial Institution (FFI) under the FATCA provisions and in accordance therewith, the AMC/the Fund would be required, from time to time:



- (i) To undertake necessary due diligence process by collecting information/documentary evidence about US/Non US status of the investors/unit holders and identify US reportable accounts;
- (ii) To the extent legally permitted, disclose/report information (through itself or its service provider) about the holdings, investment returns pertaining to US reportable accounts to the specified US agencies and/or such Indian authorities as may be specified under FATCA guidelines or under any other guidelines issued by Indian Authorities such as SEBI, Income Tax etc. (collectively referred to as 'the Guidelines') and;
- (iii) Carry out any other related activities, as may be mandated under the Guidelines, as amended from time to time.

FATCA due diligence will be applicable at each investor/unit holder (including joint holders) level and on being identified as reportable person/specified US person, all folios/accounts will be reported including their identity, direct or indirect beneficiaries, beneficial owners and controlling persons. Further, in case of folio(s)/account(s) with joint holder(s), the entire account value of the investment portfolio will be attributable under each such reportable person. Investor(s)/Unit Holder(s) will therefore be required to comply with the request of the

AMC/the Fund to furnish such information, in a timely manner as may be required by the AMC/the Fund to comply with the due diligence/reporting requirements stated under IGA and/or the Guidelines issued from time to time.

FATCA provisions are relevant not only at on-boarding stage of investor(s)/unit holder(s) but also throughout the life cycle of investment with the Fund/the AMC. In view of this, Investors should immediately intimate to the Fund/the AMC, in case of any change in their status with respect to FATCA related declaration provided by them previously.

The Fund/AMC reserves the right to reject any application or redeem the units held directly or beneficially in case the applicant/investor(s) fails to furnish the relevant information and/or documentation in accordance with the FATCA provisions, notified.

The AMC reserves the right to change/modify the provisions mentioned above in response to any new regulatory development which may require to do so at a later date.

Unitholders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the FATCA requirements with respect to their own situation and investment in the schemes of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund to ensure that they do not suffer U.S. withholding tax on their investment returns.

• In case of application under a Power of Attorney or by a limited company or a corporate body or an eligible institution or a registered society or a trust fund, the original Power of Attorney or a certified true copy duly notarised or the relevant resolution or authority to make the application as the case may be, or duly notarised copy thereof, alongwith a certified copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association and/or bye-laws and / or trust deed and / or partnership deed and Certificate of Registration should be submitted. The officials should sign the application under their official designation. A list of specimen signatures of the authorised officials, duly



- certified / attested should also be attached to the Application Form. In case of a Trust / Fund it shall submit a resolution from the Trustee(s) authorising such purchases and redemptions.
- Returned cheques are not liable to be presented again for collection, and the accompanying application forms are liable to be rejected. In case the returned cheques are presented again, the necessary charges, if any, are liable to be debited to the investor.
- The list given above is indicative and the applicable law, if any, shall supersede the list.
- The Trustee, reserves the right to recover from an investor any loss caused to the Scheme on account of dishonour of cheques issued by the investor for purchase of units of this Scheme.
- Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme(s) and are authorized to purchase units of mutual funds as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions.

No request for withdrawal of application made during the New Fund Offer Period will be entertained. Further, any request for withdrawal of application made during the New Fund Offer Period will be treated as redemption request and shall be processed at the redemption price on the first day after the scheme opens for sale and redemption on an ongoing basis.

### Who cannot invest

The persons/entities as specified under section "Who Can Invest" shall not be eligible to invest in the Scheme, if such persons/entities are:

- 1. United States Person (U.S. person\*) as defined under the extant laws of the United States of America, except the following:
  - a. NRIs/PIOs may invest/transact, in the Scheme, when present in India, as lump sum subscription, redemption and/or switch transaction and registrations of systematic transactions only through physical form and upon submission of such additional documents/undertakings, etc., as may be stipulated by AMC/ Trustee from time to time and subject to compliance with all applicable laws and regulations prior to investing in the Scheme.
  - b. FPIs may invest in the Scheme as lump sum subscription and/or switch transaction (other than systematic transactions) through submission of physical form in India, subject to compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and the terms, conditions, and documentation requirements stipulated by the AMC/Trustee from time to time, prior to investing in the Scheme.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to put the transaction requests received from such U.S. person on hold/reject the transaction request/redeem the units, if allotted, as the case may be, as and when identified by the AMC that the same is not in compliance with the applicable laws and/or the terms and conditions stipulated by Trustee/AMC from time to time. Such redemptions will be subject to applicable taxes and exit load, if any.

The physical application form(s) for transactions (in non-demat mode) from such U.S. person will be accepted ONLY at the Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited. Additionally, such transactions in physical application form(s) will also be accepted through Distributors and other platforms subject to receipt of such additional documents/undertakings, etc., as may be stipulated by AMC/ Trustee from time to time from the Distributors/ Investors.

2. Residents of Canada;



| Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi  | - Asset Omni FoF   |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| How to Apply and other details   | 3. Investor residing in any Financial Action Task Force (FATF) designated High Risk jurisdiction.  *The term "U.S. person" means any person that is a U.S. person within the meaning of Regulations under the Securities Act of 1933 of U.S. or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission or as per such further amended definitions, interpretations, legislations, rules etc., as may be in force from time to time.  Application form and Key Information Memorandum may be obtained from the designated offices / ISCs of AMC or Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the Registrar or distributors or downloaded from <a href="https://www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com">www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com</a> . |  |  |
|  | The application forms can also be submitted at the designated offices / ISCs of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund as mentioned in this SID.  Registrar & Transfer Agents Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS) Rayala Towers, 158, Anna Salai, Chennai – 600 002. Contact Details: 1800-425-2267 E-mail: adityabirlacapital.mf@camsonline.com Website Address: www.camsonline.com  |  |  |
| The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same. | Switched-out on every business day, at the Applicable NAV subject to payment of exit load, if any and lock-in period, if any. The Units so repurchased shall not be reissued. The Redemption / Switch-out request can be made by way of a written request / pre-printed form / relevant tear off section of the Transaction Slip enclosed with the Account Statement, which should be submitted at / may   |  |  |
|  | In case the Units are held in the names of more than one Unit holder, where mode of holding is specified as "Joint", Redemption requests will have to be signed by all the joint holders. However, in cases of holding specified as 'Anyone or Survivor', any of the Unit holders will have the power to make Redemption request, without it being necessary for all the Unit holders to sign. However, in all cases, the Redemption proceeds will be paid only to the first named holder.   |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.  | The Mutual Fund at its sole discretion reserves the right to suspend sale and switching of Units in the Scheme temporarily or indefinitely when any of the following conditions exist. However, the suspension of sale and switching of Units either temporarily or indefinitely will be with the approval of the Trustee.   |  |  |
|  | <ol> <li>When one or more stock exchanges or markets, which provide basis for valuation for a substantial portion of the assets of the Scheme are closed otherwise than for ordinary holidays.</li> <li>When, as a result of political, economic or monetary events or any circumstances outside the control of the Trustee and the AMC, the disposal of the assets of the Scheme are not reasonable, or would not reasonably be practicable without being detrimental to the interests of</li> </ol>  |  |  |

the Unit holders.

3. In the event of breakdown in the means of communication used for the valuation of investments of the Scheme, without which the value of the

securities of the Scheme cannot be accurately calculated.



- 4. During periods of extreme volatility of markets, which in the opinion of the AMC are prejudicial to the interests of the Unit holders of the Scheme.
- 5. In case of natural calamities, strikes, riots and bandhs.
- 6. In the event of any force majeure or disaster that affects the normal functioning of the AMC or the ISC.
- 7. If so directed by SEBI.

The AMC reserves the right in its sole discretion to withdraw the facility of Sale and Switching option of Units into the Scheme [including any one Plan/Option of the Scheme], temporarily or indefinitely, if AMC views that changing the size of the corpus further may prove detrimental to the existing Unit holders of the Scheme

### Right to Redemptions

### Limit

Subject to the approval of the Board of Directors of Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited ("ABSLAMC") and the Aditya Birla Sun Life Trustee Private Limited ("Trustee") and also subject to necessary communication of the same to SEBI, the redemption of / switch-out of Units of Scheme(s) of the Fund, may be temporarily suspended/ restricted under the following circumstances that leads to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets:

- **a) Liquidity issues** When markets at large become illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security.
- **b) Market failures, exchange closures -** When markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies.
- **c) Operational issues** When exceptional circumstances are caused by *force majeure*, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out).

Under the aforesaid circumstances, ABSLAMC / Trustee may restrict redemption for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period.

For redemption requests placed during the restriction period the following provisions will be applicable:

- (i) For redemption requests upto Rs. 2 lakhs the above-mentioned restriction will not be applicable and
- (ii) Where redemption requests are above Rs. 2 lakhs, AMCs shall redeem the first Rs. 2 lakhs without such restriction and remaining part over and above Rs. 2 lakhs shall be subject to such restriction.

ABSLAMC / Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the provisions of right to limit Redemption / switch-out of units of the Scheme(s) pursuant to direction/ approval of SEBI.

# Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches

This is the time before

In accordance with provisions of para 8.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds, and further amendments if any, thereto, the following cut-off timings shall be observed by Mutual Fund in respect of purchase/ redemption/switches of units of the scheme, and the following NAVs shall be applied in each case:



which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.

## I. APPLICABLE NAV FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS/PURCHASE INCLUDING SWITCH-IN OF ANY AMOUNT:

- In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m. and where funds for the entire amount are available for utilization before the cut-off time i.e. credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time the closing NAV of the day shall be applicable.
- In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. and where the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time of the next business day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next business day the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable.
- Irrespective of the time of receipt of application on any given day, where
  the funds for the entire amount are credited to the bank account of the
  scheme before the cut-off time on any subsequent business day i.e.
  available for utilization before the cut-off time on any subsequent
  business day the closing NAV of such subsequent business day shall
  be applicable.
- In case of switch transactions from one scheme to another, the allocation to switch-in scheme shall be in line with the redemption payouts.

Further, for systematic transactions viz. Systematic Investment Plans, Systematic Transfer Plans, etc., units will be allotted as per the closing NAV of the day when funds are available for utilization by the target scheme, irrespective of the systematic instalment date.

### II. APPLICABLE NAV FOR REDEMPTIONS INCLUDING SWITCH-OUT OF UNITS:

- In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, same day's closing NAV shall be applicable.
- In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable.

While the Applicable NAV shall be as per cut-off time specified above, the NAV shall be declared in accordance with the provisions as mentioned in this Scheme Information Document.

# Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/s witches

**Lumpsum Investment - Purchase (Incl. Switch-in) -** Rs. 1000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.

**For Daily, Weekly, Monthly Systematic Investment Plan –** Minimum of Rs. 100 and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter

**Additional Purchase (Incl. Switch-in) -** Rs. 1000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.

For Redemption / Repurchase for all Plans/Options - Re. 1/- and in multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter.

In case of partial redemption, if the balance amount held in the unitholder's folio/account under the plan/option of the scheme(s) is less than Re.1, then the transaction shall be treated as "All Units' redemption and the entire balance of available units in the folio/account of the unitholder shall be redeemed.



| Ouncies Dries for  | Note – For investments made by designated employees of Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited in terms of para 6.9 and 6.10 SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds, requirement for minimum application/ redemption amount will not be applicable.   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Ongoing Price for redemption (sale) /                                  | .   '''   |  |
| redemption (sale) /<br>switch outs (to other<br>schemes / plans of the | For example, if the Applicable NAV of the Scheme is Rs.10/- and the Exit Load is 2%, then the Redemption Price will be calculated as follows:   |  |
| Mutual Fund) by investors.   | Redemption Price = Rs. 10* (1-2%) i.e. Rs. 10*0.98 = Rs. 9.80/-   |  |
| This is the price you will receive for                                 | Redemption amount of 1,000 Units = 1,000*9.80 = Rs.9,800 (subject to applicable taxes)  |  |
| redemptions/switch outs.   |   |  |
| Accounts Statements  | The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).  |  |
|  | No Account statements will be issued to investors opted to hold units in electronic (demat) mode, since the statement of account furnished by depository participant periodically will contain the details of transactions.   |  |
|  | A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month on registered email address or before 12 <sup>th</sup> of the succeeding month and by 15 <sup>th</sup> of the succeeding month for those who have opted for physical copy. |  |
|  | Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 18 <sup>th</sup> day of succeeding month on registered email address and 21 <sup>st</sup> for those who have opted for physical copy to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable.    |  |
|  | For further details, refer SAI.   |  |
| IDCW   | The IDCW warrants shall be dispatched to the unitholders within seven working days from the record date. In the event of failure of dispatch of IDCW within the stipulated period, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest @ 15 per cent per annum to the unit holders for the period of such delay.  |  |
|  | AMC will endeavor to credit the IDCW payouts directly to the designated Bank A/c of the unitholders of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund schemes through any of the available electronic mode (i.e. RTGS / NEFT / Direct Credit / NECS). AMC reserves the right to use any of the above mode of payment as deemed appropriate for all folios where the required information is available.                         |  |
| Redemption   | Redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.   |  |
|  | However, in case of exceptional circumstances mentioned in AMFI letter no. AMFI/ 35P/ MEM-COR/ 74 / 2022-23 dated January 16, 2023, redemption or repurchase proceeds will be transferred / dispatched to Unitholders within the time frame prescribed for such exceptional circumstances. For further  |  |



details, investors are requested to refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

A penal interest of 15% p.a. or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, will be paid in case the payment of redemption proceeds is not made within the stipulated timelines.

The Units can be Redeemed (i.e. sold back to the Mutual Fund) or Switchedout on every Business Day at the Redemption Price. The Redemption / Switch-out request can be made by way of a written request / pre-printed form / relevant tear off section of the Transaction Slip enclosed with the Account Statement, which should be submitted at / may be sent by mail to any of the ISCs.

In case an investor has purchased Units of the Scheme on more than one Business Day (either during the New Fund Offer Period, or on an ongoing basis), the Units purchased prior in time will be redeemed/switched-out first. Thus, in case of valid application for redemption/switch-out is made by the investor, those Units of the scheme which have been held for the longest period of time will be redeemed/switched-out first i.e. on a First-in-First-Out basis.

However, where Units under a Scheme are held under both Regular and Direct Plans and the redemption / Switch request pertains to the Direct Plan, the same must clearly be mentioned on the request (along with the folio number), failing which the request would be processed from the Regular Plan. However, where Units under the requested Option are held only under one Plan, the request would be processed under such Plan.

Redemption would be permitted to the extent of clear credit balance in the Unit holder's account. The Redemption request can be made by specifying the rupee amount or by specifying the number of Units to be redeemed. If a Redemption request is for both, a specified rupee amount and a specified number of Units, the specified number of Units will be considered the definitive request. If only the Redemption amount is specified by the Unit holder, the AMC will divide the Redemption amount so specified by the Redemption Price to arrive at the number of Units. The request for Redemption of Units could also be in fractions, upto three decimal places. However, in case of units held in electronic (demat) mode, the redemption request can be given only in number of Units. Also Switch transactions are currently not available in case of units held in electronic (demat) mode.

In case the Units are held in the names of more than one Unit holder, where mode of holding is specified as "Joint", Redemption requests will have to be signed by all the joint holders. However, in cases of holding specified as 'Anyone or Survivor', any of the Unit holders will have the power to make Redemption request, without it being necessary for all the Unit holders to sign. However, in all cases, the Redemption proceeds will be paid only to the first named holder.

AMC will endeavor to credit the redemptions payouts directly to the designated Bank A/c of the unitholder through any of the available electronic mode (i.e. RTGS / NEFT / Direct Credit). AMC reserves the right to use any of the above mode of payment as deemed appropriate for all folios where the required information is available. AMC/Mutual Fund, however, reserves



|  | the right to issue a cheque / demand draft inspite of an investor opting for Electronic Payout.  |
|--|--|
| Bank Mandate   | In order to protect the interest of investors from fraudulent encashment of cheques, the current SEBI (MF) Regulations have made it mandatory for investors to mention in their application / Redemption request, the bank name and account number. Applications without these details are liable to be rejected.  |
| Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/IDCW                  | The AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum).  |
| Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount | The unclaimed redemption amount and IDCW amounts may be deployed by the Mutual Fund in call money market or money market instruments or a separate plan of only Overnight scheme/Liquid scheme/ Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Funds specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts. Provided that such schemes where the unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts are deployed shall be only those Overnight scheme/ Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund schemes which are placed in A-1 cell (Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk) of Potential Risk Class matrix as per para 17.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds . No exit load shall be charged on these plans and Total Expense Ratio (TER) of such plan shall be capped as per the TER of direct plan of such scheme or at 50bps whichever is lower. The investors who claim the unclaimed amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment. Investors who claim these amounts after 3 years, shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment till the end of the third year. After the third year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education.  |
| Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors                                      | <ul> <li>Please refer to SAI for further details.</li> <li>In case of application in the name of minor, the minor has to be the first and the sole holder. No joint holder will be allowed with the Minor as the first or sole holder. The Guardian of the minor should either be a natural guardian (i.e. father or mother) or a court appointed legal guardian. In accordance with para 17.6 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds, payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian, else the transaction is liable to get rejected. A copy of birth certificate, passport copy, etc. evidencing date of birth of the minor and relationship of the guardian with the minor, should be mandatorily attached with the application. Further, irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities.</li> <li>The minor unitholder, on attaining majority, shall inform the same to AMC / Mutual Fund / Registrar and submit following documents to change the status of the account (folio) from 'minor' to 'major' to allow him to operate the account in his own right viz., (a) Duly filled request form for changing the status of the account (folio) from 'minor' to 'major'. (b) Updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account (c) Signature attestation of the major by a bank manager of Scheduled bank / Bank certificate or Bank letter. (d) KYC acknowledgement letter of major. The</li> </ul> |

### Aditya Birla Sun Life Multi - Asset Omni FoF

|  | guardian cannot undertake any financial and non-financial transactions after the date of the minor attaining majority in an account (folio) where the units are held on behalf of the minor, and further, no financial and non-financial transactions can be undertaken till the time the change in the status from 'minor' to 'major' is registered in the account (folio) by the AMC/ Mutual Fund. The list given above is indicative and the applicable law, if any, shall supersede the list. |
|--|---|
| Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non-maintenance | There is no such requirement.   |

### III. OTHER DETAILS

- **A. Underlying Fund details** The details of the underlying schemes can be accessed at the following link https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/disclosures
- B. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES SUCH AS HALF YEARLY DISCLOSURES, HALF YEARLY RESULTS, ANNUAL REPORT

### Portfolio Disclosures

In terms of SEBI Regulation, Mutual Funds/ AMCs will disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) as on the last day of the month / half-year for all Schemes on its website www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com website and on the of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format. The Mutual Fund/AMCs will send to Unitholders a complete statement of the scheme portfolio, within ten days from the close of each month / half-year whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund. Further, the Mutual Fund / AMC shall publish an advertisement disclosing such yearly portfolio the hosting of half scheme on its website www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com).Mutual Funds/ AMCs will also provide a physical copy of the statement of its scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/portfolio

### Half yearly results

Mutual Fund / AMC shall within one month from the close of each half year, (i.e. 31st March and on 30th September), host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on its website (www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com). Further, the Mutual Fund / AMC will publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such unaudited half yearly financial results on their website.

https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/financials

## Annual report

The scheme wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof shall be provided to all Unitholders not later than four months from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund. The physical copies of Scheme wise Annual report will also be made available to the unitholders, at the registered offices at all times. The scheme wise annual report will also be hosted on the website

https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/financials



### Scheme Summary Document

The AMC is required to prepare a Scheme Summary Document for all schemes of the Fund. The Scheme Summary document is a standalone scheme document that contains all the applicable details of the scheme.

The document is updated by the AMCs on a monthly basis or on changes in any of the specified fields, whichever is earlier. The document is available on the websites of AMC, AMFI and Stock Exchanges in 3 data formats, namely: PDF, Spreadsheet and a machine readable format (either JSON or XML).

https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/disclosures

### Risk-ometer

Risk-o-meters shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and Mutual Funds/AMCs shall disclose the Risk-o-meters along with portfolio disclosure for their schemes on AMCs website and on AMFI website within 12 days from the close of each month. Mutual Funds shall also disclose the risk level of schemes as on March 31 of every year, along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year, on AMCs website and AMFI website.

https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/scheme-risk-o-meter

### B. TRANSPARENCY/NAV DISCLOSURE

The NAV will be calculated and disclosed for every Business Day. NAV of the scheme will be calculated up to four decimal places. AMC shall update the NAV on the AMFI website (www.amfiindia.com) and on the website of the Mutual Fund (www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com) by 10 am of the next business day.

In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI in writing. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reason, Mutual Fund shall issue a press release providing reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAVs.

Further, the Mutual Fund / AMC will extend facility of sending latest available NAVs of the Scheme to the Unit holders through SMS upon receiving a specific request in this regard. Also, information regarding NAVs can be obtained by the Unit holders / Investors by calling or visiting the nearest ISC.

In terms of SEBI regulations, a complete statement of the Scheme portfolio will be sent to all unitholders, within ten days from the close of each month / half-year whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund.

The portfolio of the Scheme (alongwith ISIN) shall also be disclosed on the website of Mutual Fund (www.mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user-friendly and downloadable spreadsheet format.

### C. Transaction charges and stamp duty-

No transaction charge shall be deducted from the subscription amount for transactions /applications received through the distributors.

Pursuant to Notification No. S.O. 1226(E) and G.S.R. 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by the Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India on the Finance Act, 2019, a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the transaction value would be levied on allotment of Mutual Fund units including units allotted in demat mode. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on subscriptions (including reinvestment of IDCW) to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent.



- D. Associate Transactions- Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)
- **E. Taxation** For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

| Tax                           | Resident Investors (Individual/<br>HUF/Domestic Company) and Non-<br>resident Investors (Non-corporates<br>and foreign companies) | Mutual Fund  |
|-------------------------------|---|--------------|
| Tax on IDCW                   | 10% (resident)@/20% (Non-resident)<br>(Note 1)  | Nil (Note 1) |
| Capital Gains (Refer Note 3): |   |              |
| Long Term-                    | 12.5% (without indexation) + applicable Surcharge <sup>^</sup> + 4% Cess  | Nil          |
| Short Term-                   | 20% + applicable Surcharge^ + 4% Cess   | Nil          |

### Note:

- 1. IDCW distribution tax is abolished w.e.f. 1st April 2020. Accordingly, IDCW will be taxed in the hands of investors. Section 194K is introduced to deduct tax on IDCW.
  - <sup>®</sup>Tax is not deductible if cumulative IDCW income in respect of units of a mutual fund is below Rs. 10,000/- in a financial year.
- 2. The Finance Act, 2020 has capped maximum surcharge at 15% w.r.t. WHT on IDCW paid to non-resident non-corporate investors (namely individual, HUF, AOP, BOI, artificial judicial person etc.)
- 3. Withholding taxes under section 195 is applicable on capital gains arising to non-residents.
- 4. Equity Oriented Funds will also attract Securities Transaction Tax (STT) at applicable rates. Also, it is mandatory to pay STT for sale of the units for lower rate under section 112A.
- 5. For qualifying as a long-term capital asset the holding period of units should be more than 12 months.
- 6. Surcharge rates are as under:

### In case of Resident Corporate Assesses (Domestic companies):

| Sr<br>no. | Particulars   | Applicable Surcharge rate (For Resident Corporates) |
|-----------|---|---|
| 1.        | Total income between Rs. 1 crore to Rs. 10 crores                       | 7%  |
| 2.        | Total income above Rs. 10 crores  | 12%   |
| 3.        | Corporates opting for lower tax rates of under section 115BAA or 115BAB | 10%   |



### In case of Foreign Companies:

| Sr  | Particulars                                       | Applicable Surcharge rate (For |
|-----|---|--------------------------------|
| no. |   | Foreign companies)             |
| 1.  | Total income between Rs. 1 crore to Rs. 10 crores | 2%                             |
| 2.  | Total income above Rs. 10 crores                  | 5%                             |

### In case of Non- Corporate Assesses (Individual / HUF) (Resident and Non-resident):

| Sr. | Particulars  | Applicable Surcharge rate (For Individual / HUF)   |                                      |  |                             |
|-----|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| no  |  | Old Tax Regime                                     |                                      | New Tax Regime                                     |                             |
|     |  | Income<br>other than<br>Equity<br>capital<br>gains | Equity<br>capital<br>gains<br>income | Income<br>other than<br>Equity<br>capital<br>gains | Equity capital gains income |
| 1.  | Total income up to Rs.<br>50 lakhs                           | Nil  | Nil                                  | Nil  | Nil                         |
| 2.  | Income exceeds Rs. 50 lakhs but does not exceed Rs. 1 crore  | 10%  | 10%                                  | 10%  | 10%                         |
| 3.  | Income exceeds Rs. 1 crore but does not exceed Rs. 2 crores  | 15%  | 15%                                  | 15%  | 15%                         |
| 4.  | Income exceeds Rs. 2 crores but does not exceed Rs. 5 crores | 25%  | 15%                                  | 25%  | 15%                         |
| 5.  | Income exceeds Rs. 5 crores                                  | 37%  | 15%                                  | 25%  | 15%                         |

| Sr<br>no. | Particulars                                | Applicable Surcharge rate (For Cooperative Society / Local Authority) |
|-----------|--|---|
| 1         | Total income between Rs. 1 crore to Rs. 10 | 7%  |
| 1.        |  | 1 70  |
|           | crores                                     |   |
| 2.        | Total income above Rs. 10 crores           | 12%   |
| 3.        | Co-operative Society opting for lower tax  | 10%   |
|           | rates under section 115BAD or 115BAE       |   |

7. The Health and Education Cess is to be applicable at 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.

### For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI.

**Disclaimer:** The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

- F. Rights of Unitholders- Please refer to SAI for details.
- G. List of official points of acceptance: AMC has appointed Computer Age Management Services Limited (CAMS) located at Rayala Towers, 158, Anna Salai, Chennai 600 002 to act as Registrar and Transfer Agents ("The Registrar") to the Schemes. The Registrar is registered with SEBI under registration number INR 000002813. For further details on our Fund, please contact our customer service centres. For details on Branch offices of Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund and CAMS Centre, please visit: <a href="https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/disclosures">https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/disclosures</a>



H. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations For Which Action May Have Been Taken Or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority

Please refer <u>https://mutualfund.adityabirlacapital.com/forms-and-downloads/disclosures</u> for latest updates on Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations.

### Note:

- (a) Further, any amendments / replacement / re-enactment of SEBI Regulations subsequent to the date of the Scheme Information Document shall prevail over those specified in this Document.
- (b) This Scheme Information Document is an updated version and in line with the current laws /regulations.
- (c) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC Limited

Sd/-

PLACE: MUMBAI Parth Makwana

DATE: November 28, 2025 Compliance Officer